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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXXVII NO. 23 | BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1949 | Price: 2 ANNAS

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Beware Of Repetition Of Dutch Double-Crossing!

PALAR'S PLEA FOR MORE CLEAR-CUT SAFEGUARDS

Security Council Debates Four-Power Resolution

ASIAN CONFERENCE PROVES STRENGTH OF FEELING ABOUT AGGRESSION IN INDONESIA

LAKE SUCCESS, January 27 (Reuter): The Security Council's Four-Power resolution on Indonesia does not provide sufficient safeguards for the rapid withdrawal of Dutch forces, Mr. L. N. Palar, Indonesian Republican Representative, told the Council when it resumed its debate today.

"The resolution is based on the assumption of Dutch willingness to comply with its terms. The fact is that so far, the Dutch have refused to comply with even those decisions of the Council which are susceptible to immediate performance on their part, Mr. Palar said.

TWO DIRECTIVES

"I refer, to the release of Republican officials and the cease-fire order. These two directives form the basic groundwork essential to the success of the entire plan envisaged in the resolution.

"Even if the Netherlands should verbally accept the terms of the resolution, experience has clearly demonstrated that they will not, in any event, implement its terms.

"The plain fact is that the Dutch have conclusively demonstrated that their whole objective is, and has been, to avoid an agreement and to evade a position in which they would be compelled to come to such a negotiated settlement", Mr. Palar said.

"These constitute a basis of Dutch acts of defiance of the Security Council. How then can we expect the Dutch to live up to their commitments in the resolution?

PLEA FOR MORE CLEAR-CUT SAFEGUARDS

"I feel therefore that unless the most explicit, the most unambiguonus and clear-cut provisions and safeguards are embodied in such a resolution, both with regard to the substance and the time table, it cannot remove the basis of our deep-rooted concern.

"Any resolution will, in the opinion of our people, have to be based on a recognition of Dutch aggression. In this respect, the fact that the Dutch will not have to withdraw their forces immediately will be a major consideration in the mind of my people in determining their attitude toward such a solution.

"In case the resolution should not call for immediate withdrawal, the difficulties may well prove to be insurmountable.

"Another factor, the importance of which cannot be overestimated on the minds of my people", Mr. Palar said," will be the fact that we will once again have to negotiate with a party from whom in our opinion, good faith cannot be expected.

NO DOUBLE-CROSSING AGAIN

"It is quiet understandable that our people will want to guard themselves against any possibility of the Dutch double-crossing them once again.

"In view of this, any resolution by the Security Council will be measured in terms of the possibilities for a new deadlock and, consequently, a new economic political and military offensive by the Dutch".

Mr. Palar warned that if a new deadlock arose in negotiations between the parties, the Indonesian people might find themselves again open to pressure from the Dutch by the blockade of economic and communication resources "and even military attack".

"Under the present terms of the resolution, it would be quite conceivable that Dutch troops would still be in Republican territory. In fact, there would be no guarantee whatsoever that our Government could maintain the status of the territory, economically financially or politically.

IN CASE OF DEADLOCK

"Therefore, in case of a deadlock, we would be completely at the mercy of the Dutch and would not be in a position to counter their demands".

Another difficulty, Mr. Palar pointed out, was that the present resolution did not give the proposed Indonesian commission any decisive powers.

"It would therefore be extremely difficult for them to forestall deterioration of both the military and economic conditions, he said.

Mr. Palar added that it would also be difficult for the Indonesian people to accept any resolution, if it did not take into account the financial position of the Republic, particularly in matters of currency and taxation.

WRONG ASSUMPTION

Mr. Palar emphasised that in many respects the Council had drafted its resolution on the assumption that the Dutch had already succeeded in crushing the Republic of Indonesia militarily.

"But this assumption has proved to

(Continued on Page 7)

LIFTING BAN ON R. S. S.

Delhi Awaits Provincial Report

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27. (U.P.I.): In view of the unconditional suspension of Satyagraha by the R.S.S. the Government of India is, it is understood, considering the question of lifting the ban imposed on the organization.

It is, however, pointed out that a decision by the Central Government must necessarily await the views sought for from the Provincial Governments on the activities of the R.S.S. An assurance that the R.S.S. will not indulge in activities in secret or on communal lines is stated to be a condition before the ban is lifted.

Whil a number of Satyagrahis, who tendered apologies, have already been let off, a gradual release of students Satyagrahis is expected to follow, if the R.S.S. gives up its "militant" attitude.

GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S SALARY

Ordinance To Make It Tax-Free

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27. (U.P.I.): The Governor-General of India will, with effect from the 1st January 1949, draw salary at a rate not exceeding Rs. 5,500 per month and the reduced salary will be exempt from income-tax and super-tax.

The Governor-General of India has promulgated an ordinance which provides for exemption of the reduced salary of the Governor-General from taxes on income.

ANOTHER ORDINANCE.

Another Ordinance has also been issued to invest the recently appointed Durgah Khwaja Saheb (Ajmer) Inquiry Committee with powers to enforce the attendance of witnesses and generally to compel the production of witnesses.

MRS. VIJAYA LAXMI PANDIT ARRIVES IN CITY

SHRIMATI VIJAYA LAXMI PANDIT ARRIVED IN BOMBAY ON THURSDAY MORNING WHEN SHE WAS RECEIVED AT THE AERODROME BY MR. JOACHIM ALVA, SHERIFF, (EXTREME LEFT). AND MRS. HUTHEESINGH (EXTREME RIGHT)

MRS. PANDIT IN CITY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mrs. Vijayaluxmi Pandit, India's Ambassador to U.S.S.R., arrived here today by plane from New Delhi.

Mrs. Pandit was received at the Santa Cruz Airport by Mr. Purushottam Thakkar, General Secretary of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Joachim Alva, Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. Wadrekar, Parliamentary Secretary to the Government of Bombay, on behalf of the Premier of Bombay, and the A.D.C. to the Governor of Bombay.

Mrs. Pandit will leave for London by an Air-India International plane on Friday night.

Day Of Judgment

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): Feb. 10, 1949, will be the day of judgment in the Mahatma Gandhi murder case, it is reliably learnt here.

Mr. Atma Charan, Special Judge, will deliver the judgment.

Disciplinary Action Move Against Labourite Rebels

BRITISH CABINET SPECIAL SESSION HOLDS INQUEST ON PALESTINE DEBATE

LONDON, JAN. 27 (UPA)—THE CABINET MET IN A SPECIAL SESSION TODAY AND IT IS UNDERSTOOD DISCUSSED DISCIPLINARY ACTION AGAINST THE REBEL LABOUR PARTY MEMBERS WHO SPOKE AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT IN YESTERDAY'S PALESTINE DEBATE AND THEN FAILED TO SUPPORT IT IN THE CRUCIAL VOTE OF CONFIDENCE.

Prime Minister Clement Attlee called the Cabinet to assess the damage done to the Government's position by the unimpressive 283 to 193 vote of confidence in the Commons last night.

Disciplinary action against the Laborite rebels who failed to support the government is considered possible.

Deputy Prime Minister Herbert Morrison reportedly gave the Cabinet a full account of how over 50 Laborite members of Parliament abstained when the vote of confidence came. One Laborite, Samuel Segal, even voted against his own government.

COMMONS TO DEBATE LYNSKEY REPORT

LONDON, Jan. 27, (Reuter): The report of the Lynskey Tribunal, which investigated allegations of corruption in Government circles, will be debated in the House of Commons next Thursday, it was announced today.

Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, will move a motion asking it to be accepted by the House.

GIBSON RESIGNS

Mr. George Gibson, found by the Lynskey Tribunal to have performed favours in the hope of material gain, today withdrew from all organisations with which he held honorary appointments.

Mr. Gibson resigned from his £4,000 a year job as chairman of the North-Western Electricity Board yesterday. He resigned as director of the Bank of England after the tribunal hearings.

POLICE-DACOITS CLASH

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 27 (API)—Four policemen were injured in an encounter with a gang of dacoits armed with dhariyas etc who tried to loot a bungalow in a suburb of Ahmedabad. Police opened fire and arrested two dacoits while the rest escaped.

STAGE SET FOR CONFERENCE OF WORLD PACIFISTS

WARDHA, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): A plan, which was approved by Mahatma Gandhi before his death to convene a meeting of persons—men and women from all parts of the world who accept the principle of non-violence—was endorsed this evening in a resolution, which was passed by the Conference of Pacifists held at Sewagram under the presidentship of Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

Forty Pacifist workers from India, Europe and America attended the three-day meeting.

As world convention of Pacifists will be held at Santiniketan from December one to eight, delegates to this convention will later meet early in Jan. 1950 at Sewagram Wardha.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President, inaugurating the proceedings said India had to declare whether she was even now ready to follow Mahatma Gandhi's lead in non-violence or not. "What we need is to accept Gandhiji's teachings as a whole. Gandhiji had not worked out the whole system of philosophy but he applied his principles in dealing with particular problems.

Mr. Horace Alexander, speaking next pointed out that the idea of holding a world Conference of Pacifists was conceived as early as 1945 to provide Pacifists from all parts of the world to meet Mahatma Gandhi. Gandhiji felt, he said, that India would not be ready to welcome such a world conference till she herself was free and, therefore, the meeting was fixed to be held in January 1949. Mr. Alxander said soon after the preliminary meeting in January 1949 at Hoshangabad of some pacifists, Mahatma Gandhi was assassinated. In spite of this calamity the organisers in India and friends in England, and America felt that the project to convene a world Pacifists conference should be pursued.

Discussion will continue tomorrow—the third day of the session.

MADRAS STRIKE MAY END TODAY

MADRAS, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): The strike of the Government State Transport workers in Madras city, which entered on its fourth day today, is expected to draw to a close by tomorrow as most of the strikers are reported to have offered to return to duty.

BOMBAY'S STREET VENDORS

20-The Cane-Worker

There are few professions which lend themselves so little to roadside working as the making and mending of cane furniture. Yet here is a man who is busy with his job, oblivious of those who pass by him. Even whilst one wishes that he would not clutter up the pavement, one cannot but admire the concentration and skill he brings to his task. Cane furniture has a good demand and, if you keep your eyes open, you can still find these itinerant workmen quite dependable.

NON-VIOLENT STRATEGY TO TACKLE RACIALISM

Application Of Gandhiji's Technique Slowly Bearing Fruit In America, Says Negro Pacifist Leader

BOMBAY, THURSDAY.

MR. BAYARD RUSTIN, THE AMERICAN NEGRO PACIFIST LEADER, TODAY EXPRESSED SATISFACTION THAT THE APPLICATION OF MAHATMA GANDHI'S TECHNIQUE OF NON-VIOLENT RESISTANCE TO EVIL, TO THE BATTLE OF THE UNITED STATES NEGRO COMMUNITY AGAINST RACIAL INJUSTICE AND DISCRIMINATION WAS SLOWLY BEARING FRUIT.

"We realise that the only method to challenge the imagination of the Whites and make them realise their continuing injustice to the Negro population is to follow the non-violent strategy of the Mahatma", Mr. Rustin told a meeting of the Progressive Group.

Gandhiji, he said, had established the conception that any attempt to bring about social changes with the gun would end in failure while, at the same time he demonstrated the power of non-violence to achieve the object. Inspired by this example, American Negroes had begun peaceful strikes and demonstrations against racial inequality and flagrant codes of colour discrimination all over the United States. In Washington, the Capital of the United States, four restaurants had been thrown open to Negroes as a result of non-violent sit-down strikes.

CURING "CONDITIONED RESPONSE"

Mr. Rustin stated that the Negroes were struggling to exterminate "the vicious sickness in the white soul" while simultaneously realising that the rampant racialism was the product of historical causes dating back to the American Civil War of 1860. It was tragic to contemplate what the early inculcation of racial prejudices and hatreds in the minds of white children could mean and had meant in the long run. After being bred in an atmosphere of anti-Negro sentiments, the white mab had developed an instinctive disgust to the Negro. This "conditioned response" had to be cured.

VIOLENCE BREEDS VIOLENCE

The pacifist leader cited the fact that 96% per cent of white Americans did not care what happened to the Negro as the main problem in the fight against colour injustice. Their apathy and lack of concern for the Negro needed the challenging strategy of Mahatma Gandhi's proven concept of non-violence. Any violence automatically meant more violence and any violence used to bring justice merely resulted in more injustice being done.

"This ghastly situation can be remedied not merely by realising the extent of the injustice being perpetrated on the Negroes but by knowing the root causes and tackling them without any ill-will", Mr. Bayard Rustin held.

Mr. S. K. Karanjia, President of the Progressive Group, said that the sympathies of the Indian people were completely with the struggling Negroes whose efforts at self-amelioration they would watch with interest.

B-29 SUPERFORTRESS MISSING

LONDON, Jan. 27 (Reuter)—A B-29 Superfortress with fifteen persons on board is missing on a flight from Dakar, West Africa, to Britain, United States Air Force headquarters reported here tonight. The plane left Dakar at 17-30 hours on Wednesday and should have landed at Marham, Norfolk at 9-30 a.m.

CITY COLLECTIONS FOR GANDHI FUND

BOMBAY, Jan. 27. (U.P.I.): The collections for the Mahatma Gandhi National Memorial Fund, Bombay City, amounted to Rs. 28,41,561-6-9 till this evening.

U. N. KASHMIR COMMISSION

Will Arrive In New Delhi Next Week

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27. (U.P.I.): It is authoritatively learnt that the United Nations Kashmir Commission for India and Pakistan is arriving in New Delhi next week. It is learnt that members of the Commission will hold an informal meeting in London on January 30 and fly to India on the following day.

Meanwhile, the first batch of seven United Nations observers, who arrived in New Delhi a couple of days ago, is expected to leave for the Jammu and Kashmir state by the week-end. Another batch is expected to arrive any moment.

The total strength of observers, which is stated to be 40, will have reached the sub-continent of India within the next few weeks.

It is gathered that the mutually agreed truce agreement, which has been forwarded by the Commanders-in-Chief of India and Pakistan to their respective Governments for ratification, will be finally forwarded to the Commission for implementation.

While the precise details as to the minor local changes are stated to be under discussion between the local Commanders of India and Pakistan, a blue print giving time-table for the withdrawal of Pakistan forces from the soil of Jammu and Kashmir State will also be drawn for implementation by the United Nations Commission and observers.

Satisfaction is expressed in political circles in New Delhi at the Kashmir Leader, Sheikh Abdullah's statement in Bombay that the people of Kashmir will not allow Kashmir to be partitioned and they would solidly reaffirm their decision to finally accede to India.

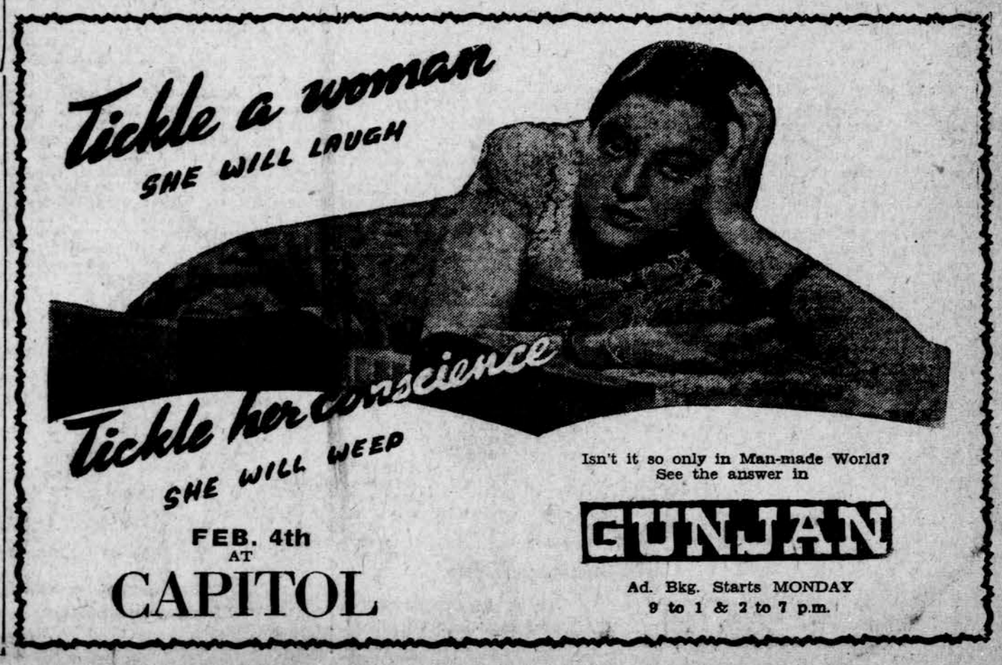
Munshi For Gujarat Premiership?

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 27.

It is learnt from a reliable source that after the formation of the proposed Mahagujarat Mr. K. M. Munshi is likely to be the Premier of the new province while the Gaekward is tipped as Governor.

No confirmation is available from any other quarter.



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Wanted educated Indian Bride groom, age about 40 with sufficient income for an educated Indian Lady with fair means. No religious restrictions Apply Box No. 222, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted fully qualified B.P.N.A Nurses for the L.W. Ashaktashram Sheth Narandas Manordas Sonawalla Hospital Surat. Apply stating terms, age, etc. to the President, L.W. Ashaktashram, Rampura Surat, before 10-2-1949. (3034)

Wanted reliable and influential gentleman in all Districts, Talukas and important villages of Gujarat, Kathiawar and Maharashtra to secure Life Insurance Business. Good income could be built up in spare time also. Experience not essential. Apply to The Vishwabharati Insurance Co. Ltd., Noble Chambers, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay. Fire, Marine and Accident Business also transacted. (204)

Wanted Clerks, Graduates, Doctors, Typists and Engineers For Terms apply to Kapoor & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. 1b7

SITUATION WANTED

Available Ex-Police-Officer Shorthand Typist with G.D.A.'s knowledge. Write Box No. 41, Amalner, (Dist. E.K.) 198

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A comprehensive advertising service offer through press, Hoardings, Cinema slides, all throughout India, Pakistan, Burma and Ceylon. Distinctive advertising designs, original selling ideas, translations in all vernaculars a speciality. Apply Box No. 2928 "Bombay Chronicle".

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"Social Circle" arranges friendly contacts. Particulars 0-5-0 stamps. Write Lady Secretary. Post Box 4014 Bombay 7. (183)

ACCOMMODATION AVAILABLE

Gentlemen requiring decent house accommodation at Borivli may consult occasionally. The Jwala Palace, Borivli, Phone No. 84019. (3074)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

A New Batch for New Year — Davar's College of Commerce.- Enrol immediately for new classes just commenced for Professional Diploma Courses for Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Accountants, General Commerce, etc. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Bombay. (224)

Homoeopathy—Best Correspondence Course. For prospectus apply Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore.

Matriculation B.A., B. Sc., B. Com., Ph. D., L. T., LL. B., etc. to deserving without examination. Crawford University, Lucknow. (2844)

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Wanted:— Working partner investing Rs. 10,000. Safe investment and guaranteed goods profit from Ginning Apply Box No. 223, "Bombay Chronicle."

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted for the Province of Bombay, a Capable Chief Agent for Motor Insurance and another for Life Insurance. Only those who have previous experience and can guarantee Premium Income need apply. Attractive Terms and competitive Premium Rates. Apply to: Midland Insurance Co. Ltd. Post Box No. 1502, Madras—1. (3104)

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE

Persons interested in exchanges or sale of Urban property in Pakistan or India as a result of the partition of the Punjab may correspond with No. 3085, "Bombay Chronicle" Purely a labour of love and service to afflicted persons. No charges and no commitments For reply an addressed postal envelop may be sent. (3035)

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale A Big Departmental Store, Centrally Situated On The Mall Lahore. Muslim Owner. Apply Box No. 219 "Bombay Chronicle."

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Writers, Columnists to submit articles on Education, Careers, Vocations. Handsome Payment. "Careers Today," Sohangunj, Delhi. (216)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Paint Machinery recently imported, Triple Granite Roller Mills, Two and four pairs steel roller mills, 2½ and 4 feet Edge runners, Triple cone Mill, water cooled or heated, Mixers, Pug Mills etc. Dinshaw, 105, Apollo Street, Bombay. (226)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

THE B. E. S. & T. UNDERTAKING

On and from SUNDAY the 30th January, 1949, P and Pl routes which at present operate part day only on Sundays and Bank Holidays will hereafter on these days run as per the normal week day schedule.

J. R. TALEYARKHAN,
Traffic Manager
(3106)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts at the Government Tanning Institute, Bandra, Bombay 20 from the persons domiciled in Bombay Province and Non-Muslim Refugees from Pakistan Provinces.

1. Chemical Assistant at Rs. 92-4-120-5-130.

QUALIFICATION. — Candidates must have a degree or diploma in Chemistry of a recognised University or Institution. One having at least two years' practical experience in industry, preferably as applied to leather manufacture and some teaching experience will be given preference.

2. Laboratory Attendant.— at Rs. 35-1-40

Candidates must be able to read and write one of the regional languages, must have knowledge of laboratory work.

The above posts carry dearness allowance as sanctioned by Government from time to time.

Forms of applications can be had from the Superintendent, Government Tanning Institute, Bandra, Bombay 20, to whom the applications must reach on or before 12th Feb. 1949. (3110)

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF CONTROLLER OF IMPORTS,

New Delhi, the 24th January 1949.

PUBLIC NOTICE NO. CCI-1/49

LICENCES for the import of Motor Vehicle Parts and accessories falling under Serial Nos. 293,295 and 297 of Part IV of the Import Trade Control Schedule hitherto issued were valid for six months from the date of their issue. It has been represented that certain important Spare parts take long time for manufacture and shipment. Government have therefore decided that licences for import of Motor Vehicle Parts issued on or after the 1st July, 1948 will be valid for shipment within twelve months from the date of the issue of the licences.

G. R. KAMAT
Chief Controller of Imports.
3118

G.I.P. RLY — TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 9-2-1949 for the supply of Groundnut oil at the Railway Grainshops at Bhusaval, Jalgon, Pachora, Chalisgaon and Dhulia in the Bhusaval Division, Sholapur and Shahabad in Poona Division and Grainshops in Bombay and Kalyan Division. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Asstt. Controller Grainshops, Poona and Bhusaval for these divisions respectively. (3095)

GAYA SUGAR MILLS LIMITED

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on the 31st January, 1949 at 1 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company at Guraru Mills for the purpose of receiving the Directors' Report, passing the accounts for the year ending 30th September, 1947 electing Directors, appointing Auditors and transacting any other ordinary business that may be brought forward.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 24th January 1949 to the 31st January, 1949 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
M. M. RAZA,
Secretary
(3047)

B.B. & C.I. RAILWAY

TENDER NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS in ENGLISH are invited for "DISMANTLING 6 x 20' ARCH BRIDGE NO. 672 AT MILE 673/23 and PROVIDING 2 x 60' GIRDER SPAN BRIDGE AT ERINPURA ROAD (METRE GAUGE)".

(2) Tenders should reach the Office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges), B.B. & C.I. Railway, GLO, Churchgate, not later than 11 hours (I.S.T.) on 15th February, 1949 and they will be opened on the same day at 12-30 hours in the same office.

(3) Tender documents together with Schedule of Approximate Quantities can be obtained from the office of the Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during office hours on payment of Rs. 5/- only which will not be refunded.

(4) Plans can be seen in the Office of Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges) during Office hours and can be supplied if required on payment of Rs. 5/-.

(5) Tenders on specified forms only will be accepted and must be accompanied with complete contract documents.

M. R. VENKATARAM
Dy. Chief Engineer (Bridges).
(3094)

GOVERNMENT OF BOMBAY

Home Department

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Deputy Director of Publicity in the Directorate of Publicity, Bombay, in the pay scale of Rs. 750-45-1020. The post has been sanctioned up to 28th February 1950 but is likely to be continued beyond that date.

QUALIFICATIONS: — Applicants should have (a) a degree of a recognised University; (b) Sound knowledge of at least one of the languages, viz. Marathi, Gujarati, Kannada or Urdu; (c) not less than fifteen years experience in journalism, newspaper or agency work. Preference will be given to those who have in addition working knowledge of film, radio, poster and other field activity.

Candidates should not be more than 45 years of age on 1st February, 1949. The selected candidate will be on probation for a period of one year and, if continued beyond that period, will have to pass an examination in Hindustani within a period of two years of recruitment.

Government servants are eligible for the post provided they possess the necessary qualifications.

Applications stating age, qualifications, etc., should be sent to the Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home Department, not later than 15th February, 1949. (3117)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ABDUL KARIM LATIF, the Waquif under the Deed of Wakf, dated 23rd November, 1946, of Bombay Muslim Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest of any kind whatsoever in the property are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at Lalgir Chambers, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof. Any claim not made known in writing as hereby required will be considered as waived and abandoned.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece of redeemed land, admeasuring about 189 5|9 square yards forming part of a larger piece of land registered by the Collector of land Revenue under No. 710, New Survey No. 8393, Cadastral Survey No. 373 of Bhuleshwar Division together with building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under C Ward No. 2849 (1) New Street No. 9 Dady Santoke Lane, all which premises are situate at New Sonapur Lane, Dhobitalao, Bombay and are bounded, on the East by the property of Rustomji Pestomji Bunsa, on the West by Sorabji Santoke Lane, on the North by a vacant piece of land and on the South by a public passage.

Dated this 27th day of January, 1949.

JAMSEDJI RUSTOMJI & DEVIDAS.
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3119

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HIRANATH DHONDNATH KHOTE has contracted to sell to our clients free from all encumbrances and claims the pieces of land, hereditaments and premises, situate at Kandivli, District Thana, described in the Schedule hereunder written.

All persons having any claim against the said pieces of land hereditaments and premises are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days, otherwise on the expiration of the said period the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, shall be considered to have been absolutely waived.

THE SCHEDULE

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area. Acres	Gunthas.	
18	2	0	13	
9	3	0	7	
9	2	0	3	1/4
9	4	0	23	
9	7	0	5	
19	6	0	28	3/4
17	1	0	3	3/4
16	—	2	36	1/2
17	3	0	36	
18	7	0	1	
17	2	0	4	1/2

Dated this 28th day of January, 1949.

MADHAVJI & CO.,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
(3118)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLEARED CARGOES OF THE B.P.T. DOCKS

In accordance with Sec. 64 of the Bombay Port Trust Act of 1879 and as from time to time amended under instructions from the Manager, Bombay Port Trust Docks MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 1st February, 1949 at C Ware House, Alexandra Dock the undermentioned uncleared cargoes.

Such as:—Electric godds. Sports goods, Provision: Dry Colour, Electric Machinery: Hacksaw blades; Glassware: hardware: suitease: advertising matter: Antimony: paper: Caustic Soda: Medicine: Stationery: Art Silk Yarn: Refregerator: writing ink Sheafers skrip: Sugarcandy. Toilet goods Crom Corks: D. D. T. Powder. Photo goods: Lubdevices: Scientific Instrument, etc.

Under instructions from the BB & C. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 28th January, 1949 at 2 p.m. (S.T. at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot. Unclaimed unbooked packages such as machinery, iron and wooden articles, tins, casks, Trunks, Household Kits etc.

MENESSE & CO.,

AUCTION SALE of big lots confectionery, marmite, pies, meats, sauce, soups, pipes, soaps, scissors, mugs, polish, etc., by order of the Liquidators, Canteen Stores Department, on 31st Jan., at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.), at CRAWFORD AND CO'S Sale Room, 132, Apollo St., Fort. Goods on view.

Also at 4 p.m. on 31-1-49. Elec, goods, fans, heaters, tape, Motors, etc. 25 p.c. Cash Deposit.

Reward Rs. 500/—
GOVT. REGD.
END GRAY HAIR
Beware of the dyes! It is nothing but temporary show. Our scented Central "MANMOHINI HAIR OIL", prepared from innumerous Indian herbs in Ayurvedic method, having an extraordinary power of turning grey hairs into its natural black colour up to the age of 60. Besides, it is unparalleled Brain Tonic. It cures INSANITY, HEADACHE, and other Brain diseases and improves MENTAL FACULTIES. It cures different eye-troubles and gives brilliant eyesight to the sufferers. Take a bottle of Rs. 2-8 for a few grey hairs, 3 at a time Rs. 6-8, of Rs. 3-8 for half, 3 at a time Rs. 9 and Rs. 5 for all, 3 at a time Rs. 12. Reward Rs. 500 for one who can prove it false. For full faith, take a guarantee by sending a stamp worth one and a half anna.
DINBAKSHAK OUSDHALAYA,
(102) P.O. TITAGUR (24 Prgs)

13 EMPLOYEES CAUGHT RED HANDED

Action Against Corrupt Government Servants

Thirteen Government servants were caught red-handed, while accepting illegal gratifications, by the staff of the Anti-corruption Branch of the Provincial Police, during November last. These included an Additional District Magistrate, a Resident Magistrate, a Police Officer and a Medical Officer.

Inquiries into these cases are in progress and the necessary action according to law is being taken separately. In addition, six cases of corruption and extortion amongst Government servants were detected after inquiries had been made into the complaints and information received from the members of the public and other departments of the Government.

No case of black-marketing was reported in the Province during the month. However, three cases of illegal export of cloth from Ahmedabad City were detected. The accused have been charge-sheeted under Section 7 of the Essential Supplies and Temporary Powers Act, 1946. Besides, there were four cases of illicit transactions in liquor or opium, four cases under the Motor Vehicles Act, one case of theft and one of cheating. A Sub-Inspector of Police is being proceeded against for preferring false transfer travelling allowance claims.

Investigations are in progress in the cases of seven persons in a village in Sholapur District, who are alleged to have served food to more than 24 persons. There was a case of misappropriation of 3,500 empty gunny bags from the Kaladgi godown, in Bijapur district.

Mr. D. G. Palgude, of Poona, the owner and driver of a car, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 50 or in default one month's simple imprisonment by the City Magistrate, First Class, Poona, for an offence under Section 42(1) read with Section 123 of the Motor Vehicles Act. Mr. Palgude has also been disqualified to hold a licence for a period of four months.

A composition fee of Rs. 20 was ordered to be recovered from Messrs. N. D. Ugale and their servant Shankar Nana Kanade by the Collector of Nasik, for an offence under Section 45 and 47 of the Bombay Abkari Act.

Driver Amjatalli Kadaralli, of a motor bus of the Satana Motor Union, was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15 by the Second Class Magistrate Baglan, for an offence under Section 112 of the Motor Vehicles Act (over-loading).

Mr. Bisakhila Bhawandas Khatri, of Nadiad, was convicted and sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for one month by the Special Magistrate, First Class, Ahmedabad, for an offence under Section 7 of the Essential Supplies and Temporary Powers Act, 1946 (illegal export of cloth by rail).

Mr. B. A. Satpute, ex-Sub-Registrar, Baramati (Poona district), was convicted and sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for six months and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,000, or in default to suffer rigorous imprisonment for two months more, by the Special Magistrate, First Class Poona, for an offence under Section 165, I.P.C.

Mr. Indurao Alias Hindurao by Dnyanoba More, Talati of Wawarhire (District Satara), was convicted and sentenced to suffer rigorous imprisonment for six months and to pay a fine of Rs. 250, or in default to suffer rigorous imprisonment for three months more, by the Aditional Stipendiary Magistrate, First Class, Satara, for an offence under Section 161, I.P.C.

Mr. N. C. Tanksali, formerly Mamlatdar of Waghra (District Broach), was convicted and sentenced to suffer simple imprisonment for three months and to pay a fine of Rs. 300, or in default to suffer simple imprisonment for three months more, by the Additional Resident Magistrate, First Class, Broach, for an offence under Section 161, I.P.C.

In three cases departmental punishment was given. In one case, the pay of a Circle Inspector was reduced by Rs. 10. He made a false entry in the outward register with a view to showing that certain correspondence had been sent by him to the taluka office. An Officiating Circle Inspector was reverted to his original post of talati for taking an unauthorised statement from a person. A Range Officer (Central Excise) in Satara District was discharged from service on a charge of corruption.

THEFT OF CHEQUES IN TRANSIT ALLEGED

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sahadeo Bala Nerker was arrested by the Bombay C.I.D. in connection with a theft of two cheques valued at Rs. 12,500 yesterday at the General Post Office.

Producing the accused at the Esplanade Court this morning, the Police stated the two cheques were dispatched from Sangli on December 6 to the Imperial Tobacco and were stolen in transit. The cheques were cashed by one Xavier Anthony Buthelho and about 24 persons were subsequently arrested by the Police.

The Police alleged that the accused was the person who actually stole the cheque.

The accused was ordered to be released on a bail of Rs. 6,000.

Another Andheri Hold-up Suspect Arrested

BOMBAY, Thursday.

One more person alleged to be connected with the armed robbery committed by a sub-inspector and three Police constables ten days ago was arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch yesterday evening.

It will be recalled that a gold merchant of Andheri was alleged to have been held up by Sub-Inspector Sohoni and three policemen on January 15 near the Queen's Road Christian Cemetery at the point of a revolver and deprived of a bag containing about Rs. 6,900. The Police alleged that the accused was involved in this case.

The accused was bailed out this morning at the Esplanade Court.

EFFECT OF REQUISITION ORDER ON TENANCY

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee)

Tarabai Jivanlal Parekh—Plaintiff.
vs.
Lala Padamchand—Defendant.

Holding that a requisitioning order is essentially of a temporary nature and does not affect the relationship or landlord and tenant, and that the defendant continued to be a monthly tenant, his lordship dismissed the landlady's suit with costs.

The defendant is a monthly tenant of a flat in a building known as "Jiwan Vihar" belonginfi to the plaintiff which had been requisitioned by Government in August 1944—possession being taken from the defendant on 5th May 1945. The Government derequisitioned the flat on 27th May 1947 and handed over possession of the flat to the defendant as being the party from whom possession had been taken.

The plaintiff thereupon filed the present suit for a declaration that the defendant had no right to obtain possession of his flat from Government and for an order against the defendant to hand over possession of the flat to the plantiff. The plaintiff's case was that on service of the requisition order the defendant's tenancy of the flat had come to an end, it being an implied surrender by operation of law to the government on behalf of the plaintiff and there being no accretion of the period of the tenancy from month to month.

Referring to an earlier decision of our High Court in the case of Utility Manfg. Co. (I.L.R. 1943 Bom. 553), his lordship held that a monthly tenancy was not a new tenancy at the expiration of each month but was a continuation of the old tenancy for an indefinite period until notice to quit was given. His lordship further held that there was clearly no surrender of the tenancy by the defendant to the plaintiff at any stage because in his lordship's opinion in order to effect surrender by operation of law there must be delivery of possession by the tenant to the landlord and the acceptance of that possession by the landlord. In his lordship's opinion as in the case of a tenancy for a fixed period in the case of a monthly tenancy determinable by notice to quit, an estate or interest is created and vested in the lessee and a temporary order like a requisition order could not affect that interest so as to terminate it by reason of frustration. His lordship stated that the defendant continued to be in possession of his rights unless they were determined by the law of the land or by the terms of tenancy. In the result his lordship dismissed the plaintiff's suit with costs.

Mr. Purshottamdas Tricumdas and Mr. M. M. Desai instructed by Messrs. Ambubhai and Divanji appeared for the plaintiff.

Mr. M. S. Vakil and Mr. M. L. Maneksha instructed by Messrs. Kanga and Co. appeared for the defendant.

Health Of Bombay

The health returns Bombay during the week ended 22nd January 1949, were as under:—The mortality 700 was 23 less than in the preceding week and the death rate registered was 24.4 on the census population of 1941 as against 707 and 24.7 deaths and death-rate respectively for the 4th week of 1948. The present population is ascertained to be 25,53,735 and the death-rate calculated on this population is 14.2. The average mortality for the corresponding week of the preced-quinquennium was 738 and the death-rate 25.7. Out of the total deaths, 167 were among infants under one year of ago.

Cholera and Plague were absent. Small-pox caused 8 attacks and 3 deaths. There were 59 attacks. live births registered during the week were 1199 and the birth-rate was 41.8.

PREVENTION OF MYOPIA IN SCHOOLS

Myopia or short sight was becoming prequent in schools, said Dr. R. S. Agarwal while addressing students and teachers at the Alexandra Girls' High School.

Reading the Snellen Eye Chart daily in the class room once a day was a very simple and effective method to prevent and cure Myopia. The only thing was to hang on the wall of each class room a Snellen Eye Chart and the students should read it daily from their seats, silently with both eyes and each eye separately without any pressure on the eyelids. Snellen Eye Charts were available, either free or nn nominal payment from Dr. Agarwals Eye Institute, Delhi.

Woman Dies Of Burns

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Jammabai A. Aziz, a 23-year-old-married woman residing in Mithaiwala Chawl, Dadar Main Road sustained serious burns while lighting a stove on Saturday last. She was admitted in K. E. M. Hospital where she expired yesterday.

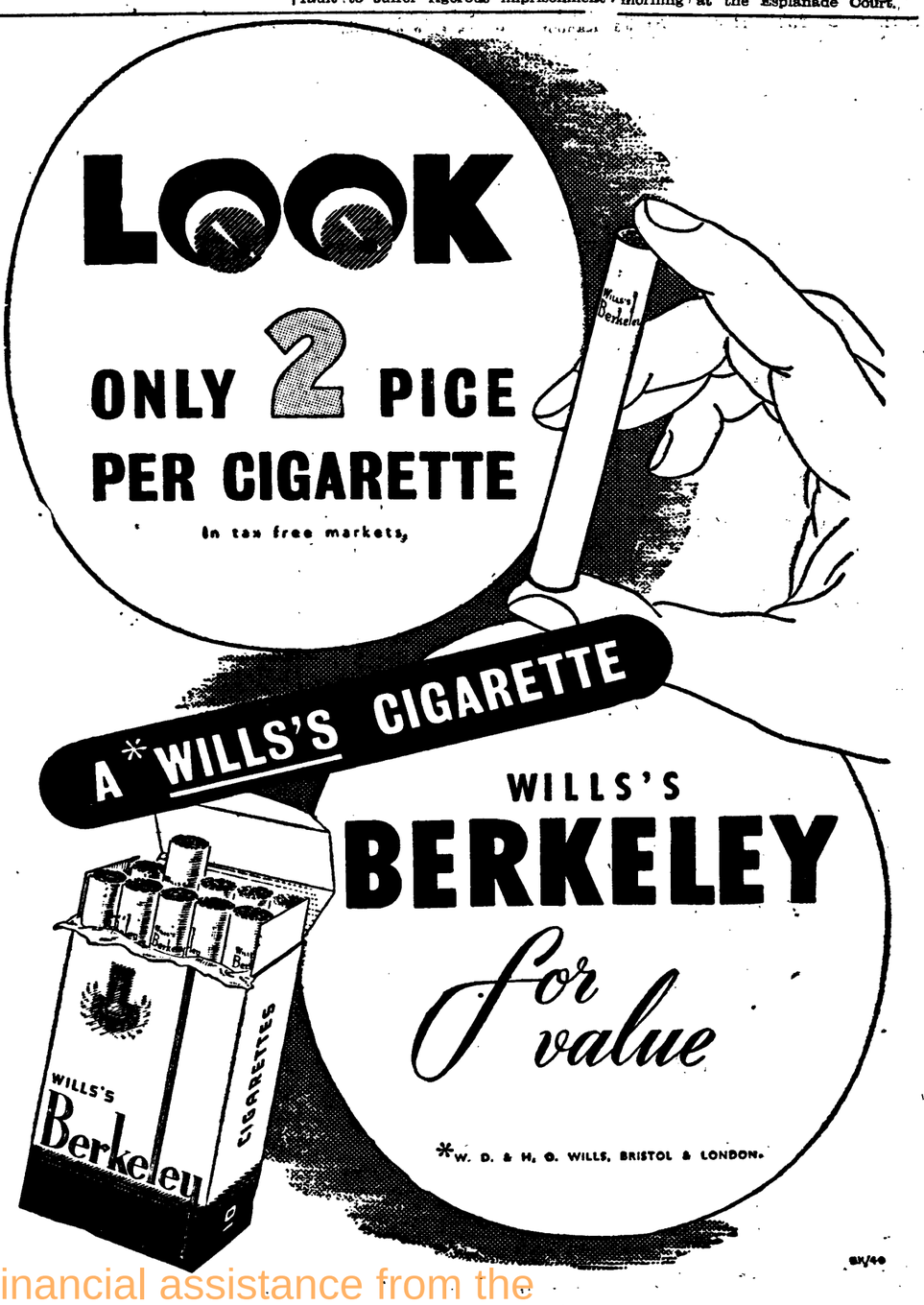
Cirtificate Course In Indian School Of Mies Abolished

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

The Government of India have decided to abolish the existing three-year certificate course in coal mining, metal mining and geology in the Indian School of Mines and Applied Geology, Dhanbad. This decision wil have effect from the 1949-50 season. Students who are admitted to the School will after this date be required to take the four-year course leading to the award of a diploma either in mining, engineering or in geology.

The decision has been taken on the recommendation made some time ago by the reorganisation committee of the School.

LUCKNOW, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant, Premier of the United Provinces, laid the foundation-stone of the Institute of Sociology and human Relations at the Lucknow University today. The Institute will be under the direction of Dr. Radha Kamal Mukherjee. Sir Padampat Singhania, industrialist of Cawnpore, has given Rs. 1,50,000 for the Institute.



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INDIA'S PREMIER THEATRE

METRO

Daily at 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.

Also—MOTWANE LTD.'S "MAHATMA THE IMMORTAL"

Sunday Morning at 10
"A DATE WITH JUDY"
At Matinee Rates.

NEW EMPIRE

(Air-conditioned Luxury)

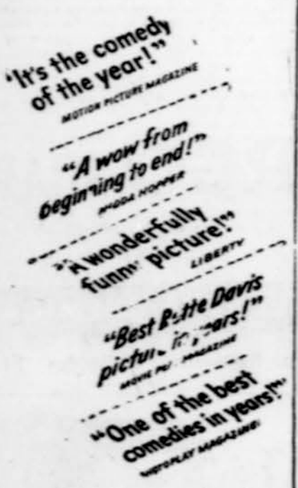
Daily: 3-30, 6-30, & 9-30 p.m.

Also Showing:—
"MAHATMA THE IMMORTAL"
(in 2 reels)

REGAL

DAILY at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

Bette DAVIS Robert MONTGOMERY
in
"JUNE BRIDE"


"It's the comedy of the year!"
MOTION PICTURE MAGAZINE
"A wow from beginning to end!"
"A wonderfully funny picture!"
LIBERTY
"Best Bette Davis picture in years!"
"One of the best comedies in years!"
HOLLYWOOD MAGAZINE

Sunday Morning at 10 a.m.
"NEVER SAY GOODBYE"
Errol Flynn, Eleanor Parker.

11TH FINAL WEEK
K. B. LALL'S

K. B. LALL presents
LAL DUPATTA

Madhubala, Ranjit Kumari.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.
Sun. Mat. 12-45.
Also Showing
PUJYA GANDHIJI
A Musical Tribute to The Father.

ZENANA SHOW
TO-MORROW at 12-30
RANJIT'S
MITTIKE-KHILOUNE
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30
SWASTIK

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 30, 2005.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Avval 28, 1368.
Parsi: Amardad 28, 1318.
Sunrise: 7-14 a.m. Sunset: 6-29 p.m.
Hightide: 00-13, 11-44. Lowtide: 06-32, 17-46.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATON—2-30 p.m. (Bombay Time).

Today's Engagements

NAGPADA CONGRESS COMMITTEE: At 4 p.m. today Women's meeting at Nagpada Neighbourhood Hall.

PARTY TO I. M. CHAMBER CHIEF: Mr. V. S. Choksey of Allwyn, Ltd., will give Tea Party in honour of Mr. Ramdas Kilachand, President, Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, at 5-30 p.m. at C.C.I.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER: The Municipal Commissioner will meet the elected members of Ward No. 7 today at 8-30 a.m. at Round Temple and go round with them in the Ward.

DADAR SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND: A reception in honour of the distinguished American visitors, Dr. and Mrs. M. Stanffer will be held today at 6-30 p.m.

Variety entertainment which was to be held on Sunday the 30th instant has now been put off to Thursday the 10th February at 6 p.m. on account of the first anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi's death. Tickets purchased for the original date will be valid for the date now fixed.

DR. AGARWAL'S LECTURE: Dr R. S. Agarwal eye-specialist of Delhi, will address the students of Wilson College on "How to Discard Spectacles" at 12-45 p.m. today.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: "The Difference between Theosophy and Spiritualism" is the subject of study class today at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp Flora Fountain.

SARVODAYA WEEK, WORLI: Public meeting will be held today at 6 p.m. near chawl No. 85 and Hon'ble Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Prohibition will address.

INDIAN EDUCATION SOCIETY'S TEACHERS' UNION: At a meeting of the teaching staff of the Indian Education Society, held at Dhuru Hall, Dadar, a resolution seeking Government intervention in the affairs of the Society for the redress of the long-standing grievances of the teachers of the society, was unanimously passed. Another resolution voicing the gratitude of the teachers at the magnanimous and sympathetic efforts for bettering the service conditions and improving the internal administration of the Society made by Mr. N. V Modak, Special Engineer, Mr. S. P. Varde and Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, members of the Governing Council, was also passed.

Health Minister Opens Local Board Dispensary At Palghar

Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Health and Public Works, performed the opening ceremony of the Thana District Local Board dispensary at Palghar last evening. The dispensary buildings, with male and female wards and quarters for medical officers and servants, have been built at a cost of Rs. 65,000, the Government contributing half of this amount. The Thana District Local Board is to bear the recurring annual expenditure of about Rs. 7,000 on the dispensary.

"The Minister, who was pleased to see the buildings, appreciated the efforts of the local public workers, who had raised a sum of Rs 40,000 by way of donations for the purpose. He impressed upon the audience, which numbered about a thousand, the need for doing constructive work. He quoted from Gandhiji's writings to show that he wanted a classless society, free from communalism and social distinctions. He urged upon them to take a vow to do their best to build up such a society.

Radio

BOMBAY, Friday.
244 metres (1,231 kc/s.)

7-30 a.m. Vasantrao Gat, 7-40 News (M), 7-50 News (G), 8-0 News (E), 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Mohammad Khan, 9-0 Mohantara Talpade vocal, 12-0 p.m. Mahila Mandal, 12-45 News (M), 12-50 News (G), 12-55 Madhur Sur, 1-25 News (H), 1-30 News (E), 1-40 Mozart, 4-20 School Broadcast, 5-0 Vasantrao Gat, 5-15 Wali Mohammad, 5-30 Sharbuddin, 5-45 News (K), 6-0 News (G), 6-10 News (H), 6-15 Sharfuddin, 6-30 Gulab Bai Akolkar, 7-0 Topic of the Day, 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report, 7-15 Mohammad Khan, 7-30 Ya Mahinyatalya Ghadamodi, 7-45 Vinayakrao Patwardhan, 7-55 'Varya Varachi Varat', 8-0 News (M), 8-15 News (G), 8-30 Wali Mohammad, 8-40 Mishra Sangeet, 9-0 News (E), 9-15 News (H), 9-30 BBC News Relay, 9-40 For the Universities, 10-0 Mohammad Khan, 10-30 Mohantara Talpade Vocal.

VARIATIONS
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s.)
7-40 a.m. Geetavali, 5-45 p.m. Gulab Bai Akolkar, 6-45 Calling Rural Listeners (Gujarati).
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s.)
7-45 p.m. Commercial News, 8-0 Sharfuddin, 8-15 Vasantrao Gat, 9-0 Gulab Bai Akolkar, 9-25 Gottuvadyam Recital 10-0 An American Sketch Book.

BARODA, Jan. 28
250 metres (1,200 kc/s.)
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety, 7-50 News (G), 8-0 News (E), 8-15 Film Music. 8-30 As in Bombay, 6-0 p.m. News (E), 6-10 Local Announcements, 6-15 For Rural Areas (Gujarati), Relayed from Bombay, 6-35 Apni Farmaish, 7-0 Syed Miyan and Party, 7-20 Durga Karnik (Vocal), 7-45 Topical Talk, 8-0 Syed Miyan and Party, 8-15 News (G), 8-30 Vasudeo Shelat, 8-45 Book of Verse, 9-0 News (E), 9-15 Sarod and Been, 9-30 Vasudeo Shelat (Gujrati), 9-45 Durga Karnik.

GOVERNOR AT KHALSA COLLEGE

H. E. the Governor of Bombay, Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, distributing the prizes at Khalsa College, Matunga, on Wednesday.

WEATHER

WEATHER SUMMARY

POONA, Jan. 27, (A.P.I.): Weather has been dry over entire country except for scattered thunder showers in Bihar, the East United Provinces, the hills of the east and the west United Provinces and in the extreme south of the peninsula.

Night temperatures have fallen in Rajputana, the East Punjab and the West United Provinces.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 28TH: There will be a local thunder showers in Assam and Sub-Himalayan West Bengal and a few showers in Bihar, Chota Nagpur, the East United province, Vindhya pradesh and the extreme south the Peninsula.

Night temperatures will fall in North-West India, the West United Provinces, the northern districts of Gujarat, Saurashtra and Cutch.

WEATHER CHART

POONA, Jan. 27, (A.P.I.): The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st December 1948 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I.S.T.) on 26-27th January 1949:—

Ahmedabad 88 nil, Ahmednagar 89 58 0 0 minus 0.5, Allahabad 81 54 0 0 minus 1.1, Bangalore 80 59 0 0.2 minus 0.5, Baroda 90 52 0 0 0, Belgaum 85 52 0 0.1 minus 0.3, Banaras 73 nil, Bhopal 84 55 0 0 minus 0.3, Bhuj 85 56 0 0 minus 0.1, BOMBAY 85 67 0 0 minus 0.2, Calcutta 84 61 0 0 minus 0.5, Coimbatore 87 66 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Colombo 87 72 0.1 10.4 plus 1.8, Cuttack 83 63 0 0 minus 0.5, Dehra Dun 69 43 0 0.6 minus 2.3, Delhi 76 50 0 0.1 minus 1.1, Gwalior — 55 0 0 —, Hyderabad (Dn.) 85 59 0 0 minus 0.6, Indore 84 51 0 0.2 minus 0.3, Jaipur 78 51 0 0.4 minus 0.3, Kanpur (U.P.) 78 57 0 0.1 minus 0.8, Lucknow 76 60 0 0 minus 0.9, Madras 84 67 0 1.7 minus 5.0, Mahableshwar 79 59 0 0 minus 0.4, Mangalore 89 69 0 0 minus 0.6, Mysore 83 61 0 0 minus 0.5, Nagpur 86 62 0 0 minus 0.8, Ootacamund 70 38 0 1.0 minus 1.9, Pachmarhi 76 — 0 0 minus 1.0, Patna 79 61 0.7 0.7 0, Poona 91 58 0 0 minus 0.2, Sholapur 89 61 0 0 minus 0.9, Simla — 32 0.5 2.1 minus 1.3, Surat 91 60 0 0 minus 0.1, Trivandrum 90 74 0 0.7 minus 2.5.

SIMLA, Jan. 26, (A.P.I.): Icy-cold winds swept over Simla and the neighbouring hills this afternoon for the first time since the beginning of winter season following another snow fall of short duration.

The fall was preceded by a hail storm of considerable intensity lasting over twenty minutes.

MUSSOORIE, Jan. 26, (A.P.I.): There was a light snow fall yesterday on the Nagatoeba range facing Mussoorie in the north and on the Chakrata hils and a heavy fall on the Bunderpunch snow range in which are situated the peaks of Badrinath, Kedarnath and Uttarkashi. The weather continues to be cloudy.

The general condition of the weather this year throughout the winter months has been warm. Mussoorie had a "heat wave" till yesterday, when the weather became chilly.

Bombay Presidency Women's Council

Bombay Presidency Women's Council passed a resolution stating:

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council records its emphatic protest against the number of Indian films which give an incorrect portrayal and distorted picture of Indian womanhood. Evidently, the main idea in depicting them in an irresponsible manner is to create box-office records by pondering to the lower elements in human nature. In the opinion of the Council the production of such motion pictures must be discouraged if not completely banned by the authorities.

The B.P.W.C. appeals to all women who act in such pictures to realise their responsibilities as members of a progressive society and to raise the standard of Indian films by representing the high aims and ideals of the Indian nation".

CONFERENCE ON HINDU CODE BILL

The date of the proposed Conference in support of the Hindu Code Bill has been fixed for the 27th of February, 1949. The Conference will begin its work at 3 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, near French Bridge. Mahamahopadhyaya Dr. P. V. Kane will preside.

Towards the expenses of the proposed Conference the Bombay Presidency Social Reform Association will contribute Rs. 150. Other Associations are to pay Rs. 10 each. It is expected that about 15 Associations will pay Rs. 10 each. Each such Association will be allowed to send 5 delegates free of charge. Other delegates, who may or may not represent any Association are allowed to join the Conference on payment of Re. 1 as delegation fee. Every delegate joining the Conference shall give a declaration in writing that he agrees to the principle underlying the Hindu Code Bill and is in favour of requesting the Government to pass the Bill immediately.

PROGRESSIVE WRITERS CONDEMN JAFRI'S ARREST

The following statement has been issued by prominent writers and journalists: K. Ahmed Abbas, Saghar Nizami, Dr. Mulk Raj Anand, Rajendra Singh Bedi and Krishen Chander. "We have been surprised as well as pained to learn of the arrest of Ali Sardar Jafri, well-known Urdu poet, editor of NAYA ADAB and organising Secretary of the Progressive Writers' Association (Urdu). The arrest has been made by the Bombay Police under the Public Security Act and though no charges have been framed it is believed that the police action is in connection with a Mushaira recently held in Bombay which was presided over by Sardar Jafri. Warrants have also been issued against Kaifi and Niaz Haider two other poets who participated in the same Mushaira. Kaifi is the recently-elected Secretary of the Bombay Progressive Writers' Association (Urdu) and Niaz Haider is a prominent member of the same organisation.

"To our definite knowledge, at this Mushaira only poems already published in various literary journals of the country were recited. The presidential speech of Jafri was out an elucidation of the declared policy of the Progressive Writers Association on the language question which has been jointly formulated by Hindu, Muslim and Sikh writer members of the association.

Messrs. Krishan Chander, Sanghar Nizami, Vishwamitra Adil (Acting Secretary of the Bombay Progressive Writers' Association) and Ismat Chugtai have issued in a separate statement to the press.

TAMIL YUVAK SANGH

A public meeting of Tamilians of Bombay South was held recently at Lal Baug, under the auspices of the Tamil Yuvak Sangh, Lal Baug.

Mr. Loak Nath the President of the Tamil Yuvak Sangh, Dharavi presided. The meeting unanimously passed a resolution to convene a conference of Tamilians in Bombay sometime by the end of March, 1949, to co-ordinate the work of the various Tamilian organisations in Bombay.

The meeting elected a South-Bombay Reception Committee of 9 members from Lal Baug and authorised the Committee to co-opt two representatives from each wards adjoining to Lal Baug, i.e. Byculla, Sewri, Dadar, Parel, DeLisle Road, and Worli.

EXCELSIOR
3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.
Ad. Bkg. 9-30 to 1 & 2 to 7-30.

BROADWAY
4, 6-45 & 9-30.
Ad. Bkg. 4 to 6.

See & Hear Golden Voiced NOORJEHAN in
'JUGNU'
with *DILIP *SHASHI *CUCKOO
10th WEEK AT CAPITOL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30. Sun. at 1 p.m.

2ND CROWDED WEEK!
CITY—LIGHT
MATUNGA (B.B.)
Daily: 1, 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

AINA PICTURE
Grihasthi
Sulochana Chatterjee, Yakub, Mirza Musraf.
Sunday Morn. 9-30 a.m.
GYANSUNDRI (Tamil)

Sir PURSHOTAMDAS and LADY THAKURDAS

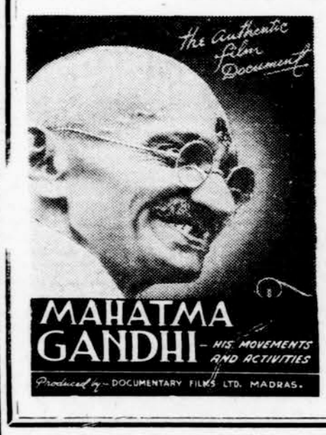
regret to have to announce that under Medical Advice, it has been necessary to cancel the Reception at "SUNEETA", Ridge Road to meet Their Highnesses of Kutch on Friday, the 28th January at 5-30 p.m., owing to Sir Purshotamdas's indisposition. Both Sir Purshotamdas and Lady Thakurdas hope that this will not put their kind guests, who accepted for the 28th, to any inconvenience, and look forward to the pleasure of their Company in the near future at a similar function.

THE ASSOCIATED CEMENT COS., LTD.

The Twelfth Annual General Meeting of Shareholders will be held today at 4 P.M. (S.T.) at the Company's Registered Office at No. 1, Queen's Road, Fort, (Opposite Churchgate Railway Station.)

4th HOUSEFUL WEEK
MANGAL'S MARATHI MUSICAL
Jeevacha Sakha
SULOCHANA JAIRAM SHILEDAR
Daily 3-30 6-30, 9-30
Sat. Sun. 12-30
MAJESTIC
A 'JAI HIND' Release.

NEW VALUES of LOVE & MARRIAGE!
See it in Murli's Social Hit
GHAR -ki- IZZAT
Produced & Directed by: RAM DARYANI
Starring: *Mumtaz Shanti, *Dilip, *Manorama, *Jiwan, *Gope & *Dixit.
2ND GREAT WEEK AT IMPERIAL
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
Sun. & Holi. at 12-30.
Advance Booking 10 to 12 and 4 to 6



TOMORROW AT CENTRAL

UNIQUE PICTURE!
To honour the memory the Father of the Nation an actual record of his noble career

Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
Sun. Hol. Mats. 12-30
Advance Booking 10 to 12 & 4 to 6
A WESTERN INDIA THEATRES Ltd. Release.

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Films To See This Week

"THIRTEEN LEAD SOLDIERS"

At The Strand

Thirteen toy soldiers match Bulldog Drummond into the most desperate adventure of his career in "13 Lead Soldiers", the new 20th Century-Fox release at the Strand.

The suave and celebrated detective toys with death and uncovers a thousand-year-old secret treasure in the new Bulldog Drummond thriller which presents Tom Conway in his second portrayal of the fabulous sleuth. Others in the outstanding cast of the Reliance picture include Maria Palmer, Helen Westcott, John Newland and Terry Kilburn.

"CORONER CREEK"

At The New Empire

From the Luke Short brass-knuckled "Saturday Evening Post novel of savage vengeance and frightened love, Columbia has come up with a cinecolor film that boils with the sound and fury of the Old West.

"Coroner Creek" is the blistering story of a cowboy's savage vengeance against the betrayer of his beloved. Guncrazy with hate, he relentlessly hunts his foe through the lawless West, finally cornering him in the Arizona town of Coroner Creak.

Ray Enright directed from a screenplay by Kenneth Gamet for producer Harry Joe Brown.

"JUNE BRIDE"

At The Regal

Bette Davis laughs and laughs loud and long with Robert Montgomery in "June Bride," the new Warner Bros. film which opens at the Regal Theatre. Bette plays a successful magazine editor, one who hires and fires with ease. Bob comes back into her life after a European assignment, and is put on her staff. This creates a problem, as the two still go for each other in a way. When the staff moves into Crestville, Indiana to build up their special June feature, their affair takes on added zest. The film abounds with situations. Broadway Director Bretaigne Windust's method of building laughs is particularly interesting. There is a love-chase around Bette's apartment, with Bob following her, turning the lamps on an off with great alacrity. The entire production is steeped in Hoosier hospitality garnering endless chuckles with its particular community spirit and social life.

"A DATE WITH JUDY"

At The Metro

In "A Date With Judy" now showing at the Metro Theatre, Berry, in one of his rare excursions into musicals, play the benign, head of a brood which includes wife Selena Royle, daughter Jane Powell and brat son Jerry Hunter. Scotty Beckett thinks he has romantic claims on Jane; Jane falls in love with handsome Robert Stack, and rival Elizabeth Taylor tries to upset this applecart. To add to her misery, Jane discovers that her father is keeping mysterious trysts with Senorita Miranda, unaware that their meetings are for the sole purpose of teaching Beery to master the intricacies of the rumba.

But the complications are cheerfully unravelled before the family goes completely to pieces—and it's all done to a cleverly interlarded and delightful musical score. Of the dozen or so songs heard in "A Date With Judy" standouts are "Judaline" "I'm Strictly on the Corny Side" "Temptation", "Through the Years", "It's a Most Unusual Day" and "Love is Where you find it" Jane Powell also scores with the universally-beloved "Home, Sweet Home" while Miss Miranda gives her own zest and style to several catchy Latin numbers.

Producer Pasternak again reveals the showmanship for which he has become well known with such previous hits as "On An Island With You" and "This Time for Keeps."

WHAT'S WHERE in Bombay

REGAL:

"June Bride starring Bette Davis and Robert Montgomery.

NEW EMPIRE:

"Coroner Creek" starring Randolph Scott Marguerite Chapman (in cine colour).

STRAND

"13 Lead Soldiers starring Tom Conway Maria Palmer in 20th Century-Fox picture.

METRO

"A Date with Judy" starring Jane Powell, Wallace Berry, Elizabeth Taylor and Carmen Miranda.

PARADISE:

From Friday to Monday: "Marie Antoinette" starring Norma Shearer, Tyrone Power.

From Tuesday to Thursday: "Night and Day" starring Cary Grant, Alexis Smith.

BANDRA TALKIES:

From Saturday to Tuesday: "Black Swan" starring Tyrone Power, Maureen O'Hara, George Sanders.

From Wednesday to Friday: "The Romance of Rosy Ridge" starring Van Johnson, Janet Leigh.

RUPEES 1,000 CRORES OF FOREIGN CAPITAL INVESTED IN INDIA

Plea For No Restriction On Remittance Of Profit And Interest

BOMBAY, Jan. 27 (API): Foreign capital at present invested in India is placed at 800 to 1,100 crores of rupees, according to unofficial estimates available here. The bulk of this is British, and the American share in it may not be more than one-tenth of the total.

Repatriation of foreign capital over the last two years has been between Rs. 60 to 70 crores. It has mainly gone to the United Kingdom, South Africa, and to a lesser extent to Australia.

At present there is a tendency both ways, although some foreign concerns in India have been extending their business.

CONSENSUS OF OPINION

The consensus of opinion among foreign investors appears to be that there should be no restriction on remittances of profit and interest, and—in extreme cases—of total assets, should a company decide to close its business in India.

It is argued further that in the case of new foreign concerns, the Government of India might impose conditions in regard to Indian share in investment as well as management and what shape the new arrangement will take is not known.

Moreover, the extent of compensation in the event of nationalisation is not known. The industries that are to be started do not consider a ten-year period as reasonable, as it is felt that it is only after seven or eight years that industries usually begin to pay. To a lesser extent, Leftists tendencies are also said to have scared some foreign investors away.

New B. O. A. C. Chairman

Sir Harold Hartley has informed the British Minister of Civil Aviation of his intention to resign from the Chairmanship of B.O.A.C. when his term of office ends on 30th June next. This was announced last night by the Minister of Civil Aviation, Lord Pakenham, who has, with much regret, accepted the resignation.

Sir Miles Thomas, Deputy Chairman, has accepted the Minister's invitation to become Chairman of B.O.A.C. in succession to Sir Harold Hartley. Sir Miles will be succeeded as Deputy Chairman by Mr. Whitney Straight who will also continue to be the Chief Executive.

LAND FOR ASSAM POLITICAL SUFFERERS

GAUHATI, Jan. 27 (API).—The Government of Assam have decided to settle in the waste lands of the Province political sufferers or their families, in cases of people, who died as a result of participating in Congress movement.

A circular issued by the Provincial Government to the Deputy Commissioners and the Sub-Divisional Officers of the plains districts says that this will apply to those who took part in 1930 and 1942 movements launched by the Congress. Under this plan, political sufferers, who have not sufficient land or have less than 30 bighas would be provided with land sufficient for the maintenance of their families The Government will also consider applications for larger areas if ten or more persons join together and apply for such plot for the purposes of collective and co-operative cultivation.

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"OTOGEN" (Herbal Tonic) prepared by PARKER & DAVIS makes a man or woman look and feel 15 to 20 years younger than the actual age. It gives good appetite and increases weight from 5 to 10 lbs. within a week. Roses return to your cheeks and your appearance is improved 100 per cent. The brilliance and lustre on your face will be the same as in youth when your skin was smooth and fresh. "OTOGEN" improves your looks, puts a sparkle into your eyes, rosy colour into your cheeks and lips. It darkens whitish grey hair permanently for life. "OTOGEN" was tried upon an emaciated male patient aged above 100 years. By one month's regular use of this marvellous preparation this patient of 100 years age gained the health of a 30 years young man. Price Rs. 5/-

Otogen

P. B. 447 ------ BOMBAY.

SARDAR PATEL AT RAJKOT

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister of India, arrives at the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly Hall in Rajkot. Along with him are seen Hon'ble Sjt. N. V. Gadgil, Minister for Works, Mines and Power, Government of India and H. H. the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar, the Rajpramukh of Saurashtra.

IMPORT ADVISORY COUNCIL MEETING

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (UPI): The first meeting of the Import Advisory Council, under the Chairmanship of the Hon Mr. K. C. Neogy, Minister for Commerce, is expected to be held on Feb. 19, 1949, says a Press Note issued today.

In September 1948, the Government of India announced its decision to constitute an Import Advisory Council. The following have been nominated to serve on this body, which will advise the Government on matters of general policy relating to import controls.

(A) FEDERATION OF INDIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY:

Representing manufacturers: Messrs. Shanti Prasad Jain (Calcutta) and Kantilal C. Munshaw (Ahmedabad).

Representing Import Trade: Messrs. K. P. Goenka (Calcutta) and Ambalal Kilachand (Bombay).

Representing distributional trade: Bawa Bachitter Singh (Delhi) and Mr. Ashutosh Bhattacharya (Calcutta).

(B) ASSOCIATED CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE OF INDIA:

Messrs. A. R. Nacgillivray (Calcutta) and T. J. Hudson (Bombay).

(C) ALL INDIA MANUFACTUERS ORGANISATION, BOMBAY:

Mr. Nariman D. Sahukar (Bombay).

(D) APPOINTED BY GOVERNMENT (FROM NON-OFFICIALS):

Messrs. M. A. Chidambaran Chettiar (Madras, D. P. Karmarkar (Dharwar), B. K. Rohtagi (Calcutta) and Dr. V.K.R.V.R. Rao (Delhi).

(E) APPOINTED BY THE GOVERNMENT (FROM THE CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY):

Messrs. Prabhudayal Himmatsingh (New Delhi) and Shriniva Mallya (New Delhi).

Five Ministries of the Government of India will be represented on the Import Advisory Council by the following:—

Messrs. C. C. Desai (Ministry of Commerce), S. Boothalingam (Ministry of Industry and Supply), A. K. Roy (Ministry of Finance), Mrs. T. S. Pillay (Ministry of Food) and Mr. S. Chakravarti (Minister of Transport).

Mr. G. R. Kamat, Chief Controller of Imports, will be the secretary of the Council.

Indian Army's Gifts To Kashmir

SRINAGAR, Jan. 27—Hundreds of miles of new and better roads, a network of telegram and telephone communications, two all-weather airfields and two radio stations, one in Srinagar and another in Jammu, are only four of the permanent benefits brought to the people of Jammu and Kashmir by the presence of the Indian Army in their midst.

In the past fifteen months the Indian Army has expended crores of rupees in Kashmir either on public works or by way of payment for services rendered by the local people. Approximately Rs. 53,000 are spent every week on the purchase of foodstuffs locally for the Army, the principal items being vegetables Rs. 7,456, fruits Rs. 8,750, potatoes Rs. 3,300, meat Rs. 19,000, milk Rs. 7,750 and firewood Rs. 3,600.

The Indian Army has been giving away about Rs. 25,000 per day in wages to labourers and pony-men. Besides, a large number of labourers gets free rations every day. Nearly Rs. 50,000 has been paid as compensation for coolies and ponies who died in harness.

While the Indian Army fought the invaders back and assured security of normal life to the people, the industry and trade of the State slowly recovered and in some instances even prospered. The Government of the State of Jammu and Kashmir, with the help of the Government of India, reorganised the transport system and, by means of special measures, stimulated the exports trade of the State.

Fruits to the value of Rs. 65 lakhs were exported in 1948 as compared with Rs. 29,81,000 worth of fruits exported in 1944-45 There has also been an appreciable increase in the export of woollen goods, embroidery and other fancy articles, salt, tea and piecegoods were imported in sufficient quantities to meet the needs of the local population.

Tourist traffic in Kashmir used to bring handsome income to houseboat owners in Srinagar in the past. Last holiday season this one trade suffered due to the unsettled and disturbed conditions in the valley. Only 5,000 people rented houseboats last year compared with an average of 30,000 in the previous years. The loss incurred by the houseboat owners has however been made good to some extent by the army who gave them contracts to run officers' hotels and messes. A number of houseboats have also been engaged to accommodate army officers.

PUT NATIONAL INTEREST FIRST

Santhanam Urges Railwaymen Not To Strike

TRICHINOPOLY, Jan. 26 (API):—Mr. K. Santhanam, Minister of State, Transport and Railways, Government of India, addressing a largely attended public meeting here this evening, hoped that ultimately good sense would prevail among railwaymen and that they would not resort to a strike.

The proceedings of the meeting were marred by attempts made by a section of the crowd to create confusion. Referring to these attempts Mr. Santhanam in the course of his speech said that that was not the way of democracy. If certain railwaymen were really dissatisfied it was upto them not to interrupt the meeting but hold separate meetings and gain public support. Some political parties were trying to impose their will on the people by resorting to violence as some persons did in the meeting, he added.

"Addressing the meeting Mr. Santhanam said that the Indian railways were the greatest nationalised industry in this country and about seven hundred crores of public money were sunk in it. Out of a total income of two hundred crores of rupees every year, about one hundred and fifty crores of rupees were distributed as wages to railwaymen, in view of the increased cost of living. Railwaymen had been demanding an increase in their wages. There were two ways of meeting this demand. One by increasing the freight and fares and other by printing more notes and thus adding to the already existing inflation in the country. If the Government wanted to resort to the former method, people complained that the freights and fares were already high. If they resorted to the latter method, the whole economy of the country would be upset and India would go the way China did. Despite the inflation and the huge tasks that faced them such as the rehabilitation of refugees, the Government of India had now decided to increase the dearness allowance of every Government employee by Rs. 10 per month. This was the utmost they could do under the existing circumstances.

Mr. Santhanam added that railwaymen would have to put national interests first and their personal interests next. Railwaymen should not forget that many in this country were getting far less than even the lowest paid railway worker who was getting Rs. 55 per month.

At this stage a certain section of the crowd shouted that some railway workers were getting far less than what the Minister stated and attempted to create some confusion in the meeting. Order was soon restored.

At the end of the meeting also a certain section of the crowd created some confusion. Order was soon restored.

FULL PRICE FOR DAMAGED RICE

Concession Period Extended

On representations made by the producers, the Government of Bombay has decided to pay the full procurement prices for the damaged paddy and rice up to March 15, 1949 in Palghar, Dahanu, and Umbergaon talukas of Thana district and up to February 28, 1949 in the rest of the Province. Though the procurement prices of the controlled foodgrains are for fair average quality, the Government had decided earlier to give the full prices for the rain damaged paddy and rice up to February 15, 1949 in the three above mentioned talukas and up to January 31, 1949 in the rest of the Province, in view of the damage caused to the crop by the unseasonal rain and cyclone. The Government however, wishes to make it clear that no further extension of period will be given and that suitable deductions in the prices will be made according to the extent of deterioration after the expiry of that period.

KUMARAPPA TO REPRESENT INDIA AT UNESCO?

MADRAS, Jan. 26, (UPA)— Bharatan Kumarappa has been chosen to represent India on the United Nations Economic and Social Council, says the Hindu Delhi correspondent today.

Kumarappa is presently connected with the All-India Village Industries Association which was founded by Mahatma Gandhi.

The correspondent also says that Anup Sing, formerly of the India League of America, has been appointed India's representative on the United Nations Commission for Korea.

Bombay Suburban Notes

KURLA CONGRESS COMMITTEE TAKES A SOMERSAULT

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, Jan. 27.

The Kurla Congress Committee has now rescinded its resolution of December 14 in which, it had asked the government of Bombay to reconsider their contemplated move to supercede the Kurla Municipality and order fresh elections. Immediately after the government's decision was made known two days later, it met again and expressed disapproval of government action and even appointed a Committee of three to wait on Mr. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-government to request him to reconsider their final decision. Prominent members of the Congress Committee and municipal councillors even sent telegrams to Pandit Nehru and Dr. Pattabhisitaramayya at Jaipur seeking their intervention for the cancellation of the government order and restore the municipality. This action of the Congress Committee in indirectly supporting the maladministration of the civic body by the majority in the municipality led to grave misgivings in the minds of leading Congressmen in the suburbs.

Mr. Indravadan Oza, the President of the Suburban Congress Committee took up the matter in hand after his return from Jaipur and called a special meeting of the Kurla Committee at the week-end and explained to them why government had rightly taken the extreme step of superceding the municipality for two years and appointing an Administrator. The members present concurred in his view and rescinded their earlier resolution.

SHEIKH ABDULLA AT GHATKOPER

Replying to the welcome extended to him by the Progressive Students' Union at Ghatkoper yesterday, Sheikh Abdulla said that because their cause was just, they succeeded in getting rid of the raiders from the Kashmir territory. For a hundred and fifty years, continued the Kashmir Prime Minister, they had been in slavery which has now been removed giving place to popular rule and it was upto the youngmen and women of the country to keep that well-earned freedom intact. For that purpose, they should lead a well disciplined life and develop character which alone would give them the necessary strength in their arduous work.

Referring to the Remembrance Day on which they had chosen to greet him, Sheikh Abdulla said that they would remember January 26 with gratitude. Their departed leaders like Tilak, Pherozeshah Mehta, Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mahatma Gandhi served their motherland with intense devotion and they had left a rich heritage. It was supreme self-sacrifice which they would do well to emulate.

JOGESHWARI HOUSING SOCIETY

Among the pioneer Co-operative Housing Societies in the Suburbs, the Kanara Saraswat Housing Society at Jogeshwari holds a prominent place. Started in 1919, the Society constructed in a twenty-acre area in Jogeshwari 20 buildings which gives acommodation to about 60 families in 1923. The Society has given many amenities to the tenants by way of a Club House, a Secondary High School and a Temple besides providing for outdoor sports. Two years ago, the Society successfully negotiated with government for the liquidation of their loan originally amounting to a little over 4½ lakhs of rupees and a large amount of rebate in interest was obtained.

According to the Society's annual report for the year ending 30th June 1948 just issued, the Society has only Rs. 1,08,500 to pay. The year under report shows a profit of Rs. 9,000 on the working of the Society and this amount will be wholly absorbed for providing for depreciation and repairs.

BURMA EDUCATIONAL OFFICER'S VISIT

Mr. U. Saw Win, Special Educational Officer of the Government of Burma who was deputed by his government to India to study the educational methods in this country, visited the Bandra Municipal Schools last week, in company with Mr. C. C. Sutaria, Chairman of the School Board. Mr. Win expressed great satisfaction at the method employed in the matter of imparting primary education in municipal schools run the Board and the co-operation of the general public. He also praised the work of the English schools and appreciated the physical training given to the pupils.

He also visited Kherwadi which is a Tanners' Colony founded by our Prime Minister for the uplift of the Harijan workers. The visitor greatly appreciated the good work done by the Kherwadi Committee.

HOUSING PLAN FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

"At the time when Bombay is undergoing the acute scarcity of residential buildings, these buildings constructed by Rashtriya Grah-Sarjan Sanstha are the most heartily welcomed by every one and the government is bound to offer their co-operation in such public benefiting enterprises" so expressed the Labour Minister, Honourable Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda at the inauguration function of "Pre-fabricated-houses" constructed by the above institution on Wednesday evening at Mahim.

At the opening of the function, Sheth Ranchordas Narsi on behalf of the Rashtriya Grah-Sarjan Sanstha said the Pre-fabricated constructions erected by them are built strong by means of scientific materials and solutions. These buildings which cost within the means of middle-class people, providing them with all the necessary accommodation and facilities, could be constructed within small period of 10 to 15 days.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 25, (API): The Additional Sesions Judge of Delhi reserved orders today on the bail application moved on behalf of Mr. M. B. Rao, Editor of the "Peoples Age", Bombay. Mr. Rao was arrested in May last under the Punjab Public Safety Act, for publishing an article in the paper criticising the Delhi Administration.

DISCUSSION ON CORPORATION BUDGET CONCLUDES

Municipal Finances Absolutely Sound: Commissioner's Reply To Critics

BOMBAY, THURSDAY.

THE GENERAL DISCUSSION ON THE BOMBAY MUNICIPAL BUDGET CONCLUDED TODAY, AFTER NEARLY A MONTH. THE CORPORATION WILL NOW TAKE UP FOR CONSIDERATION THE BUDGET ESTIMATES SERIATIM. MAYOR DR. M. U. MASCARENHAS PRESIDED.

Replying to the debate Mr. B. K. Patel, Municipal Commissioner, observed that after hearing criticism from all sections of the House, he was convinced that the budget as framed was best under the circumstances, provided it was viewed from a proper perspective. Those who criticised it forgot that in framing the budget the Municipal Commissioner had to move within the four corners of the Municipal Act, which remained unchanged in its fundamentals since 1888. The municipal machinery was apt to function slowly because of certain restrictions imposed by the Act. If that machinery was to be expedited, a radical change in the Act itself was necessary. For instance, sources of income open to the Corporation were mentioned in the Act. For any additional income that the Corporation wanted the Act had to be amended.

Replying to those who complained that the budget was for the rich, the Commissioner said that the rich and the poor were alike in the eyes of the Corporation. The amenities provided by the municipality were enjoyed as much by the poor as by the rich. The budget to that extent was the budget of the poor.

Another factor said the Commissioner, was the enormous increase in the population of the city. Population had almost doubled, whereas the rateable value, which was the main source of the Corporation's income, had remained unchanged. The extra population in the city thus enjoyed all the civic amenities without paying for them.

SOUND FINANCES

The Commissioner further refuted the charges of financial mismanagement levelled against the Corporation. He affirmed that the finances of the municipality were absolutely sound and that their credit was high enough for the public to lend them money.

Concluding the Commissioner appealed to the municipal staff not to resort to such tactics as slowing down the pace of their work, whatever their grievances may be. This, he said, was not in the interest of the "Corporation or of the general public, whom they served."

PRACTICAL MAN'S BUDGET

Mr. Ganpatishanker Desai, Chairman of the Standing Committee, said that the budget was neither the rich man's budget nor the poor man's budget. It was really the budget of a "practical man" and it was sound, when viewed from a practical point of view.

Earlier Dr. S. Fernandes, speaking on the budget pleaded that adequate finance should be provided for giving necessary medical relief to the citizens That way alone could the foundation of a healthy city life be laid, he added. He highly regretted that constructive proposals such as provision for subsidy to medical practitioners, and the establishment of mobile dispensaries made formerly on the floor of the Corporation, were turned down on the ground of financial stringency. "Certainly", he said, "where there is a will, there is a way".

PLEA FOR STUDENTS

Mrs. Sulochna Mody pointed out that the educational policy of both the Central and the Provincial Governments was undergoing a change. There was also an influx of refugee children in the city. In view of these new conditions created in the city, and in the light of the changes that were taking place everywhere, it was desirable that the Corporation should change its educational policy and programme. Teachers of a better calibre were required in the municipal schools. Provision for cheap mid-day meals for students attending municipal schools was also to be made. To meet this additional expenditure Mrs. Mody suggested that the Bombay government should allot to the Corporation a part of the revenue accruing from the Sales Tax.

Dr. Nayan speaking on the budget stressed the need for opening an infirmary and a convalescent home with 1,000 beds, with a view to reducing the congestion that existed at present in the city hospitals.

Dr. Bhandare, Mr. Zulmiram Chaudhery and Mr. B. M. Yagnik also spoke on the budget.

Dr. Scach Suggests New Methods To Surat Thread Industry

SURAT, Jan. 26.

The "thread" industry in India—manufacturing copper wire for using as conductors—"needs expert technical assistance" for improving production, said Dr. George Scach, Director of the Jamshedpur Metallurgical Research Institute, in his enquiry here into the manufacture and processing of the thread industry.

Dr. Scach who conducted the enquiry on behalf of the Government of India, studied the four processes involved in the manufacture of wire namely, copper refining, drawing of coarse wire, drawing of fine wire and gilding of the wire.

He emphasised that it was necessary to put the process of refining on electric basis, so that refinement may be obtained quickly and efficiently.

Wire drawing should be done with a modern plant instead of employing the present two stage process. The technique of production of fine wire, though needed no fundamental change, should also be improved.

Dr. Scach said that the most important factor in making fine wire was obtaining an oxygen-free surface. He advised the manufacturers to use Tungsten Carbide dies which were more economical than steel dies now used as also more effective in producing the brighter surface.

Dr. Scach recommended the "controlled electrolytic process" for producing quality gilded wires, reviewing the present day methods for silver smelting, he said that the pit-type furnaces, which conserved thermal energy, should be used and the vertical method should replace the present horizontal pulling process for more expeditious out-turn of silver thread.

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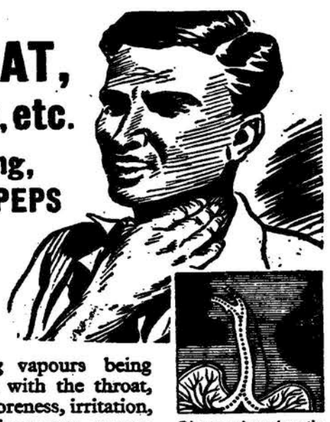

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PUT ON 239 RUNS FOR FIRST WICKET

Indian Bowlers Mastered: Only 1 Wkt. Falls During Day

MADRAS, JAN. 27.

GODDARD WON THE TOSS FOR THE FIFTH CONSECUTIVE TIME AGAINST AMARNATH—THE FOUR TESTS AND THE NORTH ZONE MATCH AT PATIALA—AND STOLLMEYER AND RAE MAKING SPLENDID USE OF THEIR CAPTAIN'S GIFT PUT ON 239 RUNS FOR THE FIRST WICKET BEFORE THE LEFT-HANDER WAS SENT BACK TO THE PAVILION BY PHADKAR. ONLY TWO CATCHES WAS OFFERED DURING THE DAY'S PLAY, OF WHICH REGE ACCEPTED ONE. VINOO MANKAD FIELDING AT SHORT-LEG WAS RESPONSIBLE FOR DROPPING THE OTHER PROVIDED HIM BY RAE OFF CHOWDHURY.

None of the bowlers troubled the batsmen even a little bit and for the first time during the series the West Indians have gone in for runs on the very first day, collecting 315 runs during 200 minutes' play. There appears to be every likelihood that the batting side will go for runs now that a comfortable start has been obtained and it will not be surprising if our Carrebean visitors pass the 600 mark before tea-time tomorrow. Should this happen Goddard will have a chance of declaring his innings close either immediately after tea or a short while later and thus will give his bowlers greater time in which to get the Indians out twice in a five day match. A total of 600 must be regarded as a very safe score on a wicket like the Chepauk Ground of Madras and since India will have to bat on a fourth innings wicket, it might even prove to be match-winning. The possibility of arriving at a result in this Test and perhaps in the series will depend on the speed with which the West Indians get their runs tomorrow.

The A.P.I. adds:

DETAILS OF PLAY

All roads led to Chepauk this morning and queues were a mile long since early morning for the Fourth Test match between the West Indies and India which commenced on the M.C.C. ground before one of the largest crowds seen on the Chepauk ground, while thousands were turned away for want of accommodation. Every available seat had been occupied long before Goddard and Amarnath came out to toss, and the attendance must have been over 25,000.

The turf wicket was perfect and although there was slightly more grass on the pitch it was not likely to assist the bowlers much and when Goddard won the toss for the fourth time in succession in the present Test series he promptly elected to bat.

The groundsman told the Associated Press that the wicket was specially prepared to last the full five days but knowledgeable critics were sceptic of that statement and would have it that it would crumple up on the 4th day.

The team were:

WEST INDIES: Stollmeyer, Rae, Walcott, Weekes, Goddard, Gomez, Christiani, Cameron, Ferguson, Jones, Trim, Atkinson twelfth man.

INDIA: Amarnath, Sen, Hazare, Modi, Mushtak Ali, Adhikari, Phadkar, Ghulam Ahmed, N. Chowdhury, V. Mankad, and Rege. P. R. Umrigar 12th man.

BRISK SCORING BY STOLLMEYER

Phadkar and Hazare opened the bowling to the left-hander Rae and Stollmeyer who made a quiet start. Phadkar bowling from the road end had two slips and two leg slips but the first ball pitching well outside the leg-stump struck Rae's pads and went for four leg-byes while Rae glanced the last ball to fine-leg for a four but as Rege did not signal the boundary Rae was credited with only two. Hazare bowling, fastish off-breaks conceded three singles in his first over. Then Stollmeyer playing delightful cricket executing several brilliant strokes started scoring briskly while Rae defended solidly. Stollmeyer turned Phadkar to square-leg. boundary with an effortless pull and then drove Hazare past the bowler to the off-boundary following up with a two to square-leg. Twenty went up and then Amarnath rang his first change displacing Phadkar after two overs to enable him to change ends with Amarnath himself operating from the road end. Phadkar's first two overs cost him seven runs while Hazare conceded nine runs in the same number of overs. Bowling with the wind Amarnath kept an immaculate length sending down a maiden over while Phadkar bowling into the wind from the pavilion end made a futile appeal for lbw against Rae who was then only three in a total of 24.

BOWLERS FAIL TO IMPRESS

The batsmen were experiencing no difficulties with the Indian bowling although they required careful watching but the rate of a run per minute was maintained despite the changes that Amarnath effected with Stollmeyer doing most of the scoring. Stollmeyer who had scored 244 not out a few days ago on the same ground struck form at once piercing the well-placed field with grand strokes stylishly executed and glanced Amarnath to the fine-leg boundary with Phadkar making a belated attempt to effect a catch. Rae now gaining more confidence drove Phadkar through the covers for a three and when 40 were registered Amarnatn effected a double change bringing on Chowdhury for the first time in his own place and Mankad at the other vice Phadkar who had conceded 15 runs in six overs. Stollmeyer hooked Mankad's first delivery for a four to long-on and then pushed Chowdhury to square-leg for a three. When 50 were registered the innings had been in progress for 52 minutes, Rae then being 13 and Stollmeyer 33. Rae next drove Mankad through the covers for a grand four and an hour's play saw 59 on board. Stollmeyer drove Chowdhury to long-on for a three to get into the forties. Runs continued to come steadily with the batsman taking no risks whatever and Amarnath had to call upon Ghulam Ahmed who displaced Chowdhury at 68. The Bengal bowler had failed to impress although he was given a spell of five overs during which he conceded 14 runs. With Mankad now keeping better length the rate of scoring slowed down consirably runs coming slowly in occasional singles. Then Chowdhury resumed vice Ghulam Ahmed whose four overs had cost him six runs.

And Stollmeyer glancing him to the fine-leg boundary completed his faultless 53 in a stay of 100 minutes. The total then was 89 and Stollmeyer's principal strokes were five fours. Two runs later Ghulam Ahmed returned in place of Mankad who had conceded 23 runs in nine overs but Stollmeyer despatched him to the ropes with a superb cover-drive and when hundred went up the innings had lasted 108 minutes Rae then being 34 and Stollmeyer 61. With 10 minutes left for lunch Hazare took over from Ghulam Ahmed after one over but without any success and Amarnath himself bowled the last over vice Chowdhury without being able to effect a separation and when lunch was taken the score was 109 for no wicket. Rae batting 36, Stollmeyer batting 68 extras five in a total of 109 for no wicket.

PLAY AFTER LUNCH

Ghulam Ahmed from the pavilion end and Amarnath from the other were in charge of the attack after lunch but the batsmen were taking no risks whatever and were content to score in well-placed singles. Only once in six overs did a ball beat the bat when Stollmeyer missed in attempting a hook off an away-goer one from Amarnath, but there was no appeal for lbw when the ball struck Stollmeyer on the pads. Amarnath had two leg-slips for Stollmeyer but the latter escaped the trap by cleverly placing the ball between them for singles. Runs came steadily but after conceding twelve runs in six overs Ghulam Ahmed was taken off in favour of Chowdhury and Rae booking a short-pitched one from the Bengal bowler for a magnificent six over midwicket boundary completed his 52 in a stay of 153 minutes with one six and one four as his principal strokes. The total then was 140 and Stollmeyer 82. Bright cricket now followed. Stollmeyer drove Amarnath to the extra cover boundary while Rae hooked Chowdhury to the ropes to register 153 after the innings had been in progress for 157 minutes. Rae's and Stollmeyer's individual scores then were 61 and 86 respectively. Then Mankad replaced Amarnath who had given away 16 runs in 7 overs but Stollmeyer sent him to the ropes with a pretty leg-glide while Chowdhury was sent to the mid-on boundary by Rae with a stinging drive. Then Rae, who was 66 in a total of 164 was dropped by Mankad at short square-leg a right-handed effort when the left-hander tried to turn a ball from Chowdhury to leg and that batsman celebrated by lifting Mankad over mid-on for another glorious six. In the meantime Stollmeyer had got into his nineties and then with a cover-drive off Mankad got to 99 completing his chanceless hundred—his first Test century with a single in the same over in a total of 280 with nine fours as his principal strokes. This effort had occupied him 178 minutes.

Mankad's three overs cost 18 runs and at 183 he was taken-off in favour of Ghulam Ahmed, but runs continued to come fast and Stollmeyer obtained another four by leg-glding Chowdhury. When the total reached 197 Adhikari displaced Chowdhury whose 15 overs had cost him 57 runs and hooking him to the fine-leg boundary Rae caused 202 to appear on board after the innings had lasted exactly 200 minutes. Rae followed up with another four to the same place in Adhikari's first over which cost ten runs and at 211 Chowdhury was brought back with four fielders close in on the leg-side for Rae but without success, and the new ball was eventually taken at 217 when Phadkar and Hazare were entrusted with it. Rae who was then 96 got a two with a squarecut and single with an ondrive off Hazare and with a single of Phadkar completed his second Test century—he made his first hundred at Bombay in the second test—in a stay of 220 minutes with two sixes and five fours as his principal strokes in a total of 223 and then celebrated by hooking Phadkar for the third sixer of the match over fine-leg boundary. Stollmeyer who was then 123 in a total of 237 made his first faulty stroke when he skied Phadkar widish off midon, but Modi failed to get to the catch and the ball fell clear. Then hooking a bumper from Phadkar Rae gave Rege fielding at deep square-leg a two-handed catch which the fielder took in grand style. Rae had batted for 230 minutes for his 109 which included three sixes and five fours and the first wicket fell at 239. This is the biggest first-wicket partnership against India.

WALCOTT JOINS STOLLMEYER

Walcott joined Stollmeyer but although Chowdhury was tried at 242 for Hazare, India could not secure another wicket before tea when the score was 248 for one, Stollmeyer batting 130 and Walcott batting 3, Extras 6.

Chowdhury and Phadkar continued bowling after tea and two singles off the Bengal bowler registered 250 on board after the innings had lasted 245 minutes, Stollmeyer then being 131 and Walcott 4. Then Ghulam Ahmed took over from Chowdhury whose analysis at that stage was 19/272/0. But Walcott hooked a bumper from Phadkar to the ropes with a crashing stroke. The wicket was giving the bowlers not the slightest assistance though they could make the ball turn a lot but this factor did not trouble the batsmen in the least. Walcott promptly despatched a fulltoss from Ghulam Ahmed to the on boundary just wide off Rege fielding close in to the wicket. Phadkar was bowling to only one slip and two leg-slips with an occasional bumper thrown in but Walcott was not to be intimidated and hooked everyone of them to the square leg boundary. Stollmeyer turned Phadkar to the square leg boundary and a little later got his 150 after occupying the crease for 285 minutes in a total of 289. Included in this score were 11 fours. Walcott drove Phadkar to the long-on for a four and when 300 went up the innings had lasted 290 minutes. Stollmeyer's score then was 154 and Walcott's 30. At 296 Amarnath replaced Phadkar and Stollmeyer sent him to the leg boundary with a crashing hook. Walcott hit hard at everything that could be hit and although Phadkar was tried for the last over he could not secure a wicket and when stumps were drawn for the day the West Indies had made 315 for the loss of one wicket.

By Rae

SCORE-BOARD

WEST INDIES (FIRST INNINGS)

A Rae c Rege b Phadkar	109
J. Stollmeyer batting	157
C. Walcott batting	42
Extras	7
Total (for 1 wicket)	315

Fall of wickets:— 1/239.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O	M	R	W
Phadkar	17	2	68	1
Hazare	6	0	23	0
Amarnath	14	4	32	0
Chowdhury	19	1	75	0
Mankad	12	0	41	0
G. Ahmed	22	2	59	0
Adhikari	1	0	10	0

Umpires—Messrs. Joshi and Mohoni.

Dutch Cricketer Sentenced

MOLENAAR GETS 10 YEARS FOR COMPLICITY

ROTTERDAM, Jan. 27 (Reuter): Holland's crack fast bowler, 27-year-old Arie Molenaar, was sentenced today to 10 years' imprisoment for complicity in the murder of Jacob Boer, a shopkeeper at Zandvoort, in March, 1945.

Molenaar had been engaged by Ramsbottom Club, Manchester as a professional for next season, shortly before his arrest on October 8.

Two other men, Hendrick Knipscheer, and Johannes Hersbach, each received 10 years.

The prosecution, which had sought a 15 year sentence for each, said that Molenaar had evolved the plan to rob the shopkeeper, but had not fired the shot. Molenaar admitted this.

The charges against Knipscheer and Hersbach were of having shot Boer, robbed him and buried the body.

ST. XAVIER'S WIN VITAL MATCH

Collegians Maintain Hold On Senior League

BOMBAY, Thursday.

ST. XAVIER'S	1
LUSITANIANS	0

St. Xavier's College "A" had the proud privilege of conquering the star studded Lusitanian's side by a solitary goal scored in the first half of play by that Olympic centre forward, Reggie Rodrigues. St. Xavier's maintain their position at the head of the league table having played a games and scoring 15 points. They have now strengthened their position as they have now only to meet Tata's while the Lusitanian's have still to play Tata's and Kirkee. St. Xavier's have to thank A. Lobo in goal for the numerous saves he brought off.

Lusitanian's who possessed the best defence maintained clearness in their goal area for most of the time but their forwards made several lapses which cost them the match. Leo D'Sa and J. Rodrigues being the worst offenders. On the other side Ferreira, John D'Souza, Williams, D'Costa, Rodrigues and Vaz played an excellent game.

Special mention must be made of referees Abraham and Viswanathan, who seemed to blow to the dictates of the Lusitanian's crowd—a real shame and something to be deplored in first class hockey. Besides referee Abraham was rather late in warning Maxie Vaz for dangerous play.

In the opening stages of play the Collegians missed two open chances when Vaz passed to Lobo who shot wide. Then again Vaz had the goalie at his mercy but shot into him. Then Lusis transferred play and Woodcock, always dangerous ran through and shot but Lobo in goal brought of a smart save then Dias sent in a hard centre which went agog. Then from a clearance to D'Sa to Collegians outer who passed to Rodrigues St. Xavier's obtained their first and only goal when Reggie Rodrigues went through and beat the goalie ends up with a first timer that was classical in all its details. Play was soon transferred to the Collegians goal and it was rather miraculous for the College goal to come clean in a series of dangerous moves. Woodcock missed a positive sitter from Braganza the left outer. Then from a free hit every available forward tried his hand at shooting but Lobo in goal who kept his coolness and nerve saved repeatedly.

St. Xavier's extricated themselves and the Lusitanians goal had a narrow escape when D'Sa ran down passed to Vaz who in turn passed to Williams but Williams was marked offside. Half time was called with the Collegians leading one goal to nil.

On resumption Lusiitanians were pressing and I. D'Sa their centre forward had a glorious chance, beating three defenders he rushed to goal and pushed into Lobo in goal, got his stick again to the ball and passed across the goal mouth, the ball rolled to the outside of the circle from where Braganza scooped and was penalized for scooping into the circle. A series of penalty corners proved of no avail to the Lusis. Then started a period of dangerous play and Maxiie warned, earned the displeasure of referee Abraham warning him for the same. Lusitanians pressed and a few shots were tried but Lobo in goal surprised the crowd with his wonderful saves. The game faded out tamely, the Collegeans triumphing by a solitary goal.

The teams:—

ST. XAVIER'S "A":—A. Lobo, Ferreira, Moses, D'Costa, J. D'Souza, C. Pereira, L. Lobo, G. Williams D. Vaz, R. Rodrigues, M. D'Sa.

LUSITANIAN'S "A":—Menezes, D'Sa, W. D'Souza, F. Gama, P. D'Souza, M. Vaz, S. Dias, L. Woodcock, I. D'Sa, J. Rodrigues, C. Braganza.

Earlier in the evening in the Second Division encounter Bombay Army Area and R.I.N. shared two goals Nayyar scored for B.A.A. while D'Souza scored for R.I.N.

On the Parsi Cyclists ground G.I.P. Railway "C" beat Telephone Club by two goals to nil.

On the Bombay Gymkhana ground Panchgani Parsi O. Boys beat Telegraph R. C. by three goals to nil.

COOPER & KAPADIA BEAT HUSSAIN & MADON

Owen's Steadiness Tells In The End On Bekkevold In C. C. I. Tennis

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Cooper and Kapadia recorded the first major upset this evening in the Cricket Club of India Tennis Tournament when in the Men's Doubles event their steadiness got the better of Afsar Hussain and Madon, two promising players in three sets.

It was a question of patience and steady play pitted against the force and at times rashness on the other hand. And quite naturally the steadiness had the ultimate say. The Parsee Gymkhana had the privilege of beating a very useful pair. Losing the first set at 3-6, Cooper and Kapadia played doggedly and tempting their opponents into making mistakes, which they did, they won the next two sets to win the match.

Another interesting match was played between the ambidextrous invitee from Madras, A. E. Owen and the stylish Bombay player, Finn Bekkevold.

Owen, who only recently was runner-up in the South India Tennis Championships to Kapinapathy, proved to be too steady for his opponent.

Both of them had no net play at all except for Bekkevold who at times did so, and in the ground strokes, Bekkevold the ambidextrous player a veritable retrieving machine, returning apparent winners from all sorts of impossible positions.

Bekkevold went down in two sets, and this victory takes Owen into the quarter final round where he meets Naresh Kumar tomorrow. It should be an interesting match, and if Naresh Kumar makes it a point to come to the net very often, he should not find it difficult to get the better of the South India challenger, who does not possess the passing strokes that might get the better of Naresh at the nets.

The following are the last eight left in the singles in the order of the draw:—

Vasant vs. Afsar Hussain,
Owen vs. Naresh Kumar,
Mahindar Singh vs. K. B. Madon,
Kantanwalla vs. Narendra Nath.

Getting excellent from Mrs. Betty Stewart, Narendra Nath, succeeded in eliminating Naresh Kumar and Miss Vivien Alexy in the quarter-final of the Mixed Doubles.

Mrs. Betty Stewart, has been playing very impressive mixed doubles game throughout the season, and has been a great asset to her partner in this event. Her service has been very good, she has rarely had to serve twice, and her interception at the net has many a time pulled the chestnuts out of the fire for her side.

The All-India Mixed Doubles Champion, Bekkevold and the ex-British Weightman Cup player Miss Joan Ingram entered the semi-final at the expense of Jimmy Mehta and Mrs. Pollard, whom they beat in two straight sets.

In the unfinished match of yesterday, C. Ramaswamy and Miss Laura Woodbridge conceded a walk-over to their opponents Afsar Hussain and Mrs. Singh.

Noor Mohamed beat Khan Din in two straight sets in the Professionals Singles.

It is a pity that this match, which judging by the players should have been the star attraction on any day anywhere in India, should have been played off on an out of the way court, without the knowledge of any body.

The Committee of this Tournament seem to have cooled off as regards then treatment to the Professionals, about whom they were so very enthusiastic in the beginning.

I am sure that the spectators, who pay for their evening's tennis, will get more than their money's worth, if these matches be also kept on the just and second courts, giving also an opportunity to our younger players of watching the play of these front rank exponents of the game.

The following were the results:

Men's Singles

A. E. Owen beat F. Bekkevold, 7-5, 6-4.

Men's Doubles

J. M. Kantawalla and J. M. Mehta beat K. Wattumull and D. N. Dady, 6-1, 6-4; C. J. Cooper and K. H. Kapadia beat K. B. Madan and Afsar Hussain, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2; Naresh Kumar and M. Mahindar Singh beat A. E. Owen and I. H. Shivdasani, 6-4, 6-4.

Ladies Doubles

Miss V. Alexy and Mrs. S. Patwardhan walk over Mrs. Kantawalla and Partner; Miss J. Ingram and Mrs. L. Dayal beat Mrs. Pollard and Mrs. Mudie, 7-5, 6-3; Mrs. B. Stewart and Mrs. Limbray beat Miss V. Alexy and Mrs. Patwardhan, 6-4, 6-2; Miss L. Woodbridge and Miss L. Merchant beat Miss M. Ghasvala and Miss Billimoria, 6-0, 6-1; Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. S. K. Mody beat Miss A. Pavri and Mrs. M. Bhamcha, 6-1, 6-1.

Mixed Doubles

QUARTER FINALS: J. M. Kantawalla and Mrs. S. R. Mody beat K. B. Madan and Miss L. Merchant, 6-1, 6-2; Narendra Nath and Mrs. Betty Stewart beat Naresh Kumar and Miss V. Alexy, 6-2, 6-3; F. Bekkevold and Miss J. Ingram beat J. M. Mehta and Mrs. Pollard, 7-5, 6-2; Afsar Hussain and Mrs. K. Singh w.o. C. Ramaswamy and Miss L. Woodbridge.

Junior's Singles

M. H. Varawalla beat Pratap Singh, 8-6, 1-6, 6-3; M. Butani vs. Y. H. Varawalla, 7-5, 1-6 (unjunished).

Processional's Singles.

Gulam Sarwar beat Ali Akbar, 6-4, 6-4; Noor Mohamed beat Khan Din, 7-5, 6-4.

Friday's Programme

COURT NO. 1: 3-15 P.M.—G. Vasant vs Asfar Hussain; Miss Laura Woodbridge vs. Mrs. L. Dayal; 4-45 p.m. J. M. Kantawalla and Jimmy Mehta vs. C. J. Cooper and K. H. Kapadia.

COURT NO. 2: 3-30 P.M.—K. B. Madan vs K. Mahinder Singh; Mrs. K. Singh vs Mrs. S. R. Mody; Narendra Nath and G. Vasant vs. Naresh Kumar and K. Mhinder Singh.

COURT NO. 3: 3-45 P.M.—Naresh Kumar vs. A. B. Owen; Pratap Singh vs S. C. Mashruwalla; Miss Woodbridge and Miss Merchant vs. Miss Joan Ingram and Mrs. L. Dayal.

COURT NO. 4: 3-30 P.M.—Walimohomed vs. Gulam Sarwar; Noormahomed vs. Jamal Din.

COURT NO. 5: 3-15 P.M.—Narendra Nath vs. J. M. Kantawalla; Narendra Nath and G. Vasant vs. Charanjiva and Fatehsinhji; Mrs. K. Singh and Mrs. S. Mody vs. Mrs. Stawart and Mrs. Limbury.

Rousing Eclipse Stakes Gallop By Deepak Mahal

(BY OUR TRACK REPORTER)

The following trackasials have been noted at Mahaluxmi:—

OUTER TAN—

ZAM ZAM (Kheem) moved freely when covering seven furlongs in 1 minute 37 1/2 seconds. He is quite fit now.

PRINCE OF RAMGARH (Rickaby) was in hand when covering nine furlongs in 2 minutes 6 seconds.

ORIENTAL SPOTLIGHT (Purtu) moved at 3/4 pace over ten furlongs. The grey mare covered the last five in 1 minute 8 seconds. May upset again.

PUT ALL (Mull) held PADSHAH BEGUM (Md. Khan) and PATAKHA (R.B.) when covering six furlongs in 1 minute 21 seconds. Put All is in good form at the moment.

PLUCKY PRINCESS (Mull) had narrow measure of PRINCESS OF HINDUSTAN (Md. Khan) when working over six. She clocked 1 minute 21 1/5 seconds.

BLUE MIST (Rickaby) trounced BLUE ARROW (Rosario) when covering six furlongs in 1 minute 21 seconds. The first-named is likely to run well on Saturday.

RAO SAHEB (Kasbekar) was sent round the course. He failed to impress when covering the last ten in 2 minutes 25 seconds.

DAMYANTI (Deshmukh) showed out from MAGNOLIA (Kasbekar) when covering nine furlongs in 2 minutes 5 1/2 seconds.

BHOPAL STAR (Purtu) covered a mile in 1 minute 53 seconds.

RASHTRAPATI (Rickaby) outstrode YIPEE (R.B.) when sent over six. The first-named timed 1 minute 20 seconds. He needs watching.

DEEPAK MAHAL (Kasbekar) recorded an excellent gallop over ten furlongs. The famous mare who has the Eclipse Stakes at her mercy, recorded 2 minutes 1 1/2 seconds for the last nine furlongs.

BALAM (Kheem) was sent at easy pace round the course. MANDIL (Antoo) joined him at the six. Balam clocked 2 minutes 25 seconds for ten furlongs. The last five were covered in 1 minute 7 seconds.

JAIWANT (Roberts) did a speedy six furlongs in 1 minute 20 seconds.

MASKED PLAYER (Khade) and BIG HEARTED (Evans) strode freely when covering ten furlongs in 2 minutes 24 1/2 seconds.

WINDSOR PARK (Evans) held DINIAR (R.B.) when covering nine furlongs in 2 minutes 5 1/2 seconds.

PAYMASTER (Mull) and POST MASTER (Md. Khan) were in close order at the end of a gallop over nine furlongs. Timing 2 minutes 5 seconds.

THE JUDGE (Khade) covered nine furlongs in 2 minutes 5 1/2 seconds.

PRINCESS VICTORY (R. B.) NAVROZE (Rickaby) and ROHINI (R.B.) were placed in close order when doing the last four in 53 1/2 seconds.

BOLD BANDIT (Chavan) and AZAD HIND (Dashrat) did a four furlongs dash in 50 seconds.

RACE GRASS—

QUEEN OF GWALIOR impressed when sent out with DASHERA (Kasbekar) over six furlongs. She clocked 1 minute 20 seconds.

MA CHERIE (Pierce) was in hand when covering eight furlongs in 1 minute 53 seconds.

JUST WAIT (Khade) had the measure of MISSING LINK (R.B.) when covering six furlongs in 1 minute 20 seconds.

KING SHERIDAN (Evans) moved in front of FLYING ARROW (Russell) and CALTEX (R.B.) was a couple of lengths behind at the end of a gallop over ten furlongs. Timing 2 minutes 20 seconds. The first-named was hard held.

THIS MORNING SPURTS ON TAN-TRACK—

ZAM ZAM (Kheem) did an excellent three furlongs in 35 seconds.

JUBILATION (Dar) was all out when covering three furlongs in 36 seconds.

DASHERA (Deshmukh) held RAO SAHEB (Kasbekar) when covering three furlongs in 37 seconds.

INVADER (—) held GLITTER (R. B.) when covering three furlongs in 36 1/2 seconds.

BAHRAM KHAN (Argade) spared half length from MISSING LINK (Tasi) at the post when covering three furlongs in 36 1/2 seconds. Missing Link was seen moving strongly at the end.

ROBIN ADAIR (J. Bhosle) and FOX-BRISSE (R.B.) covered three furlongs in 36 1/5 seconds.

ORIENTAL SPOTLIGHT (Purtu) was not fully stretched when worked over three. She recorded 35 1/2 seconds and is expected to resist on Saturday.

SNEHPRABHA (Kasbekar) was too good for QUEEN OF GWALIOR (Deshmukh) when covering three furlongs in 35 1/5 seconds.

THE JUDGE (R.B.) recorded 51 1/2 seconds for four furlongs from 10 to 6.

MANIPULATOR (Kader) started six (A. Ahmed) when sent out from the nine. At the six the latter was only a length behind and clocked 39 seconds.

ACCEPTANCES

The following are the Acceptances for Saturday's Races:—

THE UDVADA PLATE (Div. III).—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Rohini 9-0, Peggotty 8-13, Kickshaw 8-9, Amelia 8-8, Lady-in-Wating 8-6, Traitor 8-2, Missing Link 8-0, Mayfair Lady 8-0, Robin Adair 7-12, Bahram Khan 7-12, Zanzavat 7-10.

THE UDVADA PLATE (Div. II).—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Merry Windsor 9-4, Son of a Gun 9-1, Shirazi 8-9, Ajinkya Tara II 8-9, Indiana 8-9, Jouette 8-9, Glitter 8-7, My Chance 8-5, Princess Victory 8-4, Peppermint 7-10, Prince Jehangir 7-10.

THE SIMLA PLATE (Div. I).—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Grace 9-2, Mandil 8-13, Invader 8-11, My Pet 8-11, Wood Nymph 8-10, Rashtrapati 8-10, Blue Mist 8-9, Queen of Gwallor 8-8, Hikmet 8-7, Akash Deep 8-5, Gay Pilot 8-5, Abbess 8-4, Hooded Terror 8-2, Azad Hind 8-0, Carnival Queen 7-12, Patent Bid 7-9.

THE MITHALAK PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Parting Summer 9-2, Pankaj 7-4, Full House 8-11, Zam Zam 8-10, Sunbathing 8-3, Fair Haven 8-9, Post Master 8-6, Snehprabha 8-1, Repartee 8-0, Boop's Fancy 8-0, Simon's Sister 7-10, Je Reviens 7-10, Foxbrisse 7-5.

THE C. N. WADIA GOLD CUP.—Distance about 1 1/2 miles.

Priorate 9-3, Jeanne D'Arc 9-1, Ferial 8-10, Jane Jigar 7-9, Some Treasure 7-4, Kirti 7-4, Navvara 7-4, Oriental Spotlight 7-2, Mimizan 7-0, Rao Saheb 7-0.

THE SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR PLATE—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

King Sheridan 9-2, Diniar 9-2, Pay Master 9-2, Near Image 9-1, Black Page 8-13, Cocktop 8-12, Stylish Lady 8-8, The Judge 8-6, Chocolate Baby 8-4, Dragon Seed 8-3, Once Again 8-1, Baaz Bahadur 8-0, Windsor Park 7-11, Sweet Serenade 7-11, Here Again 7-7.

THE INDIAN OAKS.—Distance about 1 1/2 miles.

Show On 8-7, Liberty Belle 8-7, Sweet Maryla 8-7, Shubh Luxmi 8-7, Ma Cherie 8-7, Brave Anna 8-7, Fitna 8-7, Big Hearted 8-7.

THE SIMLA PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mah-I-Nau 9-1, Gold Ribbon 9-0, Just Wait 8-10, Gentle Whisper 8-9, Lady Cleopatra 8-9, Dashera 8-8, Sweetie Shah 8-6, Gori 8-2, Bold Bandit 8-5, Mirella 8-4, Star Saphire 8-2, Put All 8-2, Nargis 7-6.

THE UDVADA PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Asoka 9-0, Vie On 9-5, Marlow 8-12, Rival 8-13, Blue Arrow 8-10, Trunk Call 8-9, Navroze 8-7, Vagabond Queen 8-3, Plucky Princess 8-3, Jubilation 8-3.

F. A. Gets £ 14,327 From Olympic Proceeds

LONDON, Jan. 27 (Reuter)—The sum received by the Football Association as a result of the Olympic games football tournament was £14,327, it was announced here today.

AUSTRALIAN TENNIS

Miss Hart To Meet Mrs. Bolton In Final

ADELAIDE, Jaduary 27. (Reuter): Mrs. Nancye Wynne Bolton, the holder, will defend her Women's Singles title against Miss Doris Hart, the United States Wightman Cup player, in the fidal of the Australian Lawn Tennis Championships.

In the semi-finals played here today, Mrs. Bolton beat Mrs. M. Lond 6—4, 6—2, while Miss Hart defeated Mrs. R. Baer 6—3, 6—1.

The Men's Doubles final will be between John Bromwich and Adrian Quist, the holders and Geoff Brown and Bill Sidwell.

Bromwich and Quist beat Jack Crawford and Harry Hopman who played for Australia in 1939 Davis Cup by 3 '6, 6—2,, 6—2, 6—1.

In the semi-finals, Brown and Sidwell beat Colid Long and Frank Sedgman 8—10, 6—2, 9—7, 6—1.

AINTREE HANDICAPS

Irish And Frech Horses To Carry Top Weights

LONDON, Jan. 27 (Reuter)—Irish candidate Cottage Rake and the French champion, Radeo, share top-weight for the Grand National steeplechase to be run at Aintree, Liverpool, on March 26, the weights for which were announced today.

Each is set to carry 12 stone 5 pounds. Last year's winner Sheila's Cottage, is not entered, but the runner up, First of the Dandies, is allotted 10 stone 12 pounds and last year's third, Cromwell, 11 stone 3 pounds

Of the 91 entries, 28 are grouped together with botton weight of 10 stone.

INTER-'VARSITY TENNIS

ANNAMALAINAGAR, Jan. 26 (API)—In the finals of the Inter-University Tennis Tournament (South Zone) Seshadri (Madras) beat Eapen (Travancore) 1-6, 6-2, 6-0 and Renganathan (Madras) beat Madhavan Nair (Travancore) 4-6, 8-6, 6-1.

In the men's doubles, Eapen and Madhavan Nair (Travancore) beat Seshadri and Renganathan (Madras) 7-5, 6-1.

Madras leads Travancore by 2-1.

The rest of the finals will be played on the 27th instant.

KHALSA ENTER FINALS

Inter-College Hockey Tournament

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Khalsa College entered the finals of the Inter-College Hockey Tournament by beating Podar College by four goals to one.

Both sides were even in the first half scoring once. Alphonso scored for Khalsa and Figuerdo equalized. On resumption Aiva scored for Khalsa, then Mendonca shot the third goal and Dennis completed the tally.

Parel Hockey League

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The following were the results of the Hockey matches played at Parel:—

Division II: General Motors 1, Young Christians 0.

Khatau S. C. 2. St. Xavier's "D" 1.

Division III: Khar Selected 1, Mahim Young Boys 0.

B.B. & C.I. Police w.o. Tata S. C. "B".

Fr. Palacious League: Little Flower H. S. 1, Don Bosco H. S. 0.

INTER-PROVINCIAL HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (API): The Inter-Provincial Hockey Tournament for men will start from February 26 announces the Secretary of the Delhi Hockey Association. The Hockey Tournament will commence after the close of the men's tournament.

DELHI OLYMPICS

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): Over 250 athletes from the various provinces and states of India are expected to participate in the fourteenth All-India Atheletic Championships, which will be held at the Irwin Amphitheatre, New Delhi, on February 12 and 13.

An organizing committee has been formed to make all arrangements in connection with the championships.

The championships will be opened with full Olympic ceremonies on February 11 at 2-15 p.m.

RANJI TROPHY CRICKET

JAMSHEDPUR, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): The second round East Zone Ranji Trophy match between Bihar and Holkar will be held at Keenan Stadium, Jamshedpur on February 12, 13, 14, and 15, it is learnt.

The Holkar side will reach Jamshedpur on February 10 under the captaincy of C. S. Nayudu.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY

Association Ground

3 p.m. St. Xavier's vs. Sydenham (Inter-College semi-finals).

4 p.m. Goan Sports "B" vs. Young Rovers (Division III Championship).

5-15 p.m. Bombay vs. Rest (Practice).

St. Xavier's Ground, Parel

3 p.m. Mazagaon Docks vs. Black Spiders.

4 p.m. R. I. N. vs. B.E.S.T.

5 p.m. G. I. P. "B" vs. St. Xavier's Assn.

G.I.P. Ground, Parel

3 p.m. Tata "B" vs. E. C. & R. I. S.

4 p.m. Rutis vs. Byculla Loco.

5 p.m. Goans "B" vs. Mazagaon Institute.

TENNIS

C. C. I. Courts

3-15 p.m. C. C. I. Open Tennis Championship.

The Bombay Chronicle

Fear has no place in our hearts, when we have shaken off attachment for wealth, for family and the body. "Enjoy the things of the earth by renouncing them" is a nobler precept.

—MAHATMA GANDHI

FACING REALITIES

We are glad that, in his speech in the House of Commons, Mr. Ernest Bevin did better than when he addressed the Foreign Press Association the previous day. He has realised the significance of the Asian Conference recently held in New Delhi and has explained it too to M.P's in fairly unequivocal language. Mr. Bevin very rightly warned the House that it would be very unwise for Britain to ignore the phenomenon of the conference. The most vital significance of this phenomenon is that Asia can no longer stand domination of any Asian country or people by this or that imperialist country of Europe. The urgent and immediate issue was Indonesia. And it behoves Mr. Bevin as a virtually self-confessed obligation to begin acting in accordance with his own warning Britain has, to put it quite mildly, been playing an extremely dubious part in the Dutch-Indonesian conflict and Britain's contributions in this connection to the efforts of the Security Council are such as to need a forceful reminder to Mr. Bevin that "it would be very unwise for this country to ignore the phenomenon of the recent Asian Conference in Delhi." Nor did Mr. Bevin ignore the future possibilities and role of this conference, the first of its kind in history. It will, as Mr. Bevin believes, play "a very big part as a cohesive power in the years to come, both in the United Nations and elsewhere." This role involves that Asian countries will not cohere with the one or other of the rival European blocs but would work to reconcile their differences in so far as those differences tended to militate against the peace and progress of the world.

Mr. Bevin dealt also with the situation and problems of the Middle East. And he made a very remarkable statement. Very justly pleading that his own Government was not responsible for the Palestine problem—he, however, omitted to acknowledge that his own party and fellow-labourites were no less enthusiastic in creating the problem in 1918 and after—but had only inherited it, he let escape sentences from his lips which deserve notice. Here is the report:

> He said the Balfour Declaration promised the same thing to two peoples and added, "if the burden is difficult now, it is because the statesmen of those days did not face the problem fearlessly, resolutely and finally." It was no service to posterity to take refuge in contradictory statements to Arabs and Jews

This wail of a man who is in the plight of being "faced with a problem to which there was no real solution", is a historic and noteworthy confession made for the first time by any responsible British Minister. It constitutes at long last an open acceptance of the fact that in respect of Palestine Britain's conduct, in 1918, was double-faced and that she deliberately spoke with two voices. And, so far as the Arabs are concerned, this confession fully vindicates their charge that Britain behaved perfidiously towards them in the matter of their right to their thousand year homeland.

But what now? It seems to us that, while complaining of one set of contradictions by an earlier British Government and its members, Mr. Bevin is himself resorting to another set of contradictions. He is withholding British recognition 'de facto' of Israel because he is consulting the Dominions about it and because some of them—meaning Ceylon, India and Pakistan, especially Pakistan—are strongly opposed to such recognition. That being so where is the consistency in emphasising simultaneously that he recognises Israel to be a fact? Moreover, Mr. Bevin asserted with unreserved loyalty that Britain and the United States saw eye to eye on their basic Middle Eastern economic and security policy and that the U. S. and Britain were determined to prevent the Middle East from becoming a "second Balkan area". U. S. economic and security policy in the Middle East is based on recognition of, and full support to, Israel. To see eye to eye simultaneously with India and Pakistan and the United States is, therefore, an ocular feat which is rather difficult to follow. Moreover, creating an alien Jewish state in the heart of the Arab world and in the homeland of the Arabs and preventing the Middle East from becoming a "second Balkan area" are mutually contradictory. Mr. Bevin, we may admit, has been trying to face realities, but he seems to be in danger eventually of seeking escape from them in something similar to those Balforian acrobatics, against which he complained so plaintively. There is only too great truth in the statement that peace and security in the Middle East have a vital bearing on the peace and security of the world. But they cannot be achieved by Balkanisation to which the Middle East is being condemned.

The Women's Conference

The All-India Women's Conference which met at Gwalior, is a remarkable organisation which managed during the worst days of communal dissension to weather the storm and stand fast as a symbol of Indian unity. There were internal differences—what organisation is free from them?—but the differences were all concerning the work to be done. A few ardent souls in the Conference desired to extend the work of the Conference and were impatient of the women who, they thought, were inclined to regard social work as the pastime of the leisured social, or even society, woman. But it is to the credit of all sections in the Conference that the organisation stood the strain and has emerged all the stronger for it. Today when one of speakers asserts that social work is something more serious than condescending service, it is a remark which is robbed of its sting and can be considered with a certain detachment. For through all its years of work, the Women's Conference has undergone a change that was as real as it was gradual and subtle.

In her Presidential Address to the Conference, Mrs. Urmila Mehta dwelt on the necessity of developing a "new social consciousness". That she was consciously understating the case is clear from her next remark that "in awakening this, the women of India can play no insignificant part." There has been a growing realisation that there exists very little social consciousness and that the nation is the poorer on that account. It would not be possible if there was social consciousness for the frequent demonstrations of the paradox of poverty and plenty existing side by side, of need and waste. Not only can the women of India play "no insignificant part" in rousing Indians to a sense of their duty to their neighbours, they can do everything. Those who are familiar with the history of the social reform movement in this country, will recall the changing role played by women in it. In the early days, they were not very enthusiastic to change; later they were used as excuses by men who were not anxious to move fast enough; and still later, they could no longer be exploited in this fashion since they were themselves in the forefront of the reformers. It is true that politics brought them out as it were in a body. But with the achievement of political freedom, it is fitting that they should turn their attention to social questions.

The Presidential Address covered a wide range of subjects. It showed both that women have gained an unquestioned right of entering public life and that they are prepared to accept their full share of responsibility. The policy of New India, as it has been effectively demonstrated, is one of equal opportunity in all spheres of life. And that it is being carried out without ostentation is another sign of its general acceptance. Mrs. Urmila Mehta had a great deal to say on Labour questions, on the privations suffered by the middle classes, and on several political questions. It is only a carping mind which will object to this width of outlook as an intrusion on what has been the preserve of men. There is no reason why a women's conference should not be asked to consider these problems so long as men's minds are engaged on them. So far as the economic situation goes, the hardships of the daily struggle to make both ends meet are as real, if not more so, to women as it is to men, whether the women are housekeepers or wage-earners. As a matter of fact, even social questions require the attention of both if early and effective change is to be effected. We would, generally speaking, welcome a rest from pure politics and a greater attention to the other aspects of life which have suffered from gross neglect for so many years but it would be supercilious to press the demand only on one section of society.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Mr. Bevin declared: "This Government did not create the Palestine problem."

He said the Balfour Declaration promised the same thing to two people, and added, "If the burden is difficult now, it is because the statesmen of those days did not face the problem fearlessly, resolutely and finally".

It was no service to posterity to take refuge in contradictory statements to Arabs and Jews, he said.

—COMMONS REPORT

* * *

At the "Remembrance Day" meeting in Delhi, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru denouncing the R.S.S. declared that "the India of tomorrow will be great provided its people possess sound minds."

The R. S. S. are patriotically doing better. For the sake of the India of tomorrow they are trying to possess minds which are both sound and fury.

* * *

Aprop of the reported withdrawal of the Frontier tribesmen from Kashmir a "tribal commander" is said—by a Rawalpindi report—to have told a Pakistan Army observer that should things go wrong they would return "and they will not need a call-up".

The U. N. Commission had better beware. It should bow respectfully and give a humble undertaking to the "tribal commander" and-er-the Pakistan Army "observer" that it will do everything to make, if necessary, things go "right."

* * *

By the way, while we are duly impressed by what the "tribal commander" told the Pakistan Army "observer", could we be informed of what Pakistan told the tribesmen?

(Yes, we know from the Rawalpindi report, that they were "assured by Pakistan" about a plebiscite, nevertheless we do wish we are informed of what Pakistan has told the tribesmen).

* * *

It would, declared Mr. Ernest Bevin in the Commons, be very unwise for Britain to ignore the phenomenon of the recent Asian Conference in Delhi.

If this represents dawning of sense on the patrons and supporters of the Dutch we welcome it. Mr. Bevin is quite right. It would be very unwise, very very unwise, for Britain to ignore the phenomenon of the recent Asian Conference.

* * *

This Asian Conference of countries ranging from Burma to Turkey and Egypt will, Mr. Bevin further believed "play a very big part as a cohesive power in the years to come, both in the United Nations and elsewhere."

It appears as if British statesmen are really beginning to see and foresee things.

* * *

Twitted in the Commons for his support in 1918 to the anti-Bolshevik generals Denikin and Kolchak, Mr. Churchill exclaimed "the day would come when it will be recognised .. throughout the civilised world that the strangling of Bolshevism at its birth would have been an untold blessing to the human race."

How we wish Imperialism and the Churchillian brand of civilisation" had been strangeled at their birth or soon after.

Meanwhile, we congratulate Mr. Churchill on again making himself useful internationally.

* * *

Said Mrs. Urmila Mehta, president of the twenty-first session of the All-India Women's Conference: "What our country needs today is a ned social conscience. And in awakening this the women of India can play no insignificant part."

More trouble in the offing.

GOVERNMENT AND BAN ON R. S. S.

Lifting Of Ban Would Provoke Last Year's Disturbances

BY 'ROMANUS CIVIS'

The letter of Mr. Kodanda Rao of the Servants of India Society published in the "Chronicle" of January 24 reveals, among other things, a complete lack of appreciation of the actual position of the RSS organization and the wide and disastrous repercussions that must follow, at least in our province, if the RSS organization were legalized by the Central or provincial governments.

PERMANENT PROVOCATION

Last week, a Bombay Marathi-language Hindusabha daily, in an editorial drew the attention of the Government and public to the dangers of the rumour, that was being circulated it said, of a plan to re-enact the tragic Deccan disturbances on January 30, and the need of checking such panicky rumours. I have not come across even a breath of this rumour in the district press, and the fear expressed is completely baseless. But it is certainly significant, insofar as it echoes the feeling of panic that lurks in the Hindusabha—RSS mind. It is, in fact, a portent and calls for a thorough diagnostic exploration in the interests of peace and tranquility in our province.

As the collapse of the RSS 'satyagraha' has shown, the RSS organization has been demoralized and failed to obtain the results it expected from its agitational manoeuvre. Golwalkar's call for switch-off of the satyagraha further confirms this. But Mr. Kodanda Rao and others who are demanding lifting of the ban on the ground that the RSS cannot after all create any trouble if the ban on the organization were lifted ignore just the one aspect of the situation that is vitally important. It is the aspect of the RSS constituting a permanent provocation to the elements in the political and social setup of our province that must culminate in disturbance of the peace.

Mr. Kodanda Rao apparently ignores the fact that, when the people throughout our province, maddened by the news of Gandhiji's murder, staged their 'reprisals' mostly, in many cases, against men, women and children who had nothing to do with the communalist propaganda that had culminated in the irretrievable loss of the nation, the Bombay Government's arrests of known leaders of the Hindusabha and RSS organizations and had saved the lives of the arrested persons. The Government, at the same time, adopted the strongest measures to put down incendiarism and acts of lawlessness and brought the situation under control in record time.

DEVIL QUOTES

Paradoxically enough, the situation was saved for the communalists by the Government they have continued to abuse, misrepresent and vilify as foully as possible. And the continued ban on the RSS produces the same effect of protecting the men of the RSS and Hindusabha—the two are clearly indistinguishable—against mob fury. So long as the ban continues, the Government can maintain a firm grip on the situation and successfully prevent any outbreak of violence. The Socialists, Communists and other political opponents of the present Government are even now accusing the Government of being 'soft' towards the RSS and other communalist organizations, and exploiting the situation by organising 'rallies' and demonstrations for their political aims.

Curiously enough, the men who want the Government to arrest all communalists 'en masse' are, at the same time, invoking the ethics of civil liberties and sanctions of the Roman law, and citing the decisions of the Bombay High Court in the habeas corpus petitions, and accusing the Bombay Government of being 'fascist.' Most rabid communalists who have always incited beatings-up and other picturesque procedure have today become the biggest defenders of the sanctity of the British law. Poona reports show that the workers of the Anti-Communalist Front in that city are every day manhandled by their opponents of the Communalist Front who, in their newspapers, are swearing by the Bombay High Court and mounting the slogans of democracy. Mr. Kodanda Rao, Mr. N. M. Joshi and other 'honest brokers' who are today playing the role of defenders of 'civil liberties' are evidently turning a blind eye to the doctrinal background and teaching of the RSS organization which is calculated to arouse communal suspicion, distrust and animosities not between Hindus and Muslims, as Mr. Kodanda Rao assumes, but between the various sections amongst the Hindus.

GOVERNMENT'S DUTY

Mr. Bhopatkar's latest manoeuvre clearly shows that the Hindusabha is persisting in pressing the Sahukari, Zamindari and other interests in a common front built up with the use of slogans of democracy. In the villages of Maharashtra, RSS agents are today citing the anti-untouchability and tenancy legislation of the Government as seeking to ruin and destroy the Herrenvolk of Hinduism and asking them to join in action that is intended to achieve their security and security of their interests. The natural reaction to this from the long-suffering victims of social and theocratic injustice and oppression takes the form of hatred of the masses of non-Brahmin and other sections of the population.

All men of goodwill whose patriotism and social instinct prompt them to uphold the values of peaceful and progressive existence will certainly support any action the Government takes to discharge its responsibility for maintaining peace by dealing, without fear or favour, justly with all sections of the population with the use of the authority it possesses. Men whose "raison d'etre" constitutes a challenge to the values of democracy and peaceful existence do not possess any right to cite the sanctions of democracy which they repudiate with their own ideological approach. Since the ban on the RSS organization was imposed, a number of RSS men have published in the Marathi-language press their revelations which must sicken and fill with shame civilized persons. There is clearly a strong anti-RSS sentiment in the country, and if the RSS is allowed to carry on its provocative propaganda, disturbance of the peace is inevitable. No responsible Government can take this risk, and no sane person would ask it to take it.

OVER SIX CRORES SAVINGS EFFECTED BY PRIORITIES COMMITTEE

Bombay Government's Anti-Inflationary Measure

The Expenditure Priorities Committee of the Government of Bombay has, after scrutinising all the large items of expediture for the current financial year, whether approved in the last budget or received for sanction during the course of the year, decided to drop an expenditure amounting to about Rs. 16 lakhs altogether, postpone to the coming financial year items costing about Rs. 53 laghs and defer to a still later date some other proposals costing about Rs. 2.56 crores.

The Committee, which consists of the Finance Minister, the Chief Secretary and the Finance Secretary, also examined all the new schemes of expenditure proposed to be included in the forthcoming budget and decided to omit an amount of Rs. 3.15 crores in all — Rs. 1.82 crores in revenue expenditure and Rs. 1.33 crores in capital works.

SCHEME OF PRIORITY

In reaching these decisions, the Committee was guided by the scheme of priorities laid down by the Government in pursuance of its anti-inflationary policy. Under this scheme, subject to a reservation in favour of minimum essential expenditure on administration and particularly on law and order, all expenditure on items of development was to take precedence over that on other items. It was further laid down that productive schemes, that is to say, schemes productive of food and other essential consumers' goods, should have priority over unproductive schemes. Among the productive schemes, those which gave quick results were to be preferred to long-term schemes; and the quantum of production was also to be taken into consideration as one of the deciding factors. As between different heads of development, the following order of priority was prescribed: agriculture and irrigation; housing, electricity and industries education; communication; public health; co-operation; labour welfare; and various semi-commercial schemes such as nationalisation of riod transport.

The Committee, which began its work last November, meets at least twice a week to scrutinise new proposals for expenditure in the light of these priorities and to take decisions on behalf of the Government. The Committee has been specially enjoined to ensure, in pursuance of one of the anti-inflationary directives from the Government of India, that revenue expenditure is well within revenue receipts, and that capital expenditure is so regulated that reserves are not drawn upon or securities sold. The decision of the Committee can be questioned only by the full Cabinet.

TARABAI TEACHERS' COLLEGE

Misunderstanding Clarified

The P.R.O., Kolhapur State, in a press note states:

"It has come to the notice of Government of Kolhapur that certain rumours are afloat to the effect that Shree Maharani Tarabai Teachers' College will be closed down from the next year. It is likely that these rumours have arisen due to an incorrect interpretation of the Press Note issued by the Kolhapur Government on 23rd October 1948 inviting private Educational Societies to forward offers for taking over and conducting the Training College.

The Government desire to make it quite clear to the public that there is no intention to close down this College. Government only desire to explore the possibilities of handing over this College to a well-established Educational Society. If no such Society comes forward to conduct the College, the Government intend to continue the College and to develop it further in view of the urgent importance of training of school teachers.

Students, who intend to secure admission to the college, are requested to obtain forms of application for admission for the year 1949-50 from the Principal, Shree Maharani Tarabai Teachers' College."

The Administrator of the Kurla Municipality has been nominated as a member of the Bombay Suburban District Backward Class Committee, in place of the President of that Municipality, which was superseded recently.

LARGE SURPLUS FOR B. P. T.

Administration Report For 1947-48

A large surplus of Rs. 115 lakhs mainly due to abnormal incomes was shown by the Bombay Port Trust during the year 1947-48 according to its administration report published this year.

The heavy congestion in the Docks due to the diversion of traffic from Karachi and the shortage of transport and storage accommodation in the City brought in demurrage revenue of Rs. 3 lakhs. The arrears of Government bills collected during the year on account of war-time transactions amounted to Rs. 100 lakhs. The revenue from Government transactions in 1938-39 was Rs. 2 lakhs only. These two factors alone were responsible for an abnormal income of Rs. 200 lakhs. If this large sum is deducted from the apparent surplus' of the year, there would have been an actual deficit of Rs. 85 lakhs on the year's working. In the meanwhile the Trustees are committed, and committed more or less permanently, to a recurring additional expenditure of Rs. 145 lakhs on account of the large increase of wages, salaries, allowances and other service benefits which have been granted to staff since 1938-39.

REVENUE & EXPENDITURE

The total revenue (excluding Special Receipts, for the year was Rs. 550.27 lakhs as against Rs. 469.42 lakhs in the year 1946-47. The total expenditure (Excluding Special Expenditure) was Rs. 435.73 lakhs.

The total Expenditure on Capital account since the institution of the Trust amounts to Rs. 25.22 crores, from which a sum of Rs. 2.07 crores has to be deducted, being the book value of assets which are extinct and have been written off.

TONNAGE OF CARGO

The total weight of cargo handled at the Docks and Bunders amounted to 6.37 millions tons as compared with 5.28 million in 1946-47 and 5.10 millions in 1938-39.

The cargo handled at the Docks amounted to 5,249,601 tons which shows a substantial increase as compared to previous year. The comparative figures for the past three years show:

	Imports	Exports
1945-46	3,183,637	1,547,991
1946-47	2,938,875	1,194,391
1947-48	3,821,237	1,428,364

The traffic at the new Ferry Wharf showed an increase in the number of passengers in spite of a slight reduction in the number of sailings.

VOLUME OF TRAFFIC

There was a rise in the volume of foreign inward and outward traffic as compared with the year 1946-47. The figures for 1946-47 and 1947-48 in terms of tonnage were 2,193,600 and 2,519,500 respectively.

The number of vessels which entered the Port during the year was 2,780 of 10.78 million gross registered tons as against 2,578 of 9.52 million tons in 1946-47. The average number of acts of pilotage per pilot varied from 49.6 in October 1947 to 34.13 in August 1947.

The number of vessels handled by the Pilots in 1947-48 was 4,198 as against 4,291 in 1946-47. The largest vessel that entered the Port during the year was H.T. "Georgis" gross-tonnage 27,268, draft 28'—6" and the largest tank steamer was S.S. "Forbes Road" gross tonnage 10,449.

The Port Trust incurred a total expenditure of Rs. 16.28 lakhs on some more important works. A new 12" pipe-line from Pier Pan to Wadala for discharge of white oil and construction of a shed at Carnac Bunder were some of the works undertaken by the authorities during the year.

The total tonnage of vessels admitted to Dry Docks amounted to .55 million tons during the year, as compared with .79 million tons during 1946-47. There was a decrease both in the number of vessels docked and in the total tonnage as compared with the previous year.

The largest vessel docked was S.S. "Mooltan", 20,952 tons, length 600'-8", beam 78'-4".

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Linguistic Provinces

In spite of every effort to remove the linguistic provinces controversy from current discussion, it is unfortunate that leading persons from the Congress Party itself for persisting in keeping up an agitation. The latest to the contribute to the argument is Mr. Shankkarrau Deo, General Secretary of the Congress, who has pleaded for linguistic provinces in general and for the Maharashtra Province in particular. Mr. Deo asserts that unless the principle of linguistic provinces is accepted, there will be no real peoples' raj. This is a rather tall order. We do not have linguistic provinces today but no one will, for that reason, assert that we are without popular governments. Nor can it be reasonably maintained that efficiency has suffered because of the multi-lingual character of the existing units. As a matter of fact, if one looks into the subject, it will be seen that efficiency is not particularly prominent in the linguistic provinces that are already in existence. Mr. Deo himself observes that "the question is not so simple as it appears to be on the surface." This being admitted, is it not true that every effort at simplifying it leads only to more confusion? There is a Committee, fully competent, to consider the whole question. It is not necessary either to anticipate its findings or to seek to influence it by ex parte pronouncements. We would appeal to all parties to accept a verbal "ceasefire" and to allow the Committee to pursue its enquiry in an unprejudiced atmosphere.

No Scapegoats

The Madras law to prohibit animal sacrifice in temples throughout the province is a step which is long overdue. As a matter of fact, after Buddhism, animal sacrifice became practically restricted and there are few temples at which it is encouraged. The greater problem is eradicating animal and bird sacrifice outside temples. It has been known that machinery which exacted too heavy a toll in accidents, has been sought to be appeased by the sacrifice of fowl. The basis of sacrifice is wholly wrong. It either proceeds from a belief that one's sins can be transferred to some animal—from which we get the word "scapegoat"—or from the idea of an irrationally irate deity who must be fed with blood and flesh, to keep it humanly well-behaved. The Madras Act in this respect does not go far enough; nor is it easy to understand why a ban on animal sacrifice should be restricted to one community alone. The Constitution now under consideration guarantees freedom to all to practise their religion, subject to public morality, order and good health. There have been arguments in praise of animal sacrifice, as there can be arguments in support of almost any practice. But nothing has been said to commend sacrifice. It is a subject to be seirously considered whether the Madras Act shou'd not be extended to prohibit all animal sacrifice.

The Common Cold

Some common illusions about the common cold are supported, others destroyed, by Dr. Trevor Williams, of the "Endeavour", who reports on a 30-month research under the auspices of the British Ministry of Health at Salisbury in Harvard Hospital. Although the investigators were hampered by the fact that all "known animals—except chimpanzees" are free of this devastating malady, they did not allow it to stop their investigations. Hedgehogs, monkeys, rats, ferrets and mice were unaffected; the virus was not even able to thrive in incubating hen's eggs. Dr. Williams observes with pathetic gloom, "The cold virus which can for a few days reduce the strongest man to misery, was apparently unable to thrive in the delicate tissues of an unhatched chick." With this introduction which shows how hard it is to study the common cold. Dr. Williams passes on to deal with some popular ideas. It is reassuring to be told that the "two main schools of thought"—that which says colds are caught from other sufferers and the one which attributes it to cold feet and draughts—may both be right. But the necessary ground must be provided by the body's resistance being lowered—a statement broad enough to cover all disease. Dr. Williams damns the handkerchief and sensing the dangers lurking in a carelessly flourished kerchief suggests that all handkerchiefs should be "suitably impregnated with some disinfectant" every time it is laundered.

As We Were

Under refrigeration, the secretions retain their infective powers for even more than two years. In small communities, says Dr. Williams, the old virus dies out in a "few weeks" if there is no outside infection brought in. In Spitzbergen the community is free of colds from the time the last ships leaves in winter to the coming in of the first ship in spring; in Tristan da Cunha, ships which make a long trip, bring no colds, whilst the shorter voyages are cold-infected. Another unpleasant point is that the infection is present fully 24 hours before the sufferer is aware of it, and some people without colds seem to be carriers of the virus. All of which leads us back to where we were. As aptly put by Harry Graham, "we would gladly give our weight in gold, to cure in ordinary cold." But the research may help by keeping off officious advisers to the suffering.

OPEN AIR

Among the most hardy of our wild shrubby plants is the Madar, and it looks very attractive when we see it growing on the roadside, for it seems to go on flowering almost throughout the year. The flowers, which grow in loose clusters at the ends of the thick fleshy stems, are five-pettalled and are generally pale bluish-mauve in colour. When I was out this evening, however, I saw a plant which bore creamy-white flowers and it looked really beautiful, and quite worthy of a place in the flower garden. The leaves are large and oval in shape, and grow in opposite pairs up the stem. They are covered with a fine silver down which gives them a grey appearance and helps them to resist the effect of the hot dry wind. Both the leaves and the stem give out a poisonous milky juice when broken and children should be warned not to touch them, however tempting it may be to pluck the pretty flowers. Although the leaves are avoided by cattle on account of this acid juice, the poison does not seem to affect caterpillars, and we often see these of the Crow Butterfly feeding on this plant.

D. R.

MADAR

MENACE TO S. AFRICA'S INDUSTRIAL POTENTIAL

Union Assembly Debates Malan's Amendment To Smuts' No-Confidence Motion

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 27 (Reuter)—The South African House of Assembly was meeting today to resume the debate on Prime Minister Daniel Malan's amendment to former Premier Smuts' motion of "no-confidence" in the Government's handling of racial and economic problems.

Mr. P.V.G. Van Der Byl, Minister of Native Affairs in the Smuts Government, told the Assembly yesterday that the General's United Party had repeatedly proved that Dr. Malan's policy of race separation could not be carried out without destroying South Africa's industrial and mining potential and the stability of race relations.

Mr. Van Der Byl said he personally stood for the white race in South Africa. He did not favour social or political equality between the Whites and the non-Whites.

"Instead of tackling the main problem of race relations, the Government is tackling small issues which are calculated to create the greatest hate and bitterness and mistrust of the Whites", he said.

The Government wanted to abolish the common franchise of Cape coloured people on the grounds that they would eventually swamp the White voters, Mr. Van Der Byl said.

"But there are only 900,000 coloured people, against White population of 1,600,000", he added.

ONLY WAY TO PROMOTE GOOD RELATIONS

Nationalist (Government) Member D.C. De Wet Nel said that when the Government's policy of separation was fully explained to the African people, they would support it solidly "in the knowledge that it was the only way to promote good relations between the White and the non-White on a lasting basis."

No one had done more to disrupt good race relations than Mrs. Margaret Ballinger, an African representative in Parliament, Mr. Nel said.

He said that Mrs. Ballinger, instead of representing the Africans who had elected her, was "a self-appointed representative of the Indians."

Of Mr. Sam Khan, newly-elected Communist member, Mr Nel said: "he is responsible not to Africans but to Stalin. He takes his orders, not from his African electorate but from Moscow."

SECOND AMENDMENT

Opposition Labour Member J. Christie today tabled a second amendment in the South African Assembly to General Jan Smuts motion of no-confidence in Prime Minister Daniel Malan's Nationalist Government for its handling of racial and economic problems.

The amendment called on the Government to appoint a commission of both Houses to consider the Government's policy of racial separation.

It asked for this commission to examine the officially-declared racial policies of the various parliamentary parties, and the findings of the Pagan Native Laws Commission—which made certain recommendations on the question.

Dr. Malan yesterday tabled an amendment to the motion calling for a common of both Houses to consider detailed application of the Governments policy of racial separation and linking it with a declaration of confidence in the Government and its policy.

Finance Minister N. C. Havenga, Africaner Leader and only, member of that party in the Cabinet, intervened in today's debate to declare that his puarty would vote against the motion and for the Prime Minister's amendment.

"IF VOLCANO BURSTS"

Mr. Christie said the Premier's amendment would provide a breathing space. He was sure that if the Government accepted his own amendment, the whole House would agree to it.

"We want to remove what today is a volcano," he declared. "If that volcano bursts, it might have consequences that no one could know of today."

The uneasy feeling in Durban—irrespective of what might have caused the recent disturbances there—and feeling between Europeans, Indians and Africans seemed as though it would be necessary to keep a standing force in the town until a decision had been made on future policy, he added.

"If you take up the line that the South Africa Act is the constitution and at the same time is not the constitution, the quicker we set up a constitution of our own, the better it will be for the country," Mr. Christie said.

22 ZULUS KILLED?

Sequel To Clash With Rival Tribesmen

WEENAN, NATAL, Jan. 27 (Reuter): Natal Police today reported that the Mtembu—a Zulu tribe—had called on their centuries old rivals, the Mcunus to battle.

Using four aircraft, the police located several hundred Mtembus ten miles from Weenan, near the scene of fighting last month when 22 Zulus were reported killed.

Both sides were apparently waiting for an opening, police said, adding that the position today was "static".

Several Mtembus were killed in a bitter clash during the recent fighting when the Mcunus set an ambush after raiding Mtembu cattle.

This was a sequel to a battle last November when both sides took the warpath with firearms and spears and sounding war horns.

"STATE IS SERVANT OF DHARMA"

Radhakrishnan's Convocation Address At Lucknow University

LUCKNOW, Jan. 27 (UPI): "Success has a tendency to blind our judgment and distort our sense of values. It is, therefore, necessary at this critical hour of our history that our leaders and we ourselves, should show greater discipline in tackling the problems which face us. We all announce from a thousand platforms that it is the century of the common man and the first essential of good life is freedom from economic servitude. A common man will have to be redeemed from all those evils from which he has been suffering, viz., poverty, squalor, disease and ignorance and unless you address yourself to these very essential and urgent tasks with courage and sacrifice, others who are standing by, making wild, promises of vast achievements, will exploit the present situation", observed Dr. S. Radhakrishnan, delivering the annual convocation address of the Lucknow University this afternoon, with Her Excellency Shrimati Sarojini Naidu, Chancellor of the University in the chair.

Dr. Radhakrishnan emphasised that our universities should continue to supply not merely men for occupying minor posts in civil and military services but for occupying high positions in the domain of science and commerce and public life and politics. That was the contribution that the universities had to make, he added.

CONCEPTION OF SECULAR STATE

Continuing, Dr. Radhakrishnan said, "there is a good deal misconception that we are now getting into a new world where we are going to cast off all religion. We are told that we are a secular democratic state. But there is a great deal of misapprehensions about the meaning and significance of this conception of India as a secular and democratic state. It does not mean that we are a police state, that we take our stand on power and coercion and we are interested in giving physical and biological satisfactions and not interested in fundamental values. We never believe in such a conception. We always said that anyone who says that by building up an utopia you will be able to give satisfaction to all human being is essentially wrong.

"We have proclaimed that the world is subject to moral laws, that there is such a thing as 'Dharma', that the state is a servant of 'Dharma' and that it is not to be regarded as superior to all 'Dharma' we did not say that material comfort and security are the only things of life. We are humble, we do not admit that man is the master of all the things or the master of his destiny in that sense of the term".

APPRECIATING OF CULTURE

Concluding he exhorted the students to have an appreciation of our own culture and remarked: "It is necessary that in this complex and competitive world where we have to live, every student must have acquaintance with the natural environment in which he lives. He must have knowledge of the scientific methods and he must be endowed with a spirit of science and he must also apply the scientific spirit so far as industrialisation is concerned. But we must be aware of the dangers which have befallen all industrial societies.

It is your duty to contribute to the best of your ability to build up this country and to consolidate this freedom that we have acquired. If there is any warning which history gives, it is this that when public virtue is undermined, these moral counsel do not guide our policies. When private conditions and personal interest are usefully utilised, the nation goes down. We must be aware of these dangers and try as best as we can to establish justice with a flame of freedom in ourselves and light of knowledge in ourselves.

R

For attempting to Transport Cotton Cloth by Sea without a permit SULTAN MOHAHED AKHTAR MOHAMED was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to suffer four months' rigorous imprisonment. For similar offence, ABDULLA SAMINDARKHAN and ABDUL SATAR ABDUL KARIM were convicted and each sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 300 or in default to suffer three months' rigorous imprisonment.

For unauthorised possession of ration cards and failing to surrender them Fais Mohamed Mirsab was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment on each count.

SARDAR INAUGURATES SAURASHTRA CONSEMBLY

Sardar Patel arrives to inaugurate the Saurashtra Constituent Assembly at Rajkot, (January 24). Leading the way is Mrs. Pushpaben Mehta, Member of the Constituent Assembly and Provincial Speaker of the Saurashtra Assembly. Behind the Deputy Prime Minister are seen Shri N. V. Gadgil and the Jam Saheb of Nawanagar.

CONTINUED 'RED' ADVANCE TOWARDS YANGTSE RIVER

A Knock-Out Blow To President Li's Attempts To End Long War

NANKING, Jan. 27, (Reuter): Chinese Government resistance unexpectedly stiffened on the Yangtse river line today with the fading of Nanking's hopes for immediate peace with the Communists.

The continued rapid Communist advance southwards to the Yangtse and their denunciation, last night of the peace group in the Government were thought to have dealt a near knock-out blow to President Li Tsung Jen's attempts to end the long war.

One Government division, the 59th, halted the general head-long flight before the Communists, turning back to reoccupy the city of Yangchow ten miles north of the Yangtse, which was evacuated two days ago, it was reported.

Troops of the Shanghai-Nanking defence area were said to be massing at Chinkiang, key railway centre on the Nanking-Shanghai Railway, ready to cross the river and march north to re-inforce the 59th division.

On the other side of the picture was a report that 30,000 Communists were massing at Ichen, thirty miles east of Nanking, to cross the Yangtse and cut the Nanking-Shanghai Railway.

Forty regiments of Communists were heavily attacking Tsingkiang, 60 miles east of Ichen.

About 100,000 Communists under one-eyed General Liu Po Cheng, advanced to Loshan, about 120 miles north-east of the big Yangtse port of Hankow.

Another large force was concentrated near Chuhsien, thirty miles north of Nanking.

PUKOW EVACUATED

Pukow, rail terminus directly opposite Nanking and crossing point for tens of thousands of troops and panic stricken refugees fleeing before the Communists, was evacuated today by the Government's Twentieth Army.

No new defence preparations were evident in Nanking where Municipal Councillors, professors and other leading citizens were reported organising a local truce delegation to cross the Communist lines and ask for terms.

Vice-Admiral Oscar Badger, Commander of the United States Western Pacific fleet, said in Shanghai that American marine forces at the North China base of Tsingtao had been reduced because of changed conditions and general requirements."

The United States was maintaining an "adequate force" to deal with possible violence involving American and foreign nationals in any part of China, he added.

SHANGHAI MILITARY COURT ACQUITS JAP. C.-IN-C.

NANKING, Jan. 27, (Reuter): Shanghai's Military High Court acquitted Lieut-General Yasutsugi Okamura, Commander-in-Chief of Japanese forces in China at the end of the war, on charges of atrocities and murder of Chinese soldiers and offences against military law.

MOVE FOR SARDAR'S MEDIATION IN HYDERABAD CONGRESS DISPUTE

NEW DELHI, Jan 27 (UPI): Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress along with some other members of the State Congress Executive Committee, arrived in New Delhi by air today.

Enquiries in informed circles reveal that Swamiji has been authorised by the Hyderabad State Congress Executive to explore all avenues for bringing about a compromise between the two groups of State Congress workers, as otherwise the work among the masses would be considerably handicapped.

It is further learnt that Sardar Patel is likely to be approached for mediating in the dispute. Both parties are reported to be prepared to abide by Sardar Patel's arbitration, and optimism seems to prevail that settlement of the differences of Congress workers is expected to be effected by the end of this month through Sardar Patel's intervention.

Mr. B. Ramakrishna Rao, Leader of the group opposed to Swami Ramanand is also arriving in New Delhi tomorrow.

Western Union Foreign Ministers Meet

LONDON, Jan. 27 (UPA): The five Western Union foreign ministers today began probably the last series of conferences before joining in an Atlantic Pact with the United States and Canada.

Stop Press

AGREEMENT ON BHOPAL MERGER ISSUE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (UPI): While no official confirmation is yet available, it is reported that the recent talks between Mr. V. P. Menon, Adviser to the States Ministry, and the Nawab of Bhopal has resulted in an agreement on the question of merger of Bhopal. Mr. Menon, who returned from Bhopal yesterday, met Sardar Patel and apprised him of the talks that he had with the Nawab of Bhopal.

The Government of India has given a call to the people of Bhopal to stop forthwith all agitations in the State.

SHARMA EXTERNED FROM BHOPAL?

NARASINGHGARH, Jan. 27 (UPI): According to information reaching here, Mr. Suryanarayan Sharma, the well-known Central Indian journalist, who was in Bhopal to cover the situation there after the pro-merger movement started, and who was taken into custody by the State Government on Monday last, was externed on Tuesday night from the State for an indefinite period.

NIZAM STATE RAILWAY WORKERS' STRIKE

Section 144 Promulgated To Avoid Disturbances

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) Jan. 27 (API): The strike of about 4,000 workmen of the Nizam State Railway workshop at Lalaguda near Secunderabad and a section of the Loco Running Staff, which began yesterday, has spread to the workers of the Road Transport Department of the Railway.

About 1,000 workers including bus drivers, conductors and mechanics of the department went on a lightning strike from 9 p.m. yesterday.

The assembly of more than five persons has been prohibited for the next 24 hours under the Hyderabad Penal Code in the localities of Lalaguda, Chilkalguda and Mettuguda.

FAMINE RELIEF IN GUJERAT

Today's Meeting To Concert Measures

From the reports available it is obvious that relief on a large scale, will be necessary in order to alleviate the distress caused by the prevalence of famine conditions in many centres in Gujerat. It is felt that an organisation should be set up immediately in Bombay for the purpose of collecting funds and for taking other measures for assisting relief operations.

A public meeting of the Citizens for starting a Famine Relief Fund, for setting up a Committee for administering the Fund and for taking all measures connected with relief operations will be held today (Friday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Back Bay Reclamation. Shri. Morarji R. Desai will preside over the meeting.

BURMESE-KARENS CLASH

Heavy Casualties On Both Sides

RANGOON, Jan. 27 (Reuter):—Fighting between Burmese and Karens has broken out 26 miles north of Rangoon, with heavy casualties on both sides, refugees reported here today.

The fighting was said to have begun on Monday night when a group of Karens attacked Kleow, a small town on the Rangoon-Pegu Road and overpowered local police.

The town changed hands twice before Government reinforcements arrived and drove out the Karens.

The reports said Government troops set fire to nearby villages in which the Karens were sheltering.

The Burma Government, already fighting a Communist-led insurrection, faces a Karen demand for independence.

The Karen National Union, which claims to represent 4,000,000 tribesmen recently urged them to adopt constitutional methods for achieving a separate State. The Government announced last week the formation of a Burmese-Karen Committee to "restore harmony" between the two races.

Insurgents have occupied Tantabin, near Toungoo, midway between Rangoon and Mandalay, according to a military Communique issued here today.

The Communique said that Government reinforcements were rushed towards Toungoo, where fighting between Government troops and insurgents continued.

In Pakokku, further north 30 insurgents were killed when troops attacked Communist headquarters there, the Communique added.

Clashes between troops and Karen insurgents in the Maubin district, a rich rice-growing area in the Irrawaddy delta, were also reported.

INDO-AFRICAN TRADE

DURBAN, January 27. (Reuter). Indian trade with Africans is estimated to have decreased by more than 75 per cent as a result of the African boycott of Indian stores following the Durban race riots here earlier this month.

Africans are also boycotting Indian-owned buses.

STRAY ASSAULTS ON INDIANS CONTINUE

DURBAN, Jan. 27 (UPI): Stray cases of assault on Indians and the burning of their shops are still being reported from some parts of the city.

Two Indians were stabbed last night near Bothas Hill mid-way between Maritzburg and Durban.

An Indian was stabbed to death last week-end on Wiggins Road, Mayville.

An Indian shop was burnt down on Sunday last at Bellair.

Beware Of Repetition Of Dutch Double-Crossing!

(Continued from Page 1)

be fundamentally at variance with the facts, "he asserted.

Mr. Palar declared and he proceeded to quote from reports by the United Nations Committee and from Netherlands army sources to show that the position of the Dutch was far from being secure.

The Indonesian representative urged that the withdrawal of Dutch troops should be effected rapidly, and he claimed that this would not leave any vacuum in view of the fact that the Indonesian civil administration had maintained its cohesion. Another important factor in the situation, Mr. Palar said, was the Delhi Conference of Asian and Pacific nations.

NEW DELHI CONFERENCE PROVES IT

"The conference of the 19 countries in New Delhi bears witness to the strength of feeling among the participating governments about Dutch action in Indonesia, "he asserted.

"It marks their earnest and urgent desire that this dispute between the Netherlands Government and the Republic, which endangers the peace of South-East Asia and of the world, should be rapidly settled in accordance with the principles of the Charter.

Mr. Palar said: 'apart from their deep-felt sympathy for the Indonesian cause, these countries are closely connected with the problem of Indonesia. The outcome of the Indonesian problem will greatly affect their interest in so far that the question of war or peace in Indonesia is bound to have repercussions in the neighbouring countries.

"For that same reason no measure can be taken nor any recommendation made which does not take into account the concepts of justice and the desire for the maintenance of peace prevailing in that large area of the world."

THE MINIMUM

Mr. Palar then dealt with the New Delhi resolution which, he said, was the minimum which could be accepted by the Indonesian people.

"It is clear that this resolution provides the Security Council with substantial support which should be taken into account in order to achieve the greatest effectiveness in the implementation of any resolution adopted by the Security Council."

Mr. Palar said the Dutch Foreign Minister had tried to claim that two-thirds of the Indonesian population supported the Dutch.

'But this is a deliberate prevarication. It is no secret that the majority of the population in Dutch-occupied territory has not relinquished its ideals as embodied in the Republic of Indonesia.

"Even Dutch military and economic policies, aimed at keeping Indonesians apart, have proved unvailing.

Returning to the draft resolution before the Council, Mr. Palar said that it would not enable the Republican Government to calculate how much territory and what territory would come under their control, nor what its economic and financial position would be.

"It is therefore of the utmost importance that, before the first of March, the Republic should have control at least over its territory as determined by the Truce Agreement of Jan. 17, 1948. The Republic must have the opportunity of free import and export during that period and the opportunity to obtain loans with which to start the rehabilitation of the destroyed areas under its control.

PLEA FOR GENERAL AMNESTY.

Mr. Palar also demanded that if there was any "cease-fire" some guarantee should be given that guerillas would not be liquidated by the Dutch as "bandits" for this, some general amnesty should be arranged.

The stability of the final solution, he said, would depend largely on free elections in Indonesia.

It would be inconceivable, and therefore unacceptable to the Indonesian people, that free elections should be held in the presence of the Dutch army and its administration.

The Council should therefore set a time limit for early elections and leave no loopholes for the Dutch to postpone them, Mr. Palar added.

In conclusion, Mr. Palar urged the council "to make the fullest possible use of the ideas contained in the New Delhi Resolution and to embody them in the present resolution as amendments".

ONLY WAY OUT.

Mr. John Hood, Australian representative, said the council could hardly over-estimate the importance of the New Delhi resolution.

"It represents an attempt in the most responsible fashion to look at the situation and suggest a way out of present difficulties in the light of United Nations principles", he said.

MAIN DIFFERENCES.

Mr. Hood then compared the Delhi and Council resolutions and pointed out these main differences;

(1). The Council depends mainly on a resumption of negotiations between the parties whereas the Asian resolution laid more emphasis on the powers of the Indonesian commission:

(2). The Delhi resolution makes it clear that the institution of an Interim Federal Government is the starting point of the whole settlement;

(3). The Delhi resolution deals with the economic situation which is likely to prevail in Republican areas and the withdrawal of Dutch forces and administration. The council resolution does not take in these two points clearly enough.

He supported the Indonesian representative's fears that the Dutch might have the means of forcing the Republic into a difficult economic position. The Delhi resolution had specifically called for the removal of economic restrictions. Mr. Hood also emphasised that the Council resolution contains no time limit for the withdrawal of Dutch troops.

The Council adjourned until later to-day.

People IN THE NEWS

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

The Governor of Bombay received Mr. H. S. Pathak.

Mr. K. C. Mahindra came to lunch.

His Excellency Sir Archibald Nye has left.

PANDIT NEHRU

LUCKNOW, Jan. 27, (U.P.I.): The Prime Minister of India, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, arrived here in the afternoon today. He was received at the aerodrome by the U. P. Premier, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, and other high ranking civil and military officials.

DR. PATTABHI

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27, (U.P.I.): Dr. B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Congress President, arrived in New Delhi today after about a fortnight's tour of Madras.

MAULANA AZAD

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27, (A.P.I.): Maulana Azad, met today prominent Congress workers of West Bengal at Government House, and held general discussions with them. Maulana Azad will unveil a life size oil-painting of Mahatma Gandhi at the West Bengal Govenment Secretariat on Saturday next.

RAMANAND TIRTH

SECUNDERABAD, Jan. 27, (U.P.I.). Swami Ramanand Tirth, President of the Hyderabad State Congress, left by plane for Delhi today.

Earlier, the Hyderabad Students Congress presented him with a purse for Rs. 4,540 as a token of their regard for him.

MR. D. P. DHAR

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27, (U.P.I.): Mr. D. P. Dhar, Deputy Minister for Home, Jammu and Kashmir Government, has arrived in New Delhi to hold consultations with the officials of the Government of India.

MAJOR-GEN. BRAR

BOMBAY, Jan. 27, (A.P.I.): Major-Gen. D. S. Brar, G.O.C., Bombay Area, will leave Bombay for Poona tomorrow on tour. He will return to Bombay on Jan. 31.

Maj.-Gen. Brar will be accompanying C.-in-C. on tour in Poona.

DR. MOOKERJEE FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Jan. 27:. Dr. Syama Prasad Mookerjee, Minister for Industry and Supply, Government of India, is expected to arrive in Bombay by air on Friday shortly after 1 p.m.

He will be the chief guest at the annual meeting of the Technological Association of the Bombay University in the afternoon at Matunga. Next day the Minister is likely to visit Poona.

He will also meet several trade and commerce representatives during his stay in Bombay.

MR. G. D. VARTAK

Mr. G. D. Vartak, Minister for Local Self-Government, will unveil the bust of Mahatma Gandhi at the Municipal Office at Bassein, at 5-30 p.m. on Sunday, January 30.

EAST & WEST BENGAL PREMIERS TO MEET

DACCA, Jan. 27 (API)—The Premiers of East and West Bengal, it is understood, will meet some time in February next to discuss the implementation of th eDelhi inter-dominion agreement.

DELHI URDU DAILY BANNED

NEW DELHI, January 27, (A.P.I.): The Chief Commissioner, Delhi, has by an order banned the publication of an Urdu daily "Swarajya" for three months.

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HAVE YOU RENEWED YOUR KEROSENE CARD

The work of renewal of kerosene ration cards for heating and lighting purposes which is now being undertaken in Greater Bombay will be carried on at the Central Shops upto January 31, 1949.

Those who have not yet renewed their kerosene cards should do so immediately, as from February 1, 1949, the work of renewal at the Central Shops will be discontinued and the same will be done at the Ward or Area Rationing Offices concerned upto the end of February.

PLEASE NOTE: NO KEROSENE OIL WILL BE ALLOWED TO BE SOLD ON UNRENEWED CARDS. PERSONS WHO DO NOT GET THEIR CARDS RENEWED WILL THEREFORE NOT BE ENTITLED TO DRAW THEIR QUOTA UNTIL THE CARDS ARE RENEWED.

R

For transporting Cotton Cloth without a permit YESHWANT VASUDEO PALNITKAR was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 1,000 or in default to undergo four months' rigorous imprisonment. For similar offence MOHD. IBRAHIM FAKRUDDIN was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to undergo three months' rigorous imprisonment.

For unlawfully possessing ration cards KAMRUDDIN JAMARUDDIN was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 500 or in default to undergo four months' regorous imprisonment.

For selling Coffee with wholemilk RASUL ABDUL REHMAN was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 200 or in default to undergo two months' rigorous imprisonment.

For selling Tea with wholemilk ALLI RAZA FAIMAN MOMIN was convicted and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment and fined Rs. 100 or in default to undergo one month's rigorous imprisonment.

BOMBAY Stock Exchange

Steels Supported But Scindia's Decline On Realising

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was featureless today with utter absence of any important business and quotations moved within a narrow range.

As pointed out before there is no disposition to await pending fresh developments. At times some selective buying appears on better dividend prospects but the general feeling remains uncertain.

Tata Steel Defd. Shares opened at Rs. 1,637/8 and after improving at Rs. 1,640 came back to the opening level of Rs. 1,637/8 and steadied with very little buying and selling Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 292 Bombay Dyeing stood at Rs. 975 while Kohinoors were placed at Rs. 277 Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 20/8.

Later on the market was quietly steady. Steel Defds. were done at Rs. 1,637/8 and Ordinary Shares were quoted at Rs. 293, Bombay Dyeings after improving at Rs. 980 steadied at Rs. 977/12. Nagpurs were quoted at Rs. 239 while Swadeshi Shares changed hands at Rs. 277/12, Simplex Shares were placed at Rs. 176 and New Greats were done at Rs. 159, Gokaks were quoted at Rs. 267/8. Tata Mills and New India shares moved up.

Associated Cements were done at Rs. 155/12, while Premier Constructions were quoted at Rs. 137/12. Today there was slightly increased selling in Scindia Shares. Closing tone was quietly steady.

FORWARD SECTION

Bombay Dyeing (12-8)	976	0
Kohinoor Mills (6)	278	0
Swadeshi Mills (22)	278	0
Central India Mills (4)	240	0
Simplex Mills (8)	177	8
New Great Eastern (10)	158	0
Indore (9 plus 3)	173	2
Gokak Mills (20)	267	8
Century-Spinning (15)	230	0
Colaba (12)	150	0
India Bleaching (6)	152	8
Swan Mills (20)	309	8
Finlay Mills (15)	271	0
Morarji Goculdas XD	470	0
Edward Sassoon (20) XR	240	0
Meyer (12) XD	115	0
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2	15
India United Ord. (0-13-9)	11	5
India United Defd. (0-1-6)	1	10
Sadhusudan Mills (15)	190	0
Podar (8)	145	2
Khatau Makanji (8)	207	8
Indore Coupon	24	0
STEEL SHARES		
Tata Steel Ord (14)	292	12
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1640	0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	138	0
CEMENT		
Associated Cement (5)	155	12
INDUSTRIES		
Burma (12-8) XD	306	14
Belapur Sugar (9) XD	227	8
Shivrajpur Syndicate (1-8)	28	8
Scindia Steam (1-4)	20	9
Premier Construction	138	0
Tata Chemical	12	8
Tata Oil (2)	63	8
Indian Iron (0-12) X D	22	14
Bengal Steel (0-8-0)	20	11
British India Corp (0-10)	8	0
1 Copper	2	4
Wimco XR	190	0
Alcock	278	12
Belapur Coupon	59	0

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS		
Elphinstone Mills (5)	66	0
Phoenix Mills (50) XR	220	0
Indian Manufacturing XD	430	0
Kooria Mills (8)	131	4
David Mills (8)	101	0
New City Mills (10)	181	4
Minerva Mills (12)	121	4
Bradbury Mills (12)	587	8
Bharucha Defd (0-4)	8	0
Bharat Mills (2)	31	1
Mysore Spg. Mills (2)	172	8
Madhavji Dharamsi (0-12)	15	0
Model Mills (12-8) XD	177	8
Lakshmi Cotton (25) XD	612	8
Vishnu Cotton (8) XD	215	0
Western India (40) XD	4070	0
Standard Mills (15)	246	1
Sholapur Mills (200)	3500	0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8)	9	8
Hindustan Mills (40)	4225	0
Tata Mills (2)	60	0
Ahmedabad Advance Old (9)	270	10
Ahmedabad Advance New	196	0
Sassoon Silk (2)	78	0
New Union Mills (0-8)	13	1
Madhusudan B (2-8)	35	0
Srinivas Mills (8)	170	0
Raja Bahadur Poona (4)	100	0
Berar Mills	280	0
Victoria Mills	220	0
Colaba Land Coupon	62	0
New Great New	142	0
ELECTRIC SHARES		
Tata Hydro (4-4-0)	153	8
Andhra Valley (45)	1405	0
Tata Power (50)	1507	8
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116	14
Ahmedabad New	12	0
Surat Electricity (2-8)	142	8
Karachi Electric (2)	127	8
Broach (0-8)	10	12
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10	7
Amalgamated (0-12)	12	4
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	26	8
Poona Electric Supply (8)	150	0
Bombay Suburban (3) XD	142	8
BANK SHARES		
Imperial Bank of India (35) XD	1783	12
Imperial Bank of India (8-12) XD	443	12
Central Bank Old (1-8)	90	4
Central Bank New (1-8)	88	0
Bank of India (4) XR	196	0
Union Bank of India (05)	7	12
Bank of Baroda (2-8)	140	8
Hamo Bank (4)	158	0
Dhanarai Nanjee Bank (1-8)	53	0
United Commercial (1-8)	59	4
Hindustan Commercial	28	12
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	35	8
Mysore Bank (8)	265	0
Exchange Bank (1-8)	29	8
Eastern Bank (0-14-6)	186	0
INSURANCE		
Oriental (125) XD	4260	0
Empire (10)	678	0
New India (1-8)	60	0
Jupiter (1-4)	21	0
Vaicum (0-10)	11	12
Indian Mercantile (2)	30	8
Universal (0-4)	11	4
B.I.G. (1)	18	1
Industrial and Prudential	30	1
Neptune Assurance	1	8
New Great	28	0
All-India General	17	8
RAILWAY SHARES		
Central Provinces (1-14)	112	0
Pachora Jamner Rly (2-8)	120	0
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES		
Bombay Steamer (10)	360	0
Bombay Burma New (5)	112	8
Burma Petrol	1	5
Mackenzie (A)	90	0
Port Canning (8)	67	0
Kemp and Co (30)	442	8
Kemp and Co. (New)	462	8
Ambala Pharmacy (7)	150	8
Industrial Invest Trust (4)	90	0
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	34	8
Mukund Iron	19	8
Dena Trust (0-12)	21	0
Alembic (15)	203	12
Associated Cement New (1-4)	146	0
Supreme India XR	123	12
Jam Wire (6)	67	8
Bombay Uganda	69	0
Bombay Motor Cycle	34	0
Indian Cement (1937)	25	0
Walchand Nagar Industries (B.S.)	145	0
United Motor	74	0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	1002	8
Hydary Construction	19	10
Mahmadi Steam	96	0
Gujarat Motor	20	0
Sardar Carbonic XD	750	0
Harvey Press	310	0
Estrela Batteries	61	0
Prince of Wales Press	610	0
Manmad Press	120	0
PREFERENCE SHARES		
Tata Steel 1st (6)	177	8
Andhra Valley (7)	1247	8
Tata Power (7-8)	1302	4
Hydro Electric (7)	171	14
Bombay Steamer (6)	308	12
Central India (5)	632	8
Swadeshi Mills	128	12
Vishnu Mills (7)	633	12
Lakshmi Mills	275	0
New Great Mills (5-8)	227	8
Podar Mills (4)	108	0
Shrinivas Mills	98	0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	117	8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	310	0
Surat Electricity (3-4)	136	4
Premier Construction 1st (6 1/4)	120	0
Amalgamated (5-8)	123	2
Premier Construction 2nd (6-4)	116	4
Habib	72	0
Tata Chemical (5)	133	2
Walchand Nagar Ltd. (7)	130	0
Jupiter General	19	14
Supreme	100	0
Meyer	121	4
Mackenzie 1st	85	0
Mackenzie 2nd	80	0
Ahmedabad Advance	132	8
Mysore Mills	50	0
Standard Mills	101	0
Madhusudan Mills	13	0
Khatau Mills	104	0
Morarji	104	0
DEBENTURES		
Andhra 1952 (4)	103	8
Bombay Steamer (1959) (4-8)	101	10
Indian Hume Pipe (6)	106	0
Tata Power 1951	103	0
Walchand Nagar (6)	112	0
OUTSIDE SHARES		
Burma Corporation	2	15
New Victoria Mill	2	8
New Victoria Pref.	5	0
Phalton Sugar (8)	122	0
Gold Mohur (20)	280	0
New Kaiser-Hind	360	0
Saijan Mills (20)	150	0
Camanshahi Mills (10)	300	0
Azam Jahi Mills (10)	340	0
Air Service XR	8	0
Ambica Air Lines	7	0
Air India (100)	99	0
Hind Motor	5	0
Indian Steam	8	10

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

Quotations at 2-00 p.m.:—

Tata Ordinary 292/8; Tata Deferred 1638/12; Indian Iron 22/13; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 20/11; Bombay Dyeing 976/4; Central India 240; Gokak 268/12; Kohinoor 277/8; Simplex 177/8, Swadeshi 278/12; Tata Power 1506/4; Associated Cement 156/4; Belapur 228/12; Bombay Burma (Old) 307/8; Scindia 20/8; Central Bank 90; New India 54/8; Tata 2nd Pref. 136/14.

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

The local cotton market was steady today with slightly improved demand and short covering.

The market is now grinding near the ceiling level and owing to strong statistical position, there seems no likelihood of any marked decline in prices. In case if bulls unload their holdings we may have some activity in the market, otherwise the year is likely to pass over without any volume of business.

The market opened at Rs. 617/4 for May delivery and improved at Rs. 617/12 on moderate buying.

The market closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Feb.	620	0	0
I.C.C. May	617	8	0
I.C.C. July	616	8	0
I.C.C. September	615	12	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

Indian Cotton May contract is 865 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

ALEXANDRIA, Jan. 26.

KARNAK	
March	89.25+153
May	85.40+ 80
ASHMOUNI	
February	54.15+ 35
April	54.35+ 10

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

2 1/4 per cent 1954	98	7
2 1/2 per cent 1950	100	7
2 1/2 per cent 1955	100	0
2 1/2 per cent 1961	97	0
2 3/4 per cent 1960	99	8
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	12
2 3/4 per cent 1976	98	0
3 per cent Non-Terminable	98	11
3 per cent 1988 con	98	13 6
3 per cent 1961-64	100	10
3 per cent 1953-55	101	5
3 per cent 1957	101	4
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13
3 per cent 1963-65	100	2
3 per cent 1959-61	100	13
3 per cent 1963-65	99	15
3 per cent 1966168	99	12
4 per cent 1960-70	110	10
4 1/2 per cent 1950-55	104	0
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60	112	2
4 1/2 per cent 1953-58	115	6
PROVINCIAL LOANS		
2 3/4 per cent U P 1961	98	2
2 3/4 per cent Madras 1961	98	2
3 per cent Punjab 1948	98	14
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	12
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	12
3 per cent Madras 1952-53	100	4
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	5
3 per cent C. P. 1960	100	6
3 per cent N. W. F. 1963	99	10
3 per cent U P 1961-66	100	0
4 per cent Bombay Municipality D.	111	0
5 per cent Bom Mumi 1959	114	8
6 per cent Bom Muni 1954	114	8
3 1/4 per cent Municipality		
6 K. P. L.	114	0

Italian Art Silk

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

150 D. Jan.	3	13	9
150 D. Feb.	3	5	9
120 D. Ready	3	6	0
150 D. Ready	3	13	9

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

The Bullion market was again firm with scarcity of sellers. Both Silver and Gold Prices moved up on steady demand. The demand is said to be seasonal and is likely to continue for sometime.

Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 183-12 and spot Gold prices reached the level of 117/2. The highest price of Rs. 117/12 was reached on June 20 last year. This proves that once again the market is now approaching the highest level on record. Silver reached the highest level of Rs. 195 in 1946/47. The recent rise is mainly due to absence of any sizeable arrivals.

Quotations were as under:

Ready Silver	185	0	0
Ready Gold	117	10	0
Sovereigns	74	12	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

The local produce market was quietly steady today. It appears that Bulls are still hoping to push up prices. It is understood that local prices being unduly high, our exports have fallen off and the attention of the Government is now drawn towards it.

Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 133/4 and after improving at Rs. 133/8 steadied at Rs. 133/6. Groundnuts and linseed sections were quiet.

Quotations were as under:

GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality	34	12	0
Coromandal	34	6	0
Bold Dec.-Jan.	34	0	0
Bold Dec.-Jan.	34	0	0
Bold Feb-March	33	15	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
May delivery	133	8	0
Ready	28	0	0
LINSEEDS—			
Ready	26	4	0
Feb.-March	26	5	0
April-May	26	5	0
GROUNDNUT OILS—			
Ready Receipts	19	11	0
January	19	11	0
February	19	11	0
March	19	12	0
Linseed Oil	16	10	0
Castorseed oil first pressing	19	0	0
Castorseed oil Commercial quality	17	8	0
Gingellyseed	225 to 230		

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 26.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c.	30-1/4
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1961	107
Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90	114-3/8
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c. 1952 and after	103-5/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	107-1/2
National Bank of India	39-1/2

Transactions of the London Stock Exchange are officially placed at 6,392.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 26.

T. T. London on:—

New York Selling 4.0275, Buying 4.0325; Montreal Selling 4.0375, Buying 4.0325; Zurich Selling 17.34, Buying 17.36; Stockholm 14.47 to 14.60.

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON, Jan. 26.

Silver Spot and Forward both 42-1/2d. Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8-12-3.

Trade Buying And Hedge Selling In N.Y. Cotton

U.S. STEELS GAIN FIVE DOLLARS IN WALL STREET

NEW YORK, Jan. 26:

The market was initially irregular on trade buying and fairly liberal hedges against additional substantial spot sales. Then prices steadied tamely due to strength of securities, good export prospects and the tightening statistical position but the rally was not held.

In the afternoon prices sagged on persistent dribbling hedges but rallied again on trade support, emphasis on loan and export influences. The market closed steady with sales estimated at 150,000 bales.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 26.

March	32.69—04
March Highest	32.76+03
March Lowest	32.65—08
May	32.43—07
July	31.44—
October	28.69+01
December	28.47+05
Middling Spot	33.67—06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan. 26.

March	32.69—05
May	32.43—08
July	31.44+02
October	28.66+03
Middling Spot	32.70—05

WALL STREET MARKET

The market initially scored liberal gains ranging to one point but the recovery soon attracted profit-taking although the majority of steels retained the better part of their gains. At noon changes in the remainder of the list were mostly upto one-point either way with losses predominating. The averages were Industrials 179.80 and rails 52.81.

In the afternoon selected steels were held but elsewhere prices were irregularly lower ranging to one point or more led by assorted minings, motors, rubbers and oils. Shippings were slightly soft notwithstanding the hearings on the House bill requiring that half of all aid cargoes financed by American dollars be carried in American bottoms. There was renewed demand in steels where U. S. steel were nearly five dollars higher but elsewhere rallies were only selectively feeble. The market closed barely steady.

CHICAGO GRAINS

The market was firmer reflecting short covering and increased commercial demand representing hedge lifting again to export floursales and sales of cashgrain to the Commodity Credit Corporation. Towards the close all grains eased due to increased selling and scattered hedging.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, Jan. 26

May 2.19-1/4.
July 2.05-1/8.
September 2.06-1/8.
December 2.08-1/8.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26.

American Telephone & Telegraph	147-3/4
Amerex Holding Co.	24
Anaconda Copper Mining	33-3/4
Chase National Bank	35
Sinclair Oil	22
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	49
General Electric Co.	38-1/2
General Motors	73-3/8
Ingersol Rand	63
International Nickel	30-3/8
National City Bank of New York	34-3/8
New York Central Rail Road Co.	12-1/4
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-3/4
Texas Corporation	52-3/8
Union Carbide	39-5/8
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	42-1/4
U S. Steel Corporation Common	77-1/2
Western Union Telegraph	15-5/8

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

MILLS

Apollo 2-15 2-14-9 2-15
Bharat 32 31-12
B. Dyeing 978-12 80 75 76-4
C. India 241-8 39 40
Elphinstone Ord. 66
Finlay 270 72 71
Gokak 269 67-8
I. U. Defd. 1-10
I.U. Ord 11-5 11-5-8 11-4-8 11-5
Indore 174-8 72-8 73-2
Kohinoor 280 77-4 78
Laxmi 610 12-8
Madhusudan 190
Model 177-8
Morarji 470
New Great 159 58-8 59 58
Simplex 178 76-4 77-8
Swadeshi 279 78-4 79-8 77 78
Tata Mills 57-8 60
Vishnu 217-8 15

STEAMER

B. Steam 357-8 60
Scindia 20-15-8 20-8 20-9

BANKS

Baroda 140-8
Central 90-8 90 90-4
Central A New 88
Habib 177-8
Imperial Old 1775 83-12
Imperial New 441-4 40 43-12
India 196
Union 2-12-8 2-12
U. Commercial 59-8 59-4

ELECTRIC

Ahmedabad 116-4 16-14
Andhra Valley 1405
Suburban 142-8
Surat 142-8
Hydro 153-8
Hydro Pref. 121-14
Power 1505 7/8
New India 59 60

STEEL

B. Steel 20-11 20-10 20-11
I. Iron 22-14 22-15 22-14
Tata Defd 1640 37-8 41-4 37-8 40
Tata Ord. 292/8, 93-4 92-4 93 92-12
Tata 2nd Pref. 138

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 280 78/12
A. C. C Old 156/8 55/12
A. C. C New 146/4 46
Beapur 28/8 29 27/4 27/8
B. B. Old 308/2 6/14
B. B New 112/8
B. B Petrol 1/8 1/8/2 1/8
B. I Corp. 8
I. Bleaching 152 52/8
I. Copper 2/6
I. I. Trust 99
P. Const. 141/4 37 38
Tata Chem. 12/12
Tata Oil 63 64 63/8
Wimco 190

SPECIAL

Belapur Coupon 58 59
Indore Coupon 84.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Easier Feeling With A Limited Business

CALCUTTA, Jan. 27 (API): Easier feeling centered round all sections and the volume of business was only limited.

Following are today's final transactions upto 2-30 p.m.:—

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 98-12 Three per cent Loan 1986 98-14 three per cent Loan 1951-54 101-6 Three per cent Loan 1957 101 S O L Three per cent Loan 1959-61 100-15 Three per cent Loan 1970-75 99-15.

BANKS: Hindustan Commercial Bank 25-12 CT United Commercial Bank 59-8 SL Cottons Elgin 17.

COALS: Bharat Colliery Pref. 60 Burrakpur 23-4 South Karanpura 27-4 Talcher 4-1.

JUTES: Auckland 122 Champdany 192 CT Kelvin 299-8 Naihati 112 S Lot National 26.

MININGS: Burma Corp. 2-15 Consolidated Tin 1 Indian Copper 2-4 Tavoy Tin Annas 12.

MISCELLANEOUS: Dalmia Cement 7-8 Sone Valley Cement 6-5 Alkali and Chemical 11-12 Dharangdhra Chemical 132 Steel Corp. 20-10 Textile Machinery 7-3 Ruby General Insurance 8-1 B I C 7-15 Indian Cable 40 James Wright Ord. 4-9 CT Jardine Henderson 161 National Tobacco 20-4 British Burma Petrol 1-6 Shree Gopal Paper 10 S. O. Lot Titaghur Paper 35-8 India Steamship 8-9 Port Shipping 14-8.

TEAS: Pussimbing 11-8 Tezpore 21-11.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

B O Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. O. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Mos.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 upto 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 5th-6th Months.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month.

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month

New York & Montreal B. O. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330.

Banks Buying D D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4 Montreal Rs 328 1/2.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329 Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 L/C.

Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7860.

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 8060.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl. 79.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1306.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldn 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 84.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 165 1/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol 4.02 3/4 to 4.03 1/4; London/Afghanistan Cross Rate Afghani Rs 52.57-58-43; London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia. 97 1/4-3/4; London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tcl. 40; London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 176 1/2-3/4; London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36; London/Hongkong Cross Rate 1/3 1/16-1/2 15/16; London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 128/130; London/Java Cross Rate Fl. 10.68-70; London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es. 99.80-100.20; London/Manila Cross Rate Pes. 8.09-8.14; London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/New York Cross Rate dol. 4.02 3/4-4.03 1/4; London/Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02; London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 1061—1063; London/Prague Cross Rate K. 201-202; London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16; London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50; London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 17.34-36; London/Syria Cross Rate 880-5.

London Discts. 3 Mos. 9/16 p.c.; London Discts. 6 Mos. 5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c.; Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.

Money: Call 1/2 p.c.; 3 Mos. 3/4 p.c.; 6 Mos. 1 p.c.; 12 Mos. 1-1/2 p.c.

Tone: Easy.

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, Jan. 26 (UPA): Black pepper closed inactive and nominally unchanged to 200 points lower on the New York Market today.

The spot market was following reports of cheap Indian offerings.

Shipments arriving on the steamer "Exchange" were offered at 57 cents per pound ex-dock and shipment due to arrive in February were available at 56 cents.

In the shipment market, prices included: January 54 cents, February 49 cents, March 47-1/2 cents, April May 46 cents ex-dock.

Closing prices included:

March 55; May 49; July 44; September 44; October 43; January '50 49.

In the spot market, black pepper was quoted at 60 cents and white pepper at 74 cents.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, Jan. 26 (UPA) The pepper market remained extremely idle today with Singapore quoting black at three shillings and one-half penny but no buyers.

White pepper was quoted at 3|11.

Malabar, February, London basis, was quoted at 315|-.

SINGAPORE PEPPER PRICES

SINGAPORE, Jan. 26 (UPA): In the Singapore market today, black was quoted at SS 163 dollars per picul of 133.3 lbs., with some local business.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, Jan. 26.

Australian Wheat f.o.b. bulk 99/3 Jan.-Feb. quoted.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, January 27.

S. S. LEERSUM

From Rotterdam: 97 boxes carriers with spring clips, 70 cases bright iron short link spikes, 120 cases bright iron nails, 130 cases window glass, 202 cases bright iron knotted sow chains, 216 cases bright poushed ox and cow chains, 75 cases bright iron knotted dog chains, 499 cases bottled beer, 65 bales wood-free hand sized printing paper, 40 crates full cream milk powder, 827 cases hinges, 50 cases badam cheese, 587 cases steel hinges, 5,420 packages straw boards, 100 bags white potatoes, 200 boxes glow lamps, 2,000 packages boards of Dutch origin, 100 cases full cream sweetened condensed milk, 200 bags starch, 300 bags farina, 700 bags Dutch farina, 300 bags dextrin Dutch superior, 100 bags white potato dextrin, 95 casks ultramarine blue, 36 bales printing paper 52 bales poster paper, 500 packages corrugated boards, 550 cases beer, 750 cases brandy, 520 bales kraft paper, 400 pieces milk cans.

From Antwerp: 793 cases window glass, 368 cases sheet glass, 600 cases window sheet glass, 300 cases French window glass, 245 cases mild steel rivets 210 cases bright iron double pointed square dowels, 112 coils galvanized wire sorts, 1,842 bundles straightened and cut wire rods, 255 bundles gate channels of Belgian origin, 757 bags mild steel nuts, 100 bags soda ash, 613 bags bolts and nuts, 255 bundles conduit pipes.

From Hamburg: 105 cases iron chains, 36 bags garage tools, 205 cases iron ship chains, 82 bales paper, 35 cases iron rivets, 108 bales printing paper, 76 rolls hexagonal wire, 185 cases ship chains, 225 cases iron chains.

From Marseilles: 555 bags cloves, 107 cases watches.

From Genoa: 646 cases artificial silk yarn, 250 drums artificial indigo, 800 johns acid acetic glacial, 100 cases sweetened condensed milk, 140 drums oxigenated water, 113 cases apothecarry ware, 400 bags almonds in shell.

From Bremen: 3,300 paper bags portland cement, 133 cases nickel-plated spokes.

From Tangier: 100 boxes sultanas.

EXPORTS

GOODS ENTERED FOR EXPORT:

To Seychelles: 5 bags turmeric powder—Pranlal & Sons. 5 bales cotton waste—M. F. Kapadia.

To Boston: 200 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co.

To Karachi: 25 crates glassware—M. A. Patel & Co. 25 bags hair kasi—A. H. Abdulla.

To Dar-es-Salaam: 10 bales cotton waste—B. Uttam-Ram & Co.

BY AIR

To Karachi: 10 parcels cotton waste—H. Khemchand.

S. S. VIRGINIA MAY

To Karachi: 25 cases art silk piece-goods—Jaibharat Jain Trading Co.

S. S. ALAVI

To Aden: 12 cases glass bottles and mirrors—S. Kamruddin.

S. S. HELMVARD

To Antwerp: 69 bales cotton waste—C. Rasiklal & Co. 55 bales cotton waste—M. Chandulal & Co.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

BOMBAY, January 27.

ARRIVALS

M. V. CALICIA (Anchor Line) from Glasgow on January 26 with general cargo 5410 tons. Agents Anchor Line.

DERWENTHALL (West Hartlepool) from Montreal on January 26 with general cargo 6,100 tons. Agents Forbes Forbes Campbell.

AL HUSAINI (Muhammadi Steamship) from Karachi on January 26 with general cargo 4,000 tons. Agents Muhammadi Steamship.

AXEL CARL (Heimdal) from Tuticorin on January 27 with general cargo 800 tons. Agents Killick Nixon.

S. S. BHARAT KUMAR (Bharat) from Bhavnagar on January 27 with general cargo 115 tons. Agents Bharat.

DEPARTURES

S. S. BHARAT BALA (Bharat) for Marmagoa on January 26 with general cargo.

PARVEZ (Panamanian) for Budagara on January 26 with general cargo 560 tons.

HOEGH SILVER (Leif Hoegh) for Melbourne on January 26 with grains 3,200 tons.

BRAZIL (Texas Co.) for Bahrein on January 26.

S. S. BHADRAVATI (B.S.N.) for Bhavnagar on January 26 with general cargo.

S. S. COSSIPORE (Shri Ambica) for Ratnagiri on January 27 with food grains 800 tons.

S. S. JALA DUTA (Scindia) for Rangoon on January 27.

NICOLAS (Lyras & Lemos) for Rangoon on January 26.

M. V. DWARKA (B.I.S.N.) for Busrah on January 26 with general cargo 1,078 tons.

PACIFIC OCEAN (Pacific Maritime) for Calcutta on January 26 with general cargo.

Statement Of Cotton Pressed In Indian Union

BOMBAY, Jan. 25.

RUNNING BALES).	Week ending 7th Jan. 1949	Week ending 7th Jan. 1948	1st Sept. to 7th Jan. 1948-49	1st Sept. to 7th Jan. 1947-48
Madras	546	11122	22349	123119
Bombay	12127	7559	66804	69013
West Bengal	.....	231	396	2414
United Provinces	.....	.....	.....	.....
East Punjab	3663	1837	12204	7369
Central Provinces	6672	8775	26202	49366
Berar	12765	28542	97876	224758
Ajmer/Merwara	691	563	7792	3309
Assam (a)	45	.....	1043	.....
Baroda State	6212	.....	6212	.....
Hyderabad State (d)	.....	.....	4898	10183
Mewar State (b)	.....	.....	4517	.....
Mysore State (c)	.....	.....	4464	5349
Total	42721	58619	264759	494778

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

The following is the Statement of the Affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 21st January:—

LIABILITIES.

	Rs.	
CAPITAL:—	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund	6,27,50,000	
Fixed Deposit, Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts	273,22,45,000	
Sundries	65,34,000	
Total Rs.	286,77,79,000	

ASSETS.

	Rs.	
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government Securities	124,20,10,000	
Other Authorised Investments	7,94,95,000	
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	27,60,63,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	63,44,16,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	6,82,05,000	
Dead Stock	1,65,17,000	
Sundries	1,19,56,000	
CASH:—		
In hand and with the Reserve Bank of India	37,69,38,000	
Balances with other Banks	5,41,87,000	

Ban On Exports Of Groundnuts And Oil From Saurashtra

FAILURE OF RAINS RESPONSIBLE FOR SMALL CROP

RAJKOT, Jan. 27. (A.P.I.): Failure of rains in Saurashtra this year is expected to affect groundnut crop seriously. From Saurashtra, one of the largest centres of groundnut production, only about eighty thousand tons yield is expected this year, being only forty per cent of the normal crop.

In view of this the Government of Saurashtra will continue the existing export ban of groundnut and its products.

A Press Note says: "Owing to the failure of rains this year there have been scarcity conditions all over Saurashtra. The groundnut crop has also therefore failed and it is estimated that only about eighty thousand tons of groundnut seeds will be produced as against over two lakhs tons in normal years. Even the quality has suffered.

The Government therefore desires to continue the existing export ban on groundnut (whole), groundnut seeds, groundnut oil, refined oil and vanaspathi. The question of allowing the exports can only be reconsidered after watching the monsoon this year.

CAKE EXPORTS TO CONTINUE

Groundnut oilcake will be allowed to be exported on the same basis as existing at present.

Til oil, til oilcake and castor oilcake were uptill now allowed to be exported only against permits. This restriction has now been extended to til seeds also.

Regarding the export quotas of groundnuts and its products to foreign destinations sanctioned by the Government of India, a very small quantity will be permitted on certain conditions.

As there is shortage of groundnut and groundnut oil for the requirements of oil mills of Saurashtra, the oil trade in Saurashtra and for the requirements of other industries, it has also been decided to permit import of groundnut (whole), groundnut seeds and groundnut oil from outside Saurashtra and against such imports equivalent quantities of finished products will be permitted to a committee consisting of twelve representatives of oil merchants and oil millers of different parts of Saurashtra. The Committee has been asked to submit its report within a month or so after which Government will take a decision.

Cloth May Be Purchased In Instalments During Concession Period

The cosumers in the rationed areas of the Province of Bombay are informed that the yearly quota of cloth can be purchased in instalments, and no necessarily in one lot, during the two-month concession period ending March 15 next, subject however, to the condition that the total number of purchases made during the year as recorded on the family's record of each purchase sheet does not exceed six.

The persons who have already purchased part of their cloth quota before January 15, 1949 can purchase the balance of their annual quota from any shop of their choice, and not necessarily from the shops where part purchases were made.

If a person has purchased his first six months' quota wholly in coarse cloth, that is, 10 yards of coarse cloth against coupons A, B and C, and now desires to take advantage of the concession, he will be issued with 5 yards fine and five yards coarse cloth, but not 10 yards fine cloth, on his surrendering coupons D, E and F.

It has already been stated that the whole coupon has to be surrendered against one sale and any fine or coarse cloth remaining unpurchased lapses. The ration cloth shops cannot, therefore, make sale of fine cloth to customers on one occasion and call them later for their balance of coarse or medium cloth and vice versa. This practice should be discontinued at once. If cloth of fine or medium quality is not available in the shop, the ration cloth shop would lose its customers for not keeping adequate quality cloth in the shop.

I. C. A. R. GOVERNING BODY

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

The next meeting of the Governing Body of the Indian Council of Agricultural Research will be held on January 31 and February 1, 1949, in New Delhi under the presidentship of the Hon'ble Shri Jairamdas Doulatram, Minister for Food and Agriculture.

HOMOEOPATHIC INQUIRY

Committee's Work Concluded In Bombay

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

The Homoeopathic Inquiry Committee, constituted by the Government of India, concluded its hearings in Bombay to-day and will meet again in Madras in the middle of February.

The ten-member committee, with Dr. J. N. Mukherjee, Director of the Indian Research Institute, Poona, as chairman and Dr. D. C. Chopra as secretary, arrived in Bombay on January 23 after visiting Nagpur. During the last four days the committee interviewed the presidents of the various medical associations, principals of medical colleges, leading medical practioners and representatives of the Governments of Bombay, Baroda and Hyderabad.

The Committee sought the views of these representatives in the light of the terms of reference issued by the Government of India. The committee had already issued questionaires in this connection inviting views regarding the existing facilities of training and teaching of homoeopathy in medical institutions and other facilities of training and teaching of homoeopathy in medical institutions and other facilities available at present. It also sought their views regarding the desirability of State control of the practice of homoeopathy and if so the conditions under which it should be controlled.

The committee concluded its deliberations in Bombay on Thursday afternoon.

Industrial Museums Inspiration To Youngsters

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Presiding on the occasion of a lecture by Mr. B. V Garpure, Curator of the Lord Reay Maharashtra Industrial Museum, Poona, to the Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, this evening, Mr. G. V. Puranik, President of the Chamber, stressed the importance of industrial museums and said that the Government must make full use of them for education, publicity and the expansion of trade and industry, as in foreign countries. He added that if the museums were run on modern lines, they would be a source of inspiration to many youngsters.

Mr. B. V Garpure spoke on "Industrial museums in foreign countries" and gave details of work carried on in industrial Museums of America and Europe.

Madras City Council Condolence Resolutions

MADRAS, Jan. 25 (A. P. I.): The Madras Corporation Council today adjourned without transacting any business as a mark on respect to the memory of Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Mr. G. A. Natesan, Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Mr. A. Murugappa Chettiar and Mr. T. Vasu Naidu.

Condolence resolutions touching their deaths moved by the Mayor were passed, all members standing and observing two minutes silence.

INDIANS SUFFER IN SINGAPORE CLASH

SINGAPORE, Jan. 27 (Reuter): One hundred Indians and Chinese were rendered homeless, when a wooden building was burnt down in a riot involving 50 Malay soldiers, which is said to have followed a quarrel with Indians over a Malay girl.

One Indian and two soldiers were taken to hospital. Army and police authorities were today convening an inquiry. In the burnt down building were an Indian store, a Chinese tailor's shop and two barbers' shops.

The Indian store-keeper said a hail of stones flew into his shop, knocking over a lamp which some one threw on to the thatched roof.

Karachi Cotton Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Jan. 27.

Cotton ready Sind Nt. 86, Punjab 289, F 95, Fourf 78, New Crop Nt. Roller ready delivery 85/8, to 86, Sawgin 90/8 to 91, Market steady with good demand from exporters.

Yesterday's business totalled about 7.894 bales, Arrivals from upcountry 8.639 bales. Exports 8.654 bales out of which 2.844 bales for Bombay 1.610 bales for Calcutta, 500 bales for Liverpool, 250 bales for Bhavnagar, 200 bales Tuticorin.

Cottonseed not ready 8/8, do new crop 7/7, Deasi 1/24, Rapeseed 155. Market steady owing to good demand from shippers.

Yesterday's arrivals from upcuntry 13.140 bales, Exports 2,100 bags for Porounder, Veraval, Salaya, Bedibunder.

Gold Tejabi 108, Sovereigns 69/12. Silver coins 126 Gold steady Silver quiet.

Stock Exchange quotations unchanged.

Hapur Market

(From Our Correspondent.)

HAPUR, Jan. 27.

Wheat 27 o 29 Gram 14¾12, Barley 15/14, Bejhar 14, Maize 15/6, Bajra 16 2. Juwar 14 8, Guwar 11/8, Matar 12/12, Arhar 13/4, Urd 18/8, Moong 21, Masoor 15¾8, Gur new 11, Shakkar 12 Crystal 32, Khandsori 18 to 24, Pagan future 10/14, Besakh 11/5 6, Sarson 24, Taraseed 21 to 19, Oil 65, Oilcake 7/10, Cottonseed 14/12, Groundnut 17/8, Oats 10/8.

Bardana ready 113, Chet 102, April 114.

Silver forward 177/7, Gold 115¾4.

Urd Maha 18/5, Jeth Sarsoon 21/9/6, Peas 10.5, Arhar 11/5.

INTERNATIONAL BANK MISSION

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27 (A.P.I.): The International Monetary Bank Mission, which is conducting preliminary discussions with the Ministers of the Government of India, will leave on a tour of Calcutta, Asansol, Dhanbad and Tatanagar from February 3 to 12.

Cutch Hundi

(From Our Correspondent)

BHUJ, Jan. 27.

Hundi Buying	287
Hundi Selling	288
Gold Ready	Rs. 111-0-0
Silver Ready	Rs. 178-0-0

Latest Commercial

NEW YORK COTTON MARCH

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.

Previous Closing	32.69
Today's Opening	32.71
Difference	+.02
Today's Closing	32.76
Difference	+.07

LAST QUOTATIONS

BOMBAY, Jan. 27.

Silver Bullion Ready Rs.	184-8-0
Gold Ready Rs.	118-0-0
Sovereign Rs.	75-4-0
Expectation:	
Cotton Jarila May Rs.	617-8-0

NEW YORK STOCKS

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.

Opening prices:

Anaconda Copper Mining 33-7/8
General Motors unquoted.
United States Steel Common 77-1/4
do pref unquoted.

Quietly Steady Trend On London Stock Exchange

LONDON, Jan. 27 (Reuter): Main movements in the London Stock Exchange today were provided by Argentine utilities. Buyers appeared when it became known that there was to be a reshuffle of the Argentine government economic and financial personnel. Useful gains were registered in tramway issues.

Anticipations of good quarterly reports, due today, brought in buyers of South African gold mining shares and widespread improvements were shown.

Elsewhere prices remained steady in ible markets which way under the influence of the debate in parliament on foreign affairs.

Among industrials, there was some provincial demand for breweries, but other groups were without major alteration or interest.

Oils were generally firm with Anglo-Iranian Mexican Eagles and Anglo-Egyptians as bright spots.

Foreign Bonds were mainly steady, but there was slightly easier tendency in Japanese.

Madras Shares Slightly Easier

MADRAS, Jan. 27 (API): On Madras market slightly easier conditions were visible. Bank shares however were steady. Plantings were easier. In the textile group Coimbatore Pioneers lost Rs. 5 at 115 and Ranga Vilas 8 annas at 44. Others remained unchanged. Miscellaneous section came in for better attention today with Spencers business done at 11-12.

Following are today's quotations in the Madras Stock Market:—

Government of India Loan: Three per cent paper 9 98-12 Do. 1986 98-13 Do. 1970-75 100 Government of Travancore Loan three per cent 1952-54 102-6 Government of Madras Loan 1960 100-9.

BANKS: Travancore 19-8.

PLANTINGS: Balmadies 1-4 Blue Mountain 2-6 Chembra 4-10 Cochin Malabar 4-6 Devashola 18-2 Midland 5-6. Nelliampathy 1-5 Ouchterlony 5-7-6 Pullangode 1-2 Thirumbadi 2-6-6 T R and T Co. 6-6 Vaikundam 7-2.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 164 Do. Pref. 191 Cambodia 9-1-6 Combatore CM 107-8 Do. Pioneer 115 Do. Spg. 45 Lakshmi 64 Madura 64 Mettur 312-8 Radhakrishna 136-8 Rajalakshmi 56-8 Ranga Vilas 44 Trav. Rayons 4-13 Trichonopoly 11-8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 65 F A C T 5-1 India Cement 14-2 Mettur Chem. 8-3 Mysore Chem. Ferts. 7-2.

Ahmedabad Share Market

(from Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, January 27.

Market ruled steady. Today also Bombay operators tried to hammer Calico but offerings were well absorbed on rumour of a preference share of Rs. 125.

Calico opened 1,222, lowest 1.216 highest 1,232, closed 1,225.

Ambika opened 384, highest 385, lowest 381, closed 384.

Arvind opened 1,460 highest 1.464, lowest 1.458, closed 1,460.

Deferred opened 1.650, highest 1,642 lowest 1,633, closed 1,635.

Closidg quotations: Arvind 1,460, Ambika 384, Calico 1,225, deferred 1,635, Atul 42, Ashok 640.

Calicut Market

(From Our Correspondent)

CALICUT, January 27.

Coir yarn Beypore 135/145, Quilandy 145/155, Fibre Garbled 100, Ungarbled 09, Coconuts raw 170/175 Dry 160//165. Coconut oil 570, Copra Office 385, Dilpasand 390, Madras Nottam 410, Pepper Wynaad 1,125, Country 1,100. Dry Ginger Chernad 470, Ernad 440. Coffee Robusta 145. Timber Pali 60/70, Junglewood 30/35, Vella Pine 55/65, Benteak 40/50, Teak 750/20. Mango 3/3/4. Teak 10/17/8, Rosewood 10/20.

Saurashtra Market Quotations

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, January 27.

Rajkot Silver Maha 183/11, Rajkot Sugar Maha 92 8, Rajkot Aranda January 133 8 Dhoraji Silver Maha 184/8 Dhoraji Aranda January 133/10, Jamnagar Silver Pagan 182-4 Jamnagar Aranda Januar 133/10 Wadhwan Cotton Jeth 28.5, Wadhwan Sugar Vaisakh 15/13/6.

FIRST FORECAST OF AUTUMN RICE CROP OF WEST BENGAL

The total area under autumn rice crop in West Bengal is estimated at 1,421,300 acres this year compared to 1,465,300 acres (revised) in 1947-48 The outturn of this year is estimated at 80 per cent of the normal yield, almost the same as in 1947-48.

The rain fall was insufficient in most of the districts and consequently the acreage sown is less than the last year. The weather conditions have not generaly been favourable Owing to flood in the districts of Jalpaiguri and Maida, some crops were destroyed. The weather conditions have however been favourable in the districts of 24-Parganas, Bankura and Birbhum.

PRAYER AT RAJGHAT

H. E. Mr. Ismail Kamal Bey and H. E. Shri C. Rajagopalachari standing in prayer at Rajghat where the Egyptian Ambassador paid homage to Mahatma Gandhi's memory by placing a wreath of flowers.

ASOKA MEHTA SEES VITAL SHIFT IN GOVERNMENTS INDUSTRIAL POLICY

"Every Possibility Of 'Laissez-Faire' Replacing Planned Economy"

BOMBAY, Jan. 27. (U.P.I.): "The recent trends and developments go to suggest an important shift in the industrial policy of the Government of India. In place of planned economy, there is every possibility of 'laissez faire' economy being permitted to grow and expand," said Mr. Asoka Mehta, leader of the Socialist Party, in a statement to the press to-day.

"Even in those industries," Mr. Mehta continued, "where Government had reserved the right of expansion and development to themselves, there is now a tendency to permit private enterprise to play a growing part. In the regulation and control of industry, tremendous pressure is being brought to bear upon Government to make these regulations essentially negative in character. The industrialists do not hesitate to make full use of the Government to protect their interests but when it comes to regulatoin and control, they strive to have as few teeth as possible in the provisions of the regulations and make them more of a contingent threat than an everyday reality.

"The shift in the industrial policy is not likely to be expressed in a changed idiom but in changed accents, which in course of time will show itself to be a vital shift in the gear of the Government of India's industrial policy," Mr. Mehta stated.

"The Prime Minister is expected to make an important pronouncement on the import of foreign capital to India. The Indian industrialists are anxious for the free flow of foreign capital through private channels and are opposed to the State monopolising to itself the import of foreign capital. For such a monopoly, however advantageous to the people of India, would, by extending the section of nationalised economy, prove embarrassing to private industrialists.

"In the world in which we live today, a shift towards 'laissez faire' is bound to have far-reaching repercussions. It is for that reason that we have been suggesting for sometime that the Government of India should take over the British interests in India which would be compensated from our sterling balances in England. The nationalisation of British interests in the country not only would bring substantial revenues to the Indian Exchequer but would also enable the Government of India to control over 20 per cent of our industrial economy. If the shift in the industrial policy of the Government of India is permitted to come about, before long various controls will be relaxed and our economy will seek to gain health along the classic 'laissez-faire' lines, that is, more at the expense of the common people and less at the expense of industrialist and the enterpreneurs."

NEHRU AS DESTINY MAN

Holds Balance Of Power Between 'Blocs'

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26:

The "Baltimore Sun" in an editorial declared that the results of the Asian Conference on Indonesia indicated that in Pandit Nehru may reside the power of building a new bloc of nations "that some day may hold the balance of power between the Soviet and the Western world."

"Pandit Nehru, as the rest of the world is slowly realising, is much more than an Indian revolutionist who assumed the mantle of dignity when his country finally achieved independence", it said.

"Pandit Nehru is in many ways the most impresive statesman to emerge on the post-war scene. H. greatness is the greatness of a man who is neither exclusively oriental nor occidental, politician, nor asctic, highborn, nor dirt poor.

"Pandit Nehru is in part all of these things, and he speaks as a man who has straddled two worlds two philosophies and, two standards of living.

"The key to Nehru's greatness as a statesman is his ability to leave past conflicts behind him as he enters new situations."

JAPAN WILL NOT GO "RED"

NEW YORK, Jan. 27 (Reuter): General Douglas MacArthur, Allied Commander-in-Chief in Japan, described that country as a "frontier outpost of democratic freedom" in a message read to the Veteran5s Committee here.

The General told the Committee, holding a dinner to celebrate his 69th birthday, that Japan would not yield before "the political or social pressure of Communism or any other concept of enslavement, despite the tide of conflict on the adjacent mai land."

Communism had failed to find converts among responsible Japanese, the message said, although Communists had "complete freedom to propagate their cause under the protection of those very concepts which they seek to destroy."

Two Wheat Ships Arrive

BOMBAY, Jan. 26.

Two ships carrying 10,100 tons of wheat arrived at the Bombay Port on January 24, the "Angus Glen" brought 6,300 tons from the Argentine and the "King Alfred" 3,800 tons from the U.S.A.

15,000 TRACTORS FOR WASTE LAND RECLAMATION

How India Proposes To Spend Loan Of Rs. 150 Crores Obtained From World Bank

NEW DELHI, JAN. 27 (API): INDIA PROPOSES TO EARMARK A PART OF THE AGRICULTURAL LOAN OF RS. 150 CRORES WHICH SHE HAS, ASKED FOR FROM THE INTERNATIONAL BANK FOR THE PURPOSE OF OBTAINING ONE THOUSAND HEAVY TRACTORS AND 14,000 LIGHT TRACTORS, IT IS LEARNT HERE.

All the heavy tractors and the bulk of the light tractors are to be brought from the USA. Employing these tractors, India expects to reclaim 4.2 million acres of weed-infested land and over 2 million acres of new land in the course of the next 6 years. Although when this has been done, only one tenth of the total cultivable land in the country, now lying uncultivated, will have been brought under the plough, it is expected that India will have provided for her pre-war annual shortage of over 2 million tons of foodgrains. The food deficit in the country in recent years has, it is pointed out, been higher than this figure in recent years.

Details of how India proposes to spend the loan obtained from the International Bank are to be communicated to the International Bank Mission, now in Delhi, studying conditions in the country prior to the granting of the loan by the Bank.

Mr. Gil Martin, Agricultural Expert member of the Mission yesterday accompanied the Food Minister, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram to Alwar where he saw resettled refugees reclaiming land using tractors. The Secretary and Joint Secretary of the Agricultural Department, Mr. K. L. Panjabi, and Mr. S. Y. Krishnaswamy also accompanied the Food Minister.

RESULTS ACHIEVED BY TRACTOR FARMING

The Food Minister, whose visit synchronised with the celebration of "Remembrance Day" in Alwar was given an account of the results achieved by tractor farming by the refugees.

The Food Minister was told that it was proposed to integrate the working of the tractor organisation with the multi-purpose village co-operative societies now being organised in the Matsya Union.

The C T O while sending out the tractors also provide each tractor with a trained engine driver, who is also a refugee as far as possible.

It was stated that although India has already begun to manufacture the mechanical plough, the engine for the tractor as yet to be imported. Mr. Sethi envisaged the possibility of India, progressively, building up assembling factories and ultimately manufacturing the whole tractor in India.

INDONESIA THANKS NEHRU

Expects Acceptance Of Delhi Recommendations By U. N.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27. (U.P.I.): The Indonesian Republican Emergency Government, in a message to Pandit Nehru, Chairman of the Asian Conference, has expressed her gratitude on the decisions taken by the conference held in New Delhi recently.

The message says: "The Indonesian Republican Emergency Government fully acknowledges the essense of the resolution of the Asian Conference on Indonesia, although this resolution does not fully meet our expectations especially regarding the de jure recognition, as such recognition is regarded as the best safeguard against the Dutch from attacking the Republic under the cover of internal affairs.

The maintenance of solidarity with countries attending the conference is also the main reason for the Indonesian Republican Emergency Government to accept the decision with full responsibility. The Indonesian Republican Government thank you and all attending countries. I do hope this decision will be accepted by the Security Council as a minimum basis for a solution. If less, it is difficult for us to accept".

Dr. Soedarsono, Republican Representative in India, said: "We may expect that the Security Council will accept all the recommendations of the Asian Conference".

Special Postal Marks For Night Airmail Service

NEW DELHI, Jan. 27.

To commemorate the inauguration of the night airmail service, a cachet bearing the words "Inland Night Air Mail—Inauguration—January 30, 1949" will be impressed on articles intended for despatch by this service.

The inaugural flights will start on the 30th night by planes leaving from Nagpur for Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta and Madras.

The wealth of nations **No.1.EGYPT**

Three thousand years ago Egypt was a great and prosperous nation. The Pharaohs had great wealth. The land was rich in agricultural produce and the Egyptians led in science and the arts. Painting and sculpture, chemistry and astronomy, engineering and architecture were highly developed. The people contributed largely to this greatness of the Land of the Nile.

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"GANDHIJI IS DEAD, BUT HIS IDEALS MUST LIVE"

Rajendra Babu On Objects Of National Memorial Fund

WARDHA, JAN. 27 (UPI): APROPOS THE OBJECTS FOR WHICH THE GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND WILL BE USED, DR. RAJENDRA PRASAD HAS ISSUED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:—

"ENQUIRIES HAVE BEEN RECEIVED FROM TIME TO TIME CONCERNING THE OBJECTS FOR WHICH THE GANDHI NATIONAL MEMORIAL FUND WILL BE USED. THE MATTER WAS DISCUSSED AT A SPECIAL MEETING CONVENED BY THE PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE OF THE FUND ON THE 7TH DECEMBER WHERE IT WAS DECIDED THAT THE INCOME OF THE FUND AND ALSO THE CORPUS OR ANY PART OF IT SHALL BE USED FOR ALL OR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CHARITABLE OBJECTS AND PURPOSES:

(I) Conduct and promotion of the manifold constructive activities with which Mahatma Gandhi was associated during his life-time, and any other activities in furtherance of his high ideals, including such activities as would conduce to the general welfare and uplift of poor and needy persons in India.

(II) Establishment and maintenance of organisations, ashrams, and or institutions of any kind, including educational institutions, connected with any of the aforesaid activities.

(III) Establishment and maintenance, for the benefit of the poor, of homes for women and children, hospitals and charitable dispensaries maternity homes, child welfare centres and other institutions of similar nature such as ante-natal and post-natal clinics, convalescent homes and sanatoria.

(IV) Provision of Sanitary facilities and promoting of preventive and other measures affecting the health of the people, specially in rural and poverty-stricken areas of India.

(V) Measures for the prevention and cure of leprosy including the establishment of leper colonies and other allied institutions as well as research centres.

(VI) Promotion and encouragement of education particularly Basic Education (Nai Talim), training of children and adults for citizenship and of women in domestic science and training in handicrafts, cottage industries and other useful crafts and arts amongst the population of India, specially in the rural areas.

(VII) Collections, preservation and publication of Mahatma Gandhi's writings and teachings in various languages, study and propagation of his message and teachings of truth, non-violence, world peace and fellowship, and maintenance of study centres and libraries for such purposes.

(VIII) To maintain a museum, where various relics, objects of veneration, books, articles and things connected with Mahatma Gandhi may be preserved.

(IX) Preservation and protection of various places associated with Mahatma Gandhi's work and life.

(X) Training of men and women for carrying out any of the aforesaid activities.

(XI) Rendering help, by grant and contribution, to any existing institutions or nstitutions established hereafter, which may be carrying on or which undertake to carry on in the country, more specially in the rural areas, work falling within all or any of the objects mentioned in the above sub-clauses (I) to (X).

(XII) Any other activity incidental or germane to the aforesaid objects.

All activities, ashrams, institutions and organisations maintained or assisted from the fund shall, as far as possible, be conducted in consonance with the ideals and methods associated with the name of Mahatma Gandhi and no discrimination shall be permitted therein on grounds of caste, creed or sex.

It has further been decided that a sum approximating 75 per cent of the total collections made from any province or state be set apart to be spent in that province or state, care being taken to see that the needs of the various districts therein are equitably met. In the case of collections made in a large city, however, the trustees will have discretionary power to allot to the central fund more than 25 per cent of such collections. As announced in earlier statements any donations earmarked and accepted for any purposes falling within the aforesaid objects shall be used for such objects".

HUTMENTS AT WORLI BEING PULLED DOWN

THE TWO PICTURES ON TOP SHOW MUNICIPAL AUTHORITIES GIVING INSTRUCTIONS TO THEIR MEN TO PULL DOWN ABOUT 450 HUTMENTS AT THE FOOT OF WORLI HILL (LEFT) AND THE DEMOLISHED PARTS BEING CARRIED AWAY (RIGHT) IN THE THIRD PICTURE (LEFT) A SOLITARY WOMAN IS SEEN COLLECTING HER SCATTERED GOODS.

3,000 Industrial Workers Rendered Homeless

OVER 450 HUTMENTS AT WORLI PULLED DOWN

BOMBAY, Thursday.—About 450 working-class huts near the Worli hills situated on plots belonging to Bombay Municipality were pulled down by the city police on the instructions of the Municipal authorities, rendering homeless about 3,000 industrial workers.

The police, it is said, asked the tenants to vacate the huts and thereafter pulled down all the huts and made a big bonfire of them.

Thousands of families, rendered homeless, consisting of women and children were seen squatting outside the huts.

According to the Municipal authorities, the tenants were served with proper notice to quit as the site had already been sold to a private party. Therefore, they maintain that the tenants were in unauthorised occupation of the premises.

At a meeting of the dishoused workers a resolution was passed protesting against the high-handed action taken by the Municipality in forcibly ejecting the occupants, thus rendering utterly helpless and shelterless. By another resolution Government was requested to intervene in the matter and render all possible help in providing them with alternate accommodation.

A deputation on behalf of the ejected tenants met Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, in the afternoon and represented their grievances.

The Home Minister, it is learnt, expressed Government's inability to intervene in the matter as it was entirely the concern of the Bombay Municipality.

BALANCED BUDGET FOR SAURASHTRA

Finance Minister's Figures At Press Conference

RAJKOT, Jan. 26 (API).—Releasing the first budget for Saurashtra—for the year 1948-49—this afternoon at a press conference, Mr. Jagjivandas Parikh, Finance Minister of Saurashtra, said that though the year was an abnormal one and they were faced with such acute scarcity conditions in some parts of Saurashtra as were not known for the last so many years, the financial position of the State was sound and satisfactory.

Mr. Parikh said that considerably increased funds—23.4 per cent had been provided for Education, Medical Aid, Public Health, Industries, Rural Development and Irrigation.

Loss of revenue due to abolition of all levies on cultivators except land revenue, and conversion of assessment in kind into assessment in cash amounted to 40 lakhs in the current year and will increase in the next year as the land revenue would be collected according to the revised policy during both the seasons. The Government have also abolished all internal export duties as well as export duties on all articles except groundnut, groundnut oil, oil cakes and vegetable oil. This meant a loss of revenue by 20 lakhs of rupees.

The increased cost on account of new scales of pay and enhanced rates of dearness allowance of the lower paid Government servants was estimated to be about one crore of rupees, Mr. Parikh concluded.

The total balances which came over to Saurashtra after the unification amounted to Rs. 12 crores forty-two lacs, the Minister revealed. The total expenditure amounted to six crores and seventy lakhs.

Over and above the expenditure on food subsidies was estimated at Rs. one crore and thirty-eight lakhs, out of which Rs. 38 lakhs would be borne by the Government of India.

As regards the receipt side, the total revenue could not be accurately estimated, because the amount that Saurashtra should get as compensation for the surrender of Sea Customs was yet to be settled with Government of India.

Excluding Customs, receipts would be in the order of four crores and sixty-four lakhs.

"The Saurashtra Government have claimed customs compensation of four to five crores. Thus the total receipts should be between eight and half and nine and half crores.

"Even if we were to take a pessimistic view of things and our expectations were not fully realised, it would not be unreasonable to hope that our total receipts will not be less than our total expenditure", he asserted.

SCARCITY TOLL

Mr. Parikh said that the total loss estimated in land revenue due to scarcity conditions would be Rs. sixty lakhs. Over this ten lakhs of rupees would be lost in export duties on groundnuts and its products due to failure of crops. Upto March 31, 1949 an expenditure of 46 lakhs will be incurred under the head Famine and another 15 lakhs for lift irrigation schemes to alleviate the famine conditions.

The Finance Minister pointed out that in a normal year, the State's financial position would improve to the extent of Rs. two crores and thirty lakhs.

"LET ALL WORK TO REALISE GANDHIJI'S IDEAL OF SARVODAYA"

This Is Only Way To Do Honour To Leader's Memory, Says Primier Kher

The Premier of Bomoay, Mr. B. G. Kher, has issued the following appeal in connection with the observance of the first anniversary of the death of Mahatma Gandhi on Sunday, Jan. 30, 1948, as Sarvodaya Day:

"One year has passed since Mahatma Gandhi passed away. He never wasted even a single minute. With him work was prayer and prayer, work. We should take stock on this occasion and think whether we spent it [illegible] dear to his heart.

"The Congress Working Committee has directed that this first anniversary of the death of our great leader, who led us to freedom through truth and non-violence, should be solemnly observed all over the country as "Sarvodaya Day" in a prayerful manner worthy of his sacred and living memory and that our programme should include sacrificial spinning and social service. In the message that is to be read out on the day, the Committee has stressed the teaching of Mahatmaji that service should be directed more specially towards promoting unity and goodwill among all the people of India, abolishing class distinctions as well as those based on birth, caste or religion, and working for a classless society in a peaceful manner. Above all, we must insist on adherence, at all cost and in all circumstances, to the ideals which he practised and which give meaning to life.

"On this sacred day, while paying homage to the great spirit that will guide us no more in flesh, let us dedicate ourselves anew to service of our people and humanity in the light of his noble teachings. Let us solemnly resolve to carry them out with all earnestness, so that his ideal of "Sarvodaya" may soon be fully realised throughout Free India. There is no other way of doing honour to his memory."

Maharaj Singh's Support To Premier's Appeal

BOMBAY, Jan. 27 (API): The Governor of Bombay Raja Maharaj Singh today appealed to the people to resolve on the occasion of the first anniversary of the death of Mahatma Gandhi to "carry out the ideals which Mahatma Gandhi not only preached but practised".

His Excellency said: "I heartily support the appeal recently issued by the Hon. Premier of the Government of Bombay in connection with the observance of the first anniversary of the passing away of Mahatma Gandhi Lip service to the Mahatma and to his memory is of little use. I feel that each of us, high or low, poor or well-to-do, should resolved to the best of our humble capacity to carry out the ideals which Mahatma Gandhi not only preached but practised".

Gandhi Statue On Juhu Foreshore

On Sunday, the 30th instant, the first anniversary day of the passing away of Mahatma Gandhi, a statue of Mahatma Gandhi will be unveiled on the Juhu foreshore (Flying Gap) by Shri B. G. Kher, the Premier of Bombay. His Excellency Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, the Governor of Bombay, will preside. The programme which commences at 4 p.m. consists of prayers and "bhajans" and the reading of the Congress message to the country.

PRAYERS FOR GANDHIJI

Bapsey Sabavala writes:—

Prayers for Gandhiji have been held on the 30th of every month throughout 1948 at 27 Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, when all communities have met in good fellowship. On the 30th Jan. the anniversary day, there will be general prayers and music.

Two Governors Take Part In Sacrificial Spinning

NAGPUR, Jan. 27 (API): A stirring call to the people to follow in the footsteps of Mahatma Gandhi and take to constructive work in right earnest was made by His Excellency Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor of C. P. and Berar, inaugurating the 80-hour non-stop spinning "yagna" at the Ranka Colony this morning.

Addressing the 200 and odd participants in the "yagna", His Excellency exhorted them to remember Gandhiji, the apostle of truth and non-violence, all the time they were engaged in spinning, as the solution of the present ills lay in following the path of Gandhiji.

His Excellency as also the Governor of West Bengal, Dr. K. N. Katju, participated in the spinning for 10 minutes, during which time complete silence was observed in memory of Gandhiji.

DR. RAJENDRA PRASAD'S MESSAGE

NAGPUR, Jan. 27 (UPI): Dr. Rajendra Prasad has sent a message to the 80-hour non-stop Suta Yagna, which began this morning and will end on the evening of Jan. 30.

In the course of his message, Dr. Rajendra Prasad says that he is very glad to know that on the occasion of the first anniversary of Gandhiji's death a programme of 80-hour non-stop spinning has been planned. "This will be the culminating point of the spinning Yagna, which you have performed for the last one year by mass spinning each Friday. You have done well in following an impressive and effective item of constructive work, I also hope that sustained interest of this kind in constructive programme will be maintained and the good work done hitherto will be continued".

GOVIND DAS' ADVICE TO CONGRESSMEN

BOMBAY, Thursday.

An appeal to Congressmen all over India to root out corruption and nepotism both in administrative machinery and in the political set-up of the country and to strive ceaselessly to serve the country with selfless devotion was made by Seth Govind Das, President of the Mahakosal Provincial Congress Committee, in the course of his speech at a tea party given by Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, at the Congress House this evening.

Seth Govind Das said that this growing tendency among Congressmen these days to seek jobs and membership of legislatures or municipalities had been responsible to a large extent in bringing down fair name of the Indian National Congress, which had led the freedom's struggle of the people of India. He made an impassioned appeal to all Congressmen in the country to reflect on this evil tendency and asked them in the name of Mahatma Gandhi, who had set such a noble example to serve the country with devotion as true servants of the people.

Seth Govind Das, however, was confident that the Congress with that lofty tradition behind it never degraded itself as an organisation of the common people of India.

Mr. S. K. Patil, welcoming Seth Govind Das said that as long as such true servants of the Congress were in the midst of them, Congressmen need not get dismayed about the future of the country.

NEW YORK, Jan. 26 (UPA): Charles E. Campbell has been elected Secretary of United Press Associations, Hugh Baillie, President of United Press announced today. He succeeds the late Robert H. Pancher.

SELFLESS SERVICE IS THE ONLY KEY TO HAPPINESS

Dr. Katju's Address At Nagpur University Convocation

NAGPUR, Jan. 27 (UPI): His Excellency Dr. K. N. Katju, Governor of West Bengal, delivering the annual convocation of the Nagpur University today called upon the students to consider what their duties were as citizens of a free India and, keeping in view errors into which their ancestors fell in bygone days, to shape their own course profiting by the lessons of history so that they may protect the freedom of their country and enhance its glory and prestige to their own heart's desire.

"NOT A METHOD TO ACQUIRE POWER"

"Service of others in a disinterested way", he said, "is the essence of our doctrine, not as a method to acquire power but as the true way to personal happiness. That is the ancient teaching and it was because Gandhiji practised it in his own life and set the same ideal before his countrymen at large that he has become immortal. Gandhiji's personal contribution to the advancement of the welfare of mankind was his endeavour to extend the theory and practice of non-violence not only to the individual but also to nations. Common people all over the world having passed through the devastating fire of two world wars and terrified by the prospect, in the near future, of a third one, are turning more and more to Gandhiji's teaching as the way to deliverance".

NATIONAL LANGUAGE

Referring to the national language controversy in the country, Dr. Katju said that the only language which held the field was Sanskrit and no other. He suggested that an intensive study of Sanskrit in all universities would not only develop enormously the various regional languages but also lead to an agreed solution of this vexed problem.

He said: "I have no doubt in my mind that if we were to make a serious all-India effort to spread the knowledge of Sanskrit in our schools and colleges, then different regional languages will become so strongly Sanskritised that almost voluntarily a national language would emerge for the general acceptance. A national language must rest either on official pressure or popular backing. Further, in a solution of this question regard must be had to the deep attachment of the people for their own regional languages, and unhealthy rivalries should be avoided, otherwise there is a grave danger that a national language, instead of being an instrument for promoting our solidarity, may become a cause for deep internal controversies".

EDUCATION SEED OF GOOD LIFE

His Excellency Sri Mangaldas Pakvasa, Governor of C. P. and Berar, addressing the convocation said: "Education is the seed and root of good life. If the educator, like the cultivator, does not put in good seed or root, he cannot hope to reap sweet and wholesome fruit and flower from education".

Unless, therefore, he added, the educationists taught the younger generations along right and righteous lines, the mistakes and wrong lines of the past modes of education would not be corrected and there would be no bright prospect for a happy life.

His Excellency emphasised that one of the aims of true education should be to form character of boys and girls.

The C. P. Governor concluded: "We have to perform our duties in this world and it is the knowledge of how to perform them properly and the ability to perform them that will raise our people to such a height amongst the nations of the world, that it will serve as a model for them to imitate and follow".

BRITISH LOCOMOTIVES FOR INDIA

LONDON (By Cable).

The Baroda State Railway has placed an order with the British firm of W. G. Bagnall, Ltd., for ten "ZB" class, 2 feet 6 inches guage locomotives, reports "British Engineering".

Another order received from the same railway company earlier was for seven "A" class, meter-guage, locos. Four "W" clas, 2 feet 6 inches locos ordered previously by the same company have been completed and despatched to India.—(London Press Service).

MUTT AND JEFF—Evidently Jeff Is A Wee Bit Skeptical

By BUD FISHER

WELL, HOW DO YOU LIKE IT?
WHAT IS IT?
WHAT IS IT? IT'S A PAINTING I MADE! CAN'T YOU SEE HOW REAL IT LOOKS?
IT HAS DEPTH! IT LOOKS JUST LIKE YOU CAN WALK RIGHT UP THAT ROAD!
?
BUT YA CAN'T— CAN YA?

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